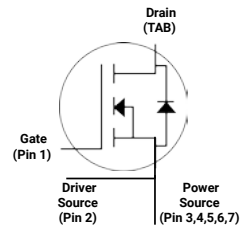
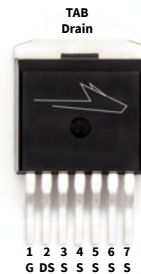


# C3M0032120J1

## Silicon Carbide Power C3M™ MOSFET Technology N-Channel Enhancement Mode

### Features

- 3rd generation Silicon Carbide (SiC) MOSFET technology
- Optimized package with separate driver source pin
- High blocking voltage with low on-resistance
- High-speed switching with low capacitances
- Fast intrinsic diode with low reverse recovery ( $Q_{rr}$ )
- Halogen free, RoHS compliant



Wolfspeed, Inc. is in the process of rebranding its products and related materials pursuant to the entity name change from Cree, Inc. to Wolfspeed, Inc. During this transition period, products received may be marked with either the Cree name and/or logo or the Wolfspeed name and/or logo.

Part Number	Package	Marking
C3M0032120J1	TO 263-7L XL	C3M0032120J1

### Applications

- Solar inverters
- EV motor drive
- High voltage DC/DC converters
- Switched mode power supplies
- Load switch

### Benefits

- Reduce switching losses and minimize gate ringing
- Higher system efficiency
- Reduce cooling requirements
- Increase power density
- Increase system switching frequency

### Key Parameters

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit	Conditions	Note
Drain - Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$			1200	V	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	
Maximum Gate - Source Voltage	$V_{GS(max)}$	-8		+19		Transient	
Operational Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS op}$		-4/15			Static	Note 1
DC Continuous Drain Current	$I_D$			68	A	$V_{GS} = 15\text{ V}, T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}, T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$	Fig. 19
				44		$V_{GS} = 15\text{ V}, T_c = 100^\circ\text{C}, T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$	Note 2
Pulsed Drain Current	$I_{DM}$			120		$t_{Pmax}$ limited by $T_{Jmax}$ $V_{GS} = 15\text{ V}, T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Fig. 22
Power Dissipation	$P_D$			277	W	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	Fig. 20
Operating Junction Temperature	$T_J$			-40 to +175	$^\circ\text{C}$		
Case and Storage Temperature	$T_c, T_{stg}$			-40 to 150			
Solder Temperature	$T_L$			260		According to JEDEC J-STD-020	

Note (1): Recommended turn-on gate voltage is 15V with  $\pm 5\%$  regulation tolerance, see Application Note PRD-04814 for additional details

Note (2): Verified by design


**Electrical Characteristics** ( $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	Note
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	1200	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	Fig. 11
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	1.8	2.7	3.6		$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 11.5\text{ mA}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	
		—	2.2	—		$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 11.5\text{ mA}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$	—	1	50	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{DS} = 1200\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	
Gate-Source Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	—	10	250	nA	$V_{GS} = 15\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	23	32	43	m $\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 41.4\text{ A}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Fig. 4, 5, 6
		—	55	—		$V_{GS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 41.4\text{ A}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	
Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	—	25	—	S	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, I_{DS} = 41.4\text{ A}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Fig. 7
			24			$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, I_{DS} = 41.4\text{ A}, T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$	
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	—	3424	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 1000\text{ V}$ $f = 100\text{ kHz}$ $V_{AC} = 25\text{ mV}$	Fig. 17, 18
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$	—	133	—			
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	—	11	—			
Output Capacitance Stored Energy	$E_{oss}$	—	72	—	$\mu\text{J}$		Fig. 16
Turn-On Switching Energy (Body Diode FWD)	$E_{on}$	—	360	—	$\mu\text{J}$	$V_{DS} = 800\text{ V}, V_{GS} = -4\text{ V}/15\text{ V},$ $I_D = 41.4\text{ A}, R_{G(ext)} = 2.5\text{ }\Omega,$ $L = 99\text{ }\mu\text{H}$	Fig. 26
Turn-Off Switching Energy (Body Diode FWD)	$E_{off}$	—	90	—			
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	—	15	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}, V_{GS} = -4\text{ V}/15\text{ V}$ $I_D = 41.4\text{ A}, R_{G(ext)} = 2.5\text{ }\Omega,$ $L = 99\text{ }\mu\text{H}$ Timing relative to $V_{DS}$ Inductive load	Fig. 27
Rise Time	$t_r$	—	16	—			
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$	—	25	—			
Fall Time	$t_f$	—	7	—			
Internal Gate Resistance	$R_{G(int)}$	—	1.6	—	$\Omega$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}, V_{AC} = 25\text{ mV}$	
Gate to Source Charge	$Q_{gs}$	—	40	—	nC	$V_{DS} = 800\text{ V}, V_{GS} = -4\text{ V}/15\text{ V}$ $I_D = 41.4\text{ A}$ Per IEC60747-8-4 pg 21	Fig. 12
Gate to Drain Charge	$Q_{gd}$	—	28	—			
Total Gate Charge	$Q_g$	—	111	—			



