# IXOLAR<sup>™</sup> High Efficiency SolarMD.

## Description

**3 ANYSOLAR** 

TOTAL SOLAR SYSTEM

IXOLAR<sup>™</sup> SolarMD is an ANYSOLAR product line of Solar Module made of monocrystalline, high efficiency solar cells. The IXOLAR<sup>™</sup> SolarMD is an ideal for charging various battery powered and handheld consumer products such as mobile phones, cameras, PDAs, MP3-Players and toys. They are also suitable for industrial applications such as wireless sensors, portable instrumentation and for charging emergency backup batteries.

With a cell efficiency of typically 25%, SolarMD gives the ability to extend run time even in "low light" conditions and increase battery life and run time in a small footprint, which can be easily accommodated in the design of portable products. The design allows connecting SolarMD flexibly in series and/or parallel to perfectly meet the custom-specific application's power requirements.

IXOLAR<sup>™</sup> products have a very good photonic response over a wide range of wavelength and therefore can be used in both indoor and outdoor applications.

### **Product and Ordering Information**

Part Number	Open Circuit	Short Circuit	Typ. Voltage	Typ. Current
	Voltage [V]	Current [mA]	@ P <sub>mpp</sub> [V]	@ Pmpp[mA]
SM531K10TF	6.91	218	5.58	205

(Parameters given are typical values) Dimensions (L x W x H): 89 x 65 x 1.2  $\pm$ 0.3 [mm] SolarMD Weight: 12.4 grams Storage Temperature: -40°C ~ +90°C Operation Temperature: -40°C ~ +90°C SolarMD is compliant to the RoHS Norm.

### **SolarMD Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Cell Parameter	Typical Ratings *)	Units
Voc	open circuit voltage	6.91	V
lsc	short circuit current	218	mA
V <sub>mpp</sub>	voltage at max. power point	5.58	V
Impp	current at max. power point	205	mA
P <sub>mpp</sub>	maximum peak power	1141	mW
FF	fill factor	> 70	%
η	solar cell efficiency	25	%
$\Delta V_{\text{oc}}/\Delta T$	open circuit voltage temp. coefficient	-17.4	mV/K
ΔJsc/ΔT	short circuit current temp. coefficient	98.5	uA/K

#### Features

- Monocrystalline silicon technology
- High efficiency outdoor and indoor
- · Long life and stable output
- High mechanical robustness

#### Applications

- Battery chargers for portables such as cell
- phones, PDAs, GPS-Systems, ...
- "Green" electricity generation
- Power backup for UPS, Sensors, Wearables

#### Advantages

- One Product for Multiple Applications
- Flexible Integration into the Application

\*) All values measured at Standard Condition: 1 sun (= 1000 W/m²), Air Mass 1.5, 25°C

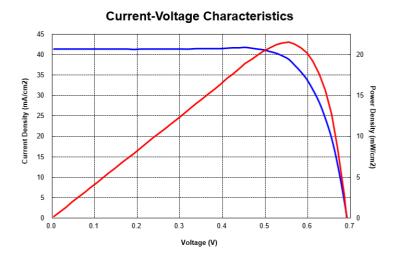
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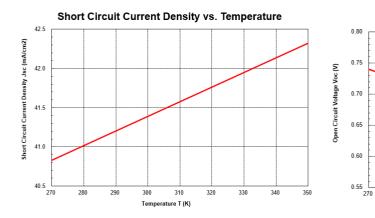
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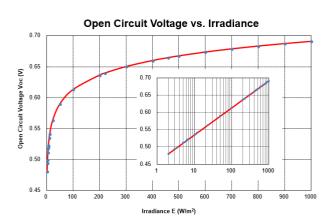
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# **Typical SolarMD Performance Data**







External Quantum Efficiency

310

rature T (K)

320

330

340

350

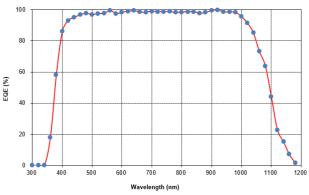
300

Temp

280

290

Open Circuit Voltage vs. Temperature



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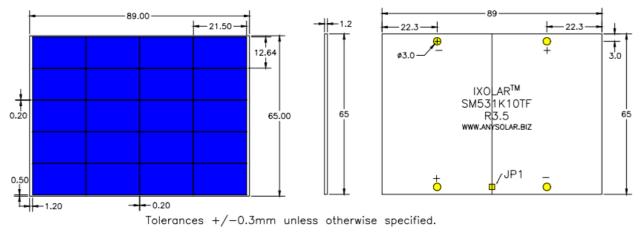
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### Package front-side and back-side view. (dimensions in millimeters)

Front-side View details

**Back-side View details** 

#### Moisture Sensitivity, Soldering and Washing Information

ANYSOLAR has characterized the moisture reflow sensitivity of the film laminated SolarMD. Moisture uptake from atmospheric humidity occurs by diffusion. During the soldering process to the electrode, the combination of moisture uptake and high temperature soldering may lead to moisture induced delamination and cracking of the component. To avoid this, this component must be handled with care when soldering. The film laminated SolarMD is not recommended for high temperature surface mount soldering reflow. SolarMD is encapsulated with EVA and polymer film by the lamination and thus excessively high temperatures soldering reflow is prohibited.