## Reverse Diode Characteristics ( $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

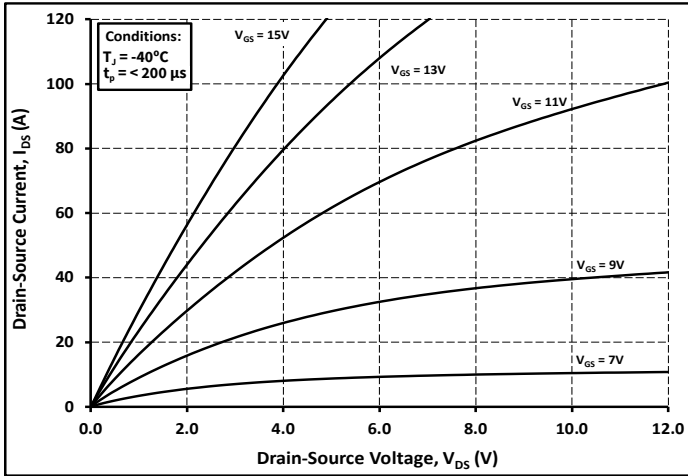
Parameter	Symbol	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	Notes
Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{SD}$	5.0	—	V	$V_{GS} = -4\text{ V}$ , $I_{SD} = 20\text{ A}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Fig. 8, 9, 10
Diode Forward Voltage		4.5	—			
Continuous Diode Forward Current	$I_S$	—	49	A	$V_{GS} = -4\text{ V}$ , $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_{SD} = 20\text{ A}$ ,	Note 1
Diode Pulse Current	$I_{S, \text{pulse}}$	—	120		$V_{GS} = -4\text{ V}$ , pulse width $t_p$ limited by $T_{J, \text{max}}$	Note 1
Reverse Recovery Time	$t_{rr}$	13	—	ns	$V_{GS} = -4\text{ V}$ , $I_{SD} = 41.4\text{ A}$ , $V_R = 800\text{ V}$ , $di_F/dt = 7450\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ , $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	Note 1
Reverse Recovery Charge	$Q_{rr}$	323	—	nC		
Peak Reverse Recovery Current	$I_{RRM}$	45	—	A		
Reverse Recovery Time	$t_{rr}$	18	—	ns	$V_{GS} = -4\text{ V}$ , $I_{SD} = 41.4\text{ A}$ , $V_R = 800\text{ V}$ , $di_F/dt = 2200\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ , $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	Note 1
Reverse Recovery Charge	$Q_{rr}$	164	—	nC		
Peak Reverse Recovery Current	$I_{RRM}$	16	—	A		

## Thermal Characteristics

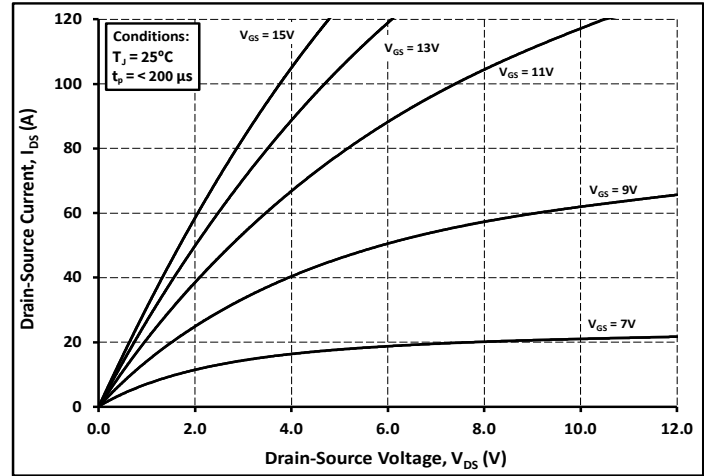
Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit	Note
Thermal Resistance from Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.45	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	Fig. 21
Thermal Resistance From Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	40		



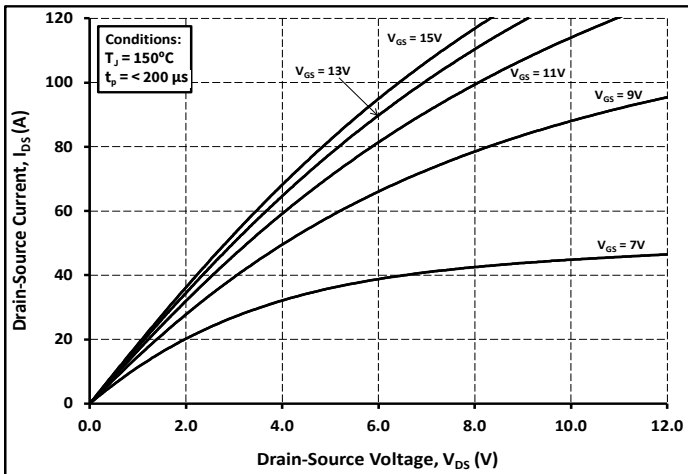
## Typical Performance



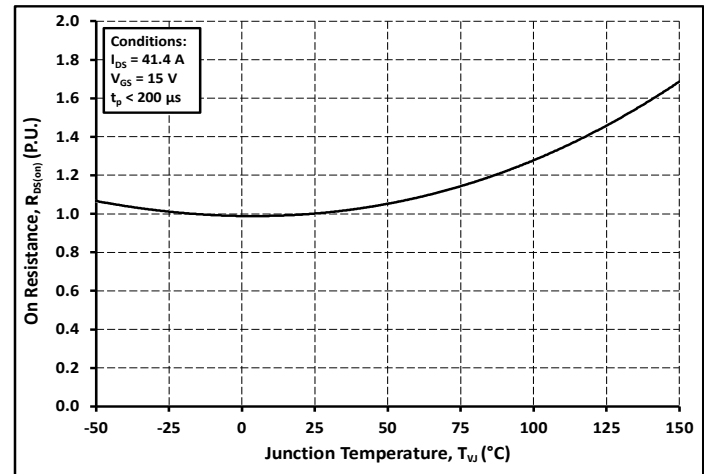
**Figure 1.** Output Characteristics  $T_j = -40^\circ\text{C}$



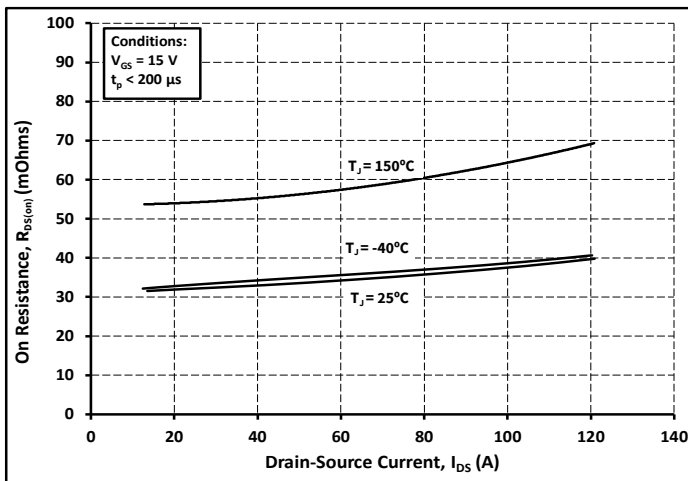
**Figure 2.** Output Characteristics  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$



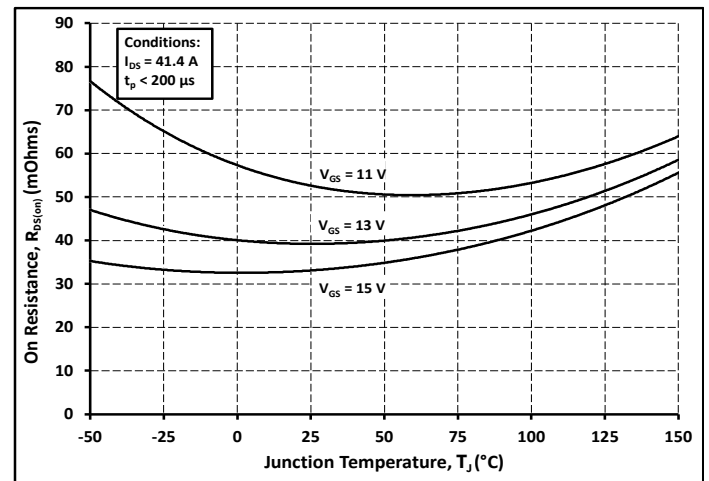
**Figure 3.** Output Characteristics  $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$