Instead, manual soldering is recommended for 2 sec below 260°C. Delamination or blistering may sometimes be seen during manual soldering, then the part has most likely already absorbed moisture. In this case, prebaking is recommended in a dry oven at 140°C for 1 hour to avoid potential blistering or delamination. ANYSOLAR does not recommend the use of chlorine-based solvents for washing.

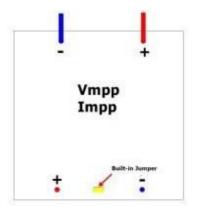
#### ★IF YOU HAVE ANY DIFFICULTIES WITH SOLDERING, PLEASE CONTACT US AT THE EMAIL;

#### techdevelop@anysolar.biz

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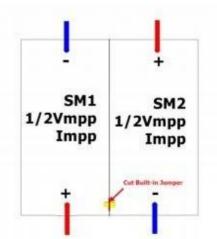


## Application of SM531K10TF in three modes.



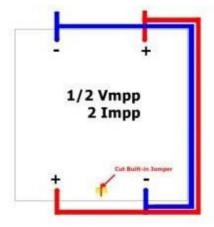
### Mode 1: SM531K10TF

- Remain a built-in Jumper
- Use a module as a whole
- Use two terminals only
- Output: Vmpp, Impp just as a SM531K10L



Mode 2: Two individual sub modules

- Disconnect a built-in Jumper
- Use a module as two separate submodules
- Use two terminals in each submodule
- Output: Two separate 1/2Vmpp, Impp



Mode 3: Two sub modules in parallel

- Disconnect a built-in Jumper
- · Use a module as two separate submodules but connect in

parallel by external circuitry

Output: 1/2Vmpp, 2Impp as a module

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# Background

Some basic information needs to be covered to better understand what to expect in terms of the SolarMD's performance with regards to solar cell type, lighting conditions in terms of power density, and general industry standards as they relate to battery charging.

# Solar Cell Types

Keep in mind these cost and performance tradeoffs when comparing various solar cell materials:

<u>Polycrystalline</u> cells are commonly found in outdoor applications and have a spectral sensitivity range of 500nm to 1100nm. They're in the medium price range and typically offer a 13% power conversion efficiency.

<u>Monocrystalline</u> cells, such as the ANYSOLAR SolarMD, have a spectral sensitivity range from 300 nm (near-ultraviolet) to 1100 nm (near-infrared), which includes visible light (400 to 700 nm). Due to this wide spectral range, they can be used in both indoor and outdoor applications. Monocrystalline or single-crystalline material is the most expensive but it does not contain impurities, and as such the power conversion efficiency does not degrade over operating time. The power conversion efficiency of commercially available monocrystalline cells ranges from 15 to 25%. The surface of these cells is a homogenous dark blue or dark grey.

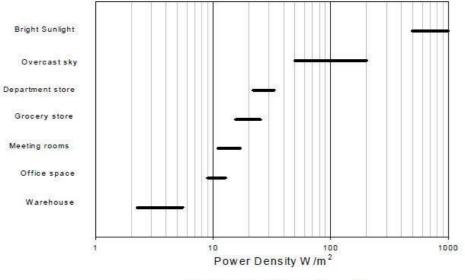
Finally, <u>amorphous</u> cells, which work in the spectral range of 300nm to 600nm, are used predominantly indoors in products such as solar powered calculators since they are not sensitive to the upper light spectrum and cannot take advantage of natural sunlight. They offer about 5% power conversion efficiency and are mostly used with ultra low power devices like clocks and electronic calculators. Amorphous cells, like polycrystalline cells, suffer from efficiency degradation.



# SolarMD Description

SolarMD is made of monocrystalline, high-efficiency solar cells in a surface mountable package. They're robust and can be used in harsh environments. Solar cells used in SolarMD have a very high (25%) power conversion efficiency, which means that 25% of the light energy is converted into electrical energy. They're extremely useful in applications requiring solar power generation in a limited space.

Monocrystalline cells can be used in indoor and outdoor applications because they have a wide spectral sensitivity, 300 to 1100 nm. However, the output power of a solar cell is proportional (over a wide range) to the incoming light energy, and irradiance is generally much higher outdoors. The values in the data sheet are measured at "standard condition" of 1 sun, which is equal to 1000W per square meter sunlight irradiance at a defined light spectrum (air mass of 1.5) and 25°C cell temperature.



Relative Light Power Densities

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# **Relative Lighting Power Density**

The figure above compares relative power density for various lighting conditions in units of Watts per square meter ( $W/m^2$ ). The reference standard condition is 1 Sun and is equal to 1000 Watts per square meter of sunlight irradiance at a constant 25°C cell temperature and at 1.5 Air Mass (Air Mass stands for a well defined light spectrum which appears if the sunlight goes through the earth's atmosphere at a defined angle).

As the chart clearly shows, the power density of typical indoor lighting is dramatically lower than that of sunlight. Not only is irradiance from indirect and artificial light lower; the spectrum is also narrower. In typical Office Space lighting with a spectrum produced from incandescent or halogen light bulbs, the power output may be roughly 100 times less than bright sunlight. It may be 200 to 500 times less with fluorescent lighting due to the further limited spectrum.

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