**Figure 4.** Normalized On-Resistance vs Temperature

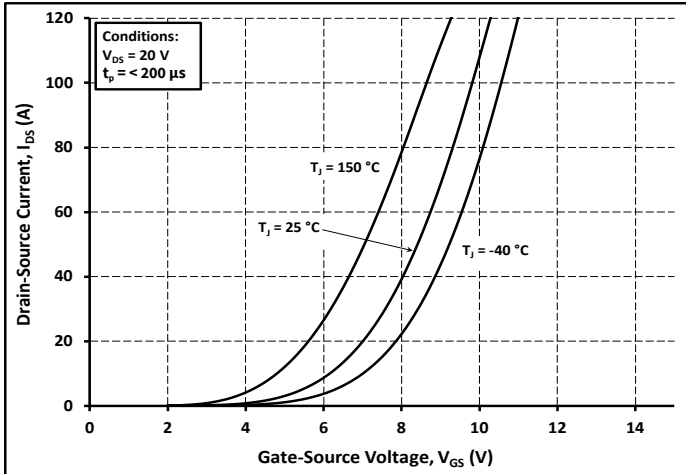


**Figure 5.** On-Resistance vs Drain Current  
For Various Temperatures

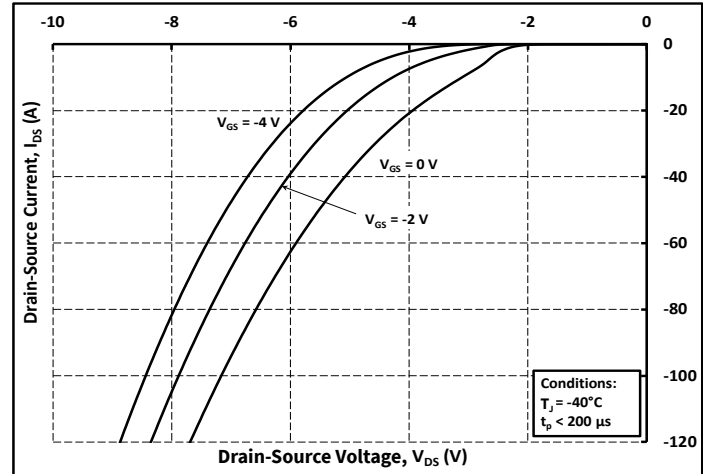


**Figure 6.** On-Resistance vs Temperature  
For Various Gate Voltage

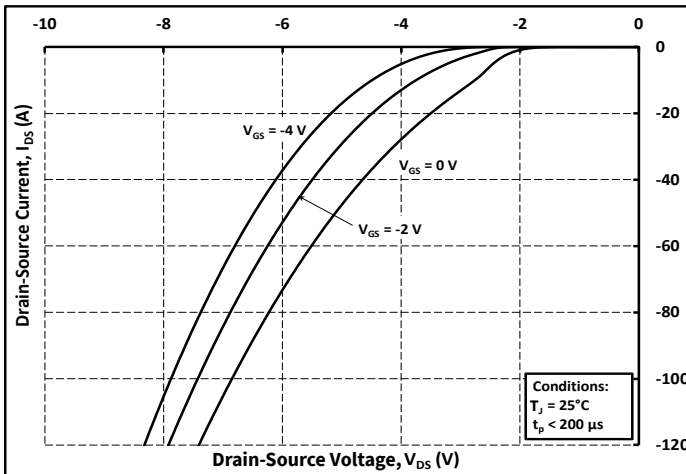
## Typical Performance



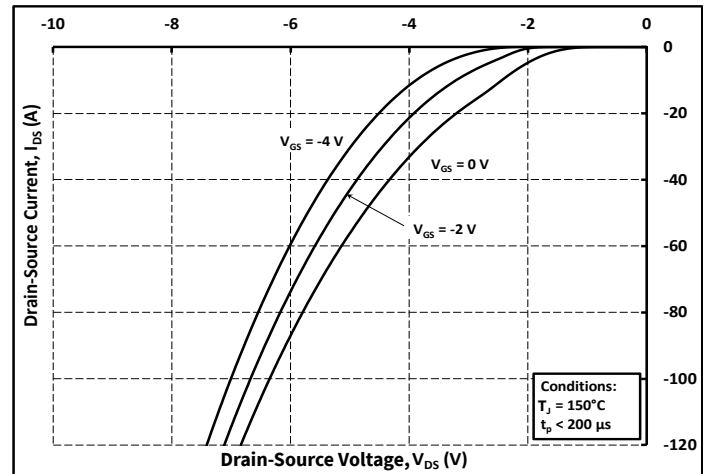
**Figure 7.** Transfer Characteristic for Various Junction Temperatures



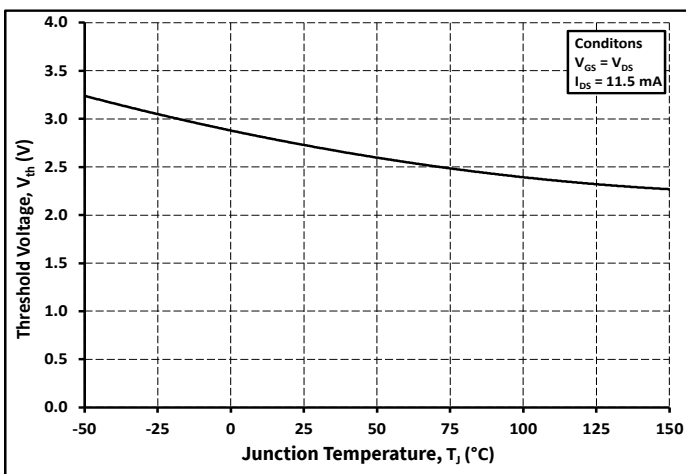
**Figure 8.** Body Diode Characteristic at -40°C



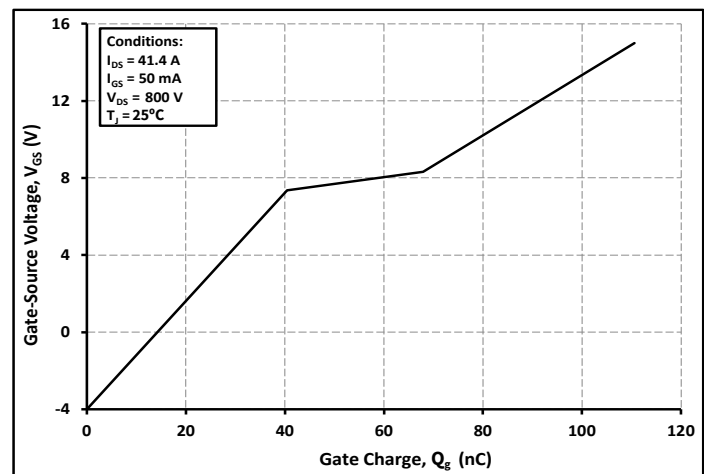
**Figure 9.** Body Diode Characteristic at 25°C



**Figure 10.** Body Diode Characteristic at 150°C



**Figure 11.** Threshold Voltage vs Temperature



**Figure 12.** Gate Charge Characteristics

## Typical Performance

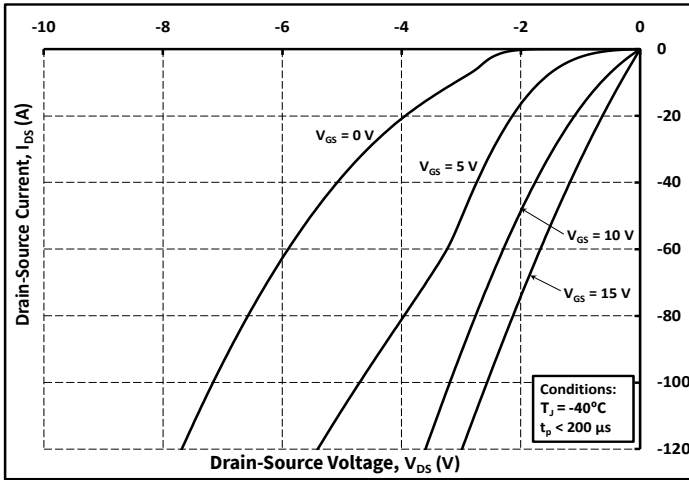


Figure 13. 3rd Quadrant Characteristic at  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$

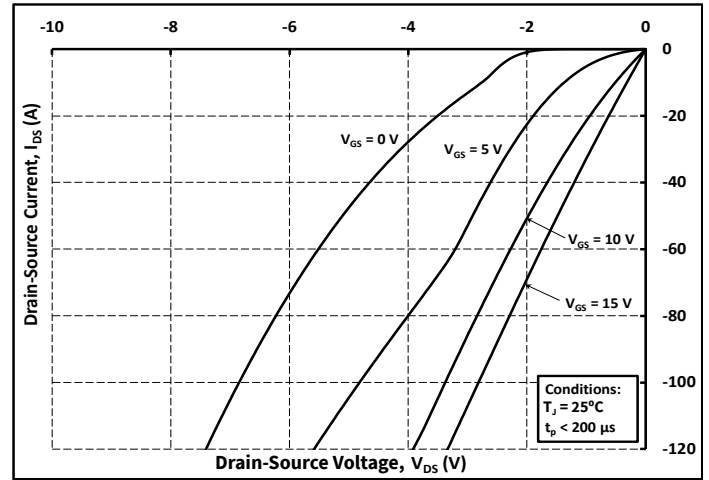


Figure 14. 3rd Quadrant Characteristic at  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$

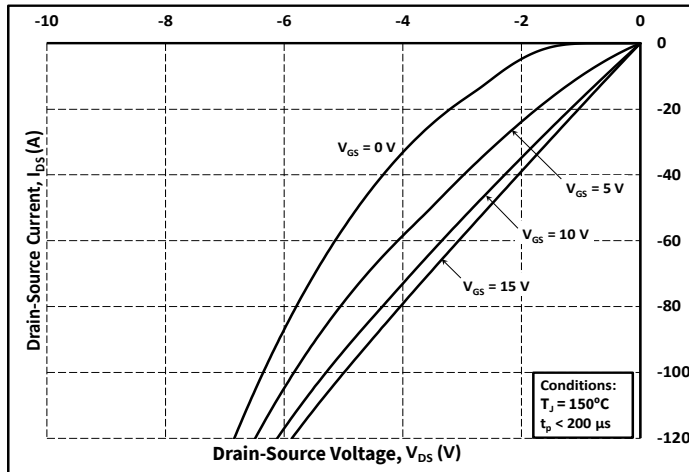


Figure 15. 3rd Quadrant Characteristic at  $150^{\circ}\text{C}$

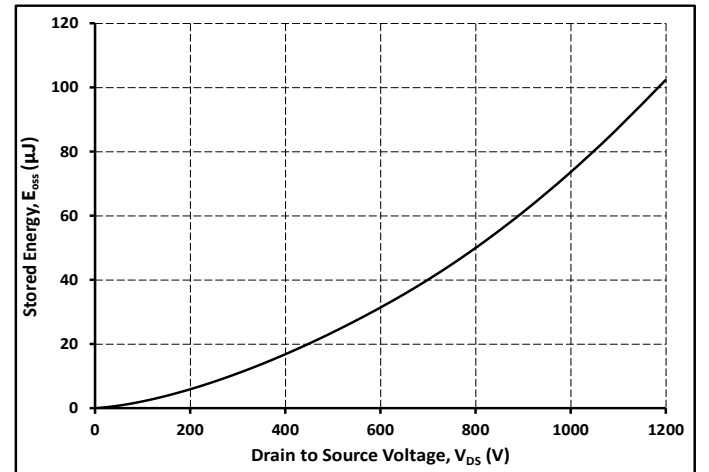


Figure 16. Output Capacitor Stored Energy

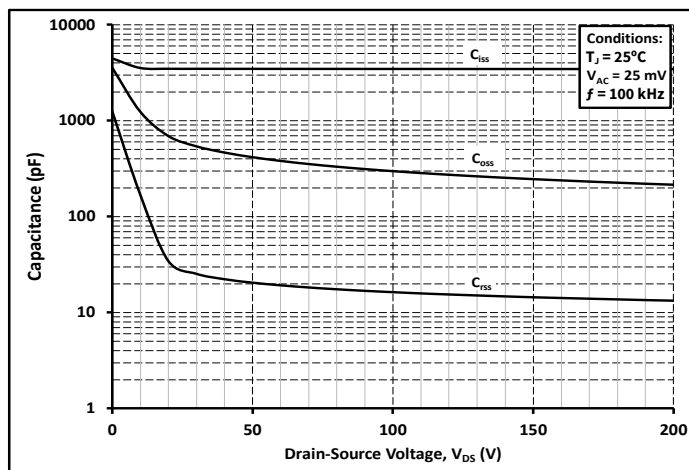


Figure 17. Capacitances vs Drain-Source Voltage (0 - 200 V)

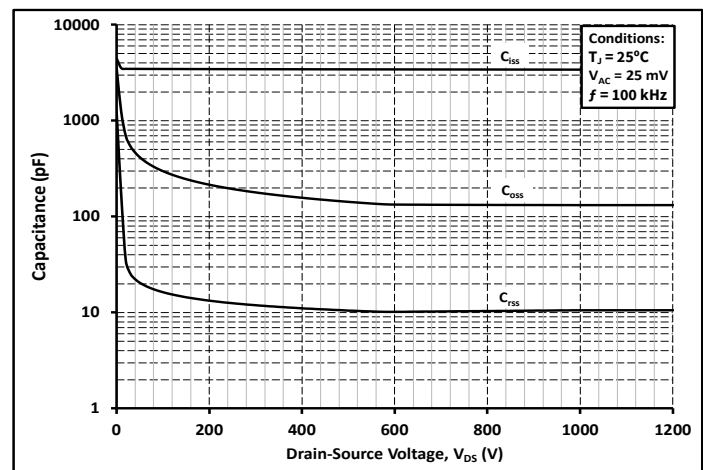
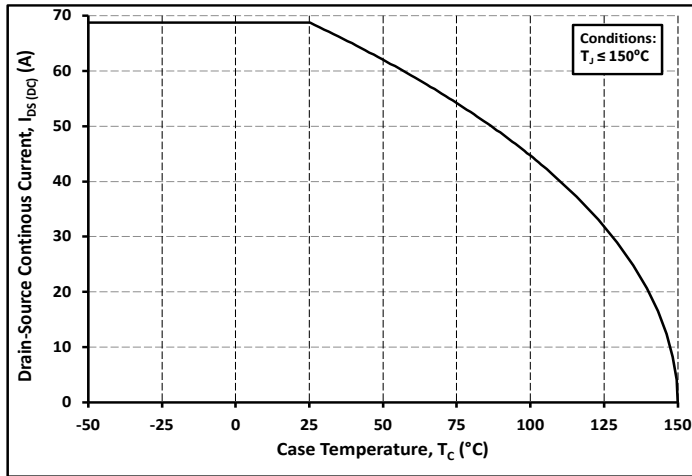
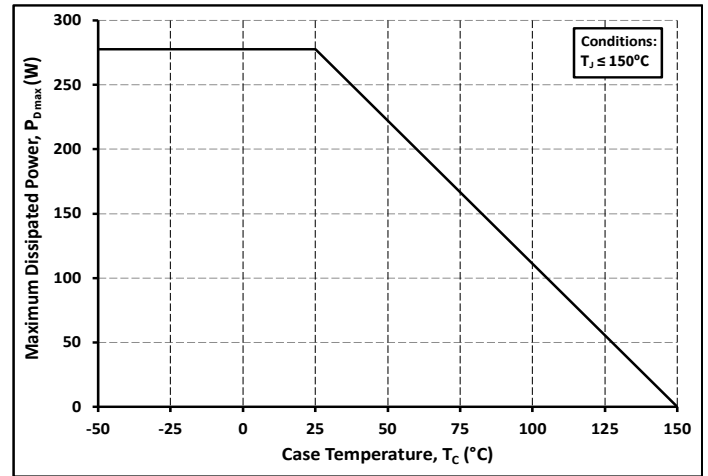


Figure 18. Capacitances vs Drain-Source Voltage (0 - 1200 V)

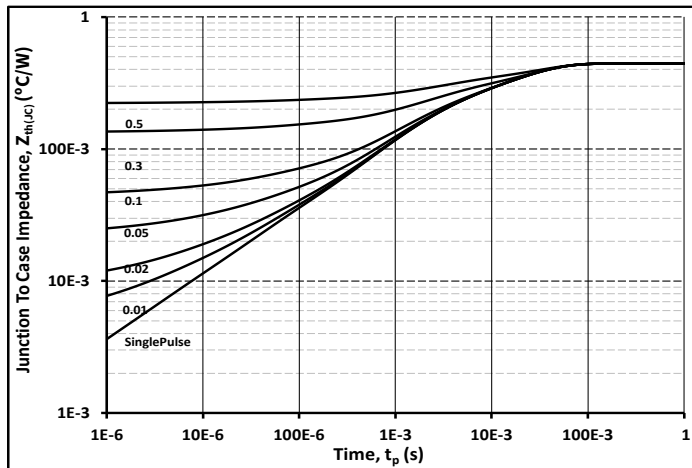
## Typical Performance



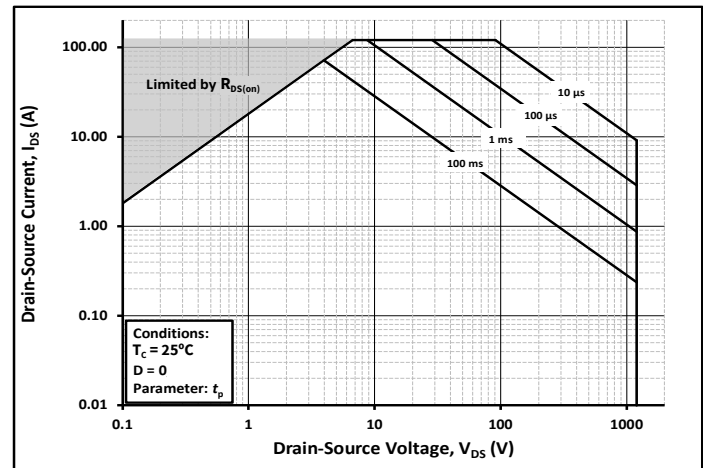
**Figure 19.** Continuous Drain Current Derating vs Case Temperature



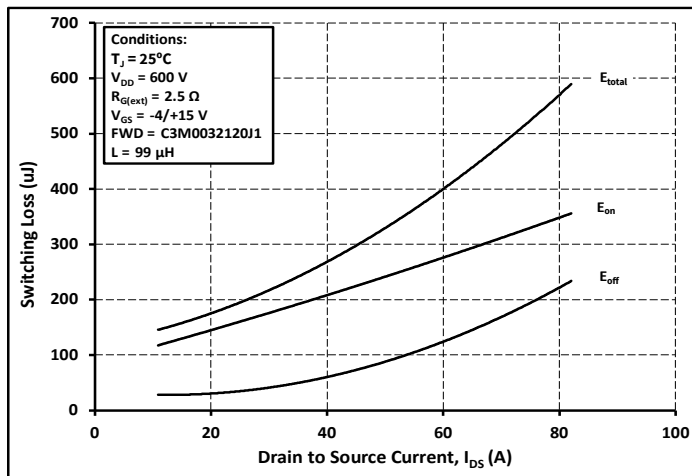
**Figure 20.** Maximum Power Dissipation Derating vs Case Temperature



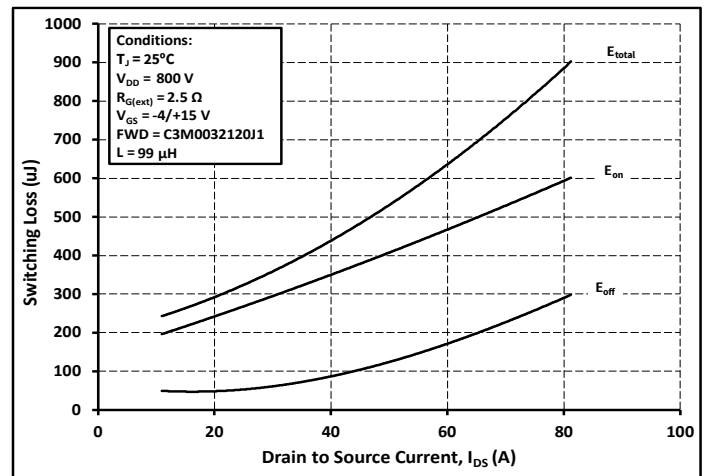
**Figure 21.** Transient Thermal Impedance (Junction - Case)



**Figure 22.** Safe Operating Area

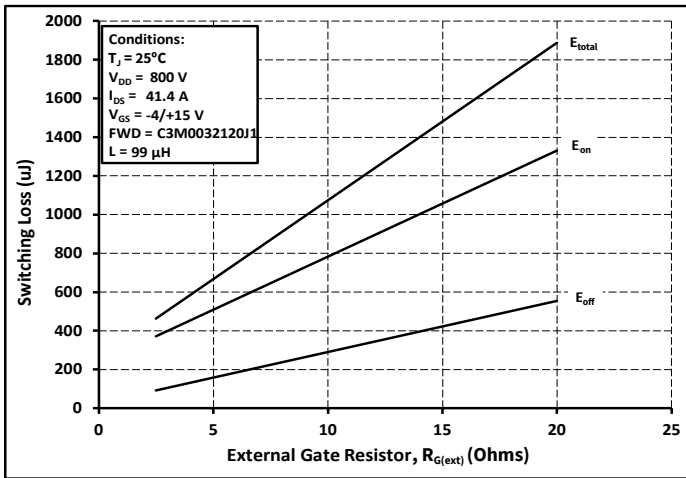


**Figure 23.** Clamped Inductive Switching Energy vs Drain Current ( $V_{DD} = 600\text{ V}$ )

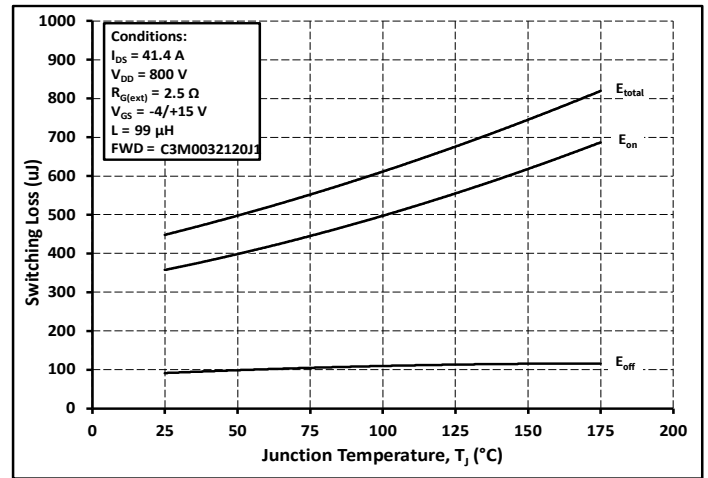


**Figure 24.** Clamped Inductive Switching Energy vs Drain Current ( $V_{DD} = 800\text{ V}$ )

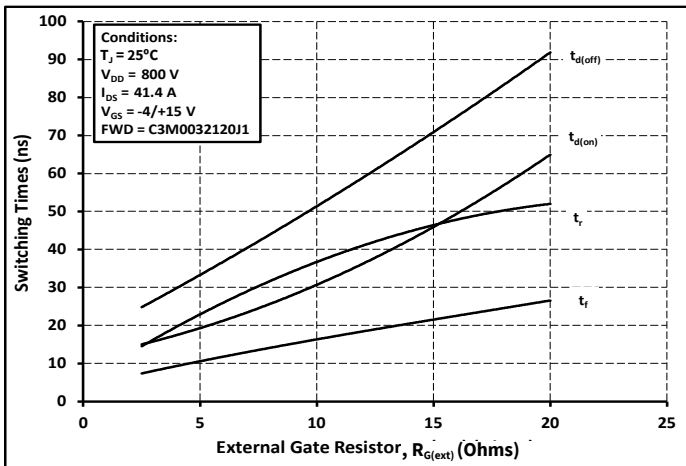
## Typical Performance



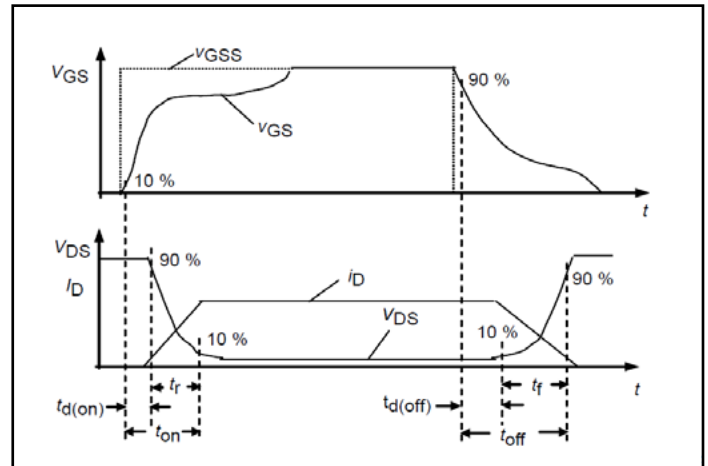
**Figure 25.** Clamped Inductive Switching Energy vs  $R_{G(\text{ext})}$



**Figure 26.** Clamped Inductive Switching Energy vs Temperature



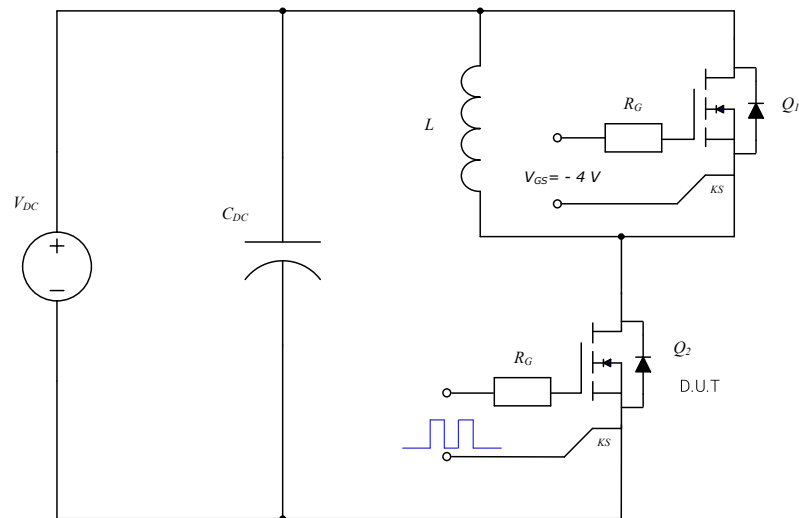
**Figure 27.** Switching Times vs.  $R_{G(\text{ext})}$



**Figure 28.** Switching Times Definition



## Test Circuit Schematic



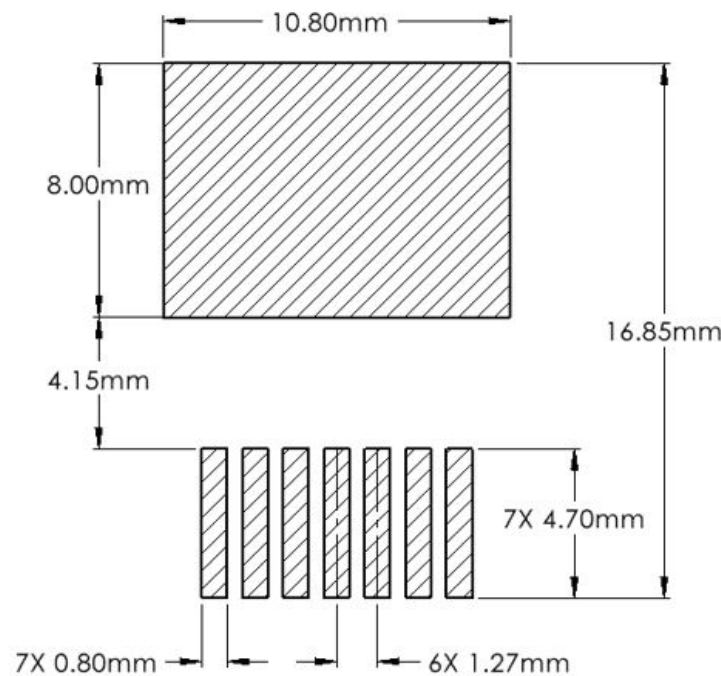
**Figure 29.** Clamped Inductive Switching Waveform Test Circuit

**Note:**

Turn-off and Turn-on switching energy and timing values measured using SiC MOSFET Body Diode as shown above.



Recommended Solder Pad Layout



Revision History

Current Revision	Date of Release	Description of Changes
2	December-2020	N/A
3	December-2023	Updated Wolfspeed branding, package drawing, package image, solder pad layout, added Rev history, Table 1 layout revised

Related Links

- [SPICE Models](#)
- [SiC MOSFET Isolated Gate Driver reference design](#)
- [SiC MOSFET Evaluation Board](#)



## Notes & Disclaimer

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The Silicon Carbide MOSFET module switches at speeds beyond what is customarily associated with IGBT-based modules. Therefore, special precautions are required to realize optimal performance. The interconnection between the gate driver and module housing needs to be as short as possible. This will afford optimal switching time and avoid the potential for device oscillation. Also, great care is required to insure minimum inductance between the module and DC link capacitors to avoid excessive VDS overshoot.

### RoHS Compliance

The levels of RoHS restricted materials in this product are below the maximum concentration values (also referred to as the threshold limits) permitted for such substances, or are used in an exempted application, in accordance with EU Directive 2011/65/EC (RoHS2), as implemented January 2, 2013. RoHS Declarations for this product can be obtained from your Wolfspeed representative or from the Product Documentation sections of [www.wolfspeed.com](http://www.wolfspeed.com).

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