

## Low Pass Filter

XLF-151+

 $50\Omega$  DC to 150 MHz

#### **THE BIG DEAL**

- Match to  $50\Omega$  in the stop band, eliminates undesired reflections
- Cascadable
- Excellent Power handling
- Temperature stable, up to +105°C
- Small size, 3 x 3 mm
- Protected by US Patent No. 8,392,495



Generic photo used for illustration purposes only

CASE STYLE: DQ1225

#### +RoHS Compliant

The +Suffix identifies RoHS Compliance. see our website for methodologies and qualification

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- · Harmonics Rejection
- Wideband Matching
- Transmitters / Receivers

### **PRODUCT OVERVIEW**

Mini-Circuits' XLF-151+ reflectionless filter employs a novel filter topology which absorbs and terminates stop band signals internally rather than reflecting them back to the source. This new capability enables unique applications for filter circuits beyond those suited to traditional approaches. Traditional filters are reflective in the stop band, sending signals back to the source at 100% of the power level. These reflections interact with neighboring components and often result in inter-modulation and other interferences. Reflectionless filters eliminate stop band reflections, allowing them to be paired with sensitive devices and used in applications that otherwise require circuits such as isolation amplifiers or attenuators.

#### **KEY FEATURES**

Features	Advantages
Reflectionless Technology	Reflectionless filters absorb unwanted signals, preventing reflections back to the source. This reduces generation of additional unwanted signals without the need for extra components like attenuators, improving system dynamic range and saving board space.
50Ω Match in Stopband	Reflectionless filters maintain good impedance matching in the stopband, allowing for integration with high gain, wideband amplifiers without the risk of creating out-of-band instabilities.
Excellent RF Performance Repeatability	Fabricated on a GaAs process, X-series filters are inherently repeatable for large-volume production.
Excellent Stability over temperature	With ±0.3 dB variation over temperature, is ideal for use in wide temperature range applications without the need for additional temperature compensation.
Excellent Power Handling in a Compact Package	High power handling extends the usability of these filters to the transmit path for inter-stage filtering.

REV. B ECO-020691 XLF-151+ MCL NY



## Low Pass Filter

XLF-151+

DC to 150 MHz 50Ω

### **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS<sup>1</sup> AT 25°C**

	Parameter	F#	Frequency (MHz)	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	Insertion Loss	DC - F1	DC - 150	_	1.4	1.8	dB
Passband	Frequency Cut-off	F2	280	_	3.0	_	dB
	VSWR	DC - F1	DC - 150	_	1.2	_	:1
Detection	Rejection	F3 - F4	460 - 2800	12	15	_	dB
Ctamband	Rejection	F4 - F5	2800 - 16000	_	24	_	dB
Stopband VSWR	VCVVD	F3 - F4	460 - 2800	_	1.2	_	:1
	VSVVR	F4 - F5	2800 -16000	_	1.8	_	:1

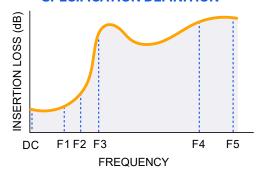
<sup>1.</sup> Measured on Mini-Circuits Characterization Test Board TB-844-151+

## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>2</sup>**

Parameter	Ratings
Operating Temperature	-55°C to +105°C
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C
RF Power Input, Passband (DC-F1) <sup>3</sup>	2 W at 25°C
RF Power Input, Stopband (F2-F5) <sup>4</sup>	0.5 W at 25°C

- Permanent damage may occur if any of these limits are exceeded.
   Passband rating derates linearly to 1 W at 105°C ambient
   Stopband rating derates linearly to 0.25 W at 105°C ambient

## **SPECIFICATION DEFINITION**

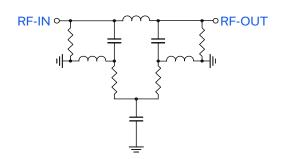


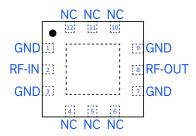
## Low Pass Filter

XLF-151+

 $50\Omega$  DC to 150 MHz

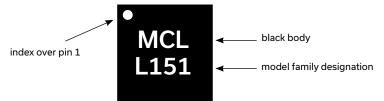
## SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC AND PAD DESCRIPTION





Function	Pad Number	Description
RF-IN	2	RF Input Pad
RF-OUT	8	RF Output Pad
GND	1,3,7,9, Paddle	Connected to ground
NC (GND Externally)	4,5,6,10,11,12	No internal connection

## **PRODUCT MARKING**



Marking may contain other features or characters for internal lot control

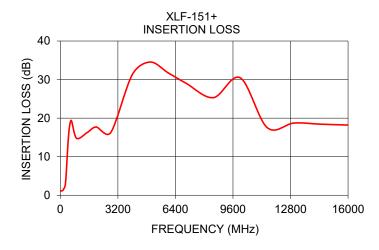
## Low Pass Filter

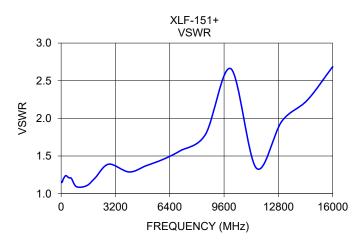
**XLF-151+** 

 $50\Omega$  DC to 150 MHz

### **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE DATA AT 25°C**

Frequency (MHz)	Insertion Loss (dB)	VSWR (:1)
10	1.15	1.16
50	1.12	1.15
150	1.35	1.20
280	2.87	1.24
460	15.82	1.21
600	19.41	1.20
900	14.77	1.09
1500	16.30	1.11
2000	17.70	1.21
2800	16.26	1.39
4000	31.30	1.29
5000	34.54	1.37
6000	31.72	1.45
7000	29.01	1.57
8500	25.30	1.79
10000	30.46	2.66
11500	17.55	1.34
13000	18.73	1.96
14500	18.43	2.24
16000	18.20	2.69







# Low Pass Filter

XLF-151+

DC to 150 MHz 50Ω

## ADDITIONAL DETAILED TECHNICAL INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE ON OUR DASH BOARD. TO ACCESS CLICK HERE

	Data	
Performance Data and Graphs	Graphs	
	S-Parameter (S3P Files) Data Set (.zip file)	
Case Style	DQ1225 Plastic package, exposed paddle lead finish: matte-tin	
Tape & Reel Standard quantities available on reel	F66 7" reels with 20, 50, 100, 200, 500 ,1000, 2000, 3000 devices	
Suggested Layout for PCB Design	PL-451	
Evaluation Board	TB-844-151+ (without connectors) TB-844-151C+ (with connectors) B20-118-F1+ connector sold separately	
Environmental Ratings	ENV82	

### **ESD RATING**

Human body model (HBM): Class 1A (250 to <500V) in accordance with ANSI/ESD 5.1-2001

### **MSL RATING**

Moisture Sensitivity: MSL1 in accordance with IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D



**□** Mini-Circuits

### **MMIC REFLECTIONLESS**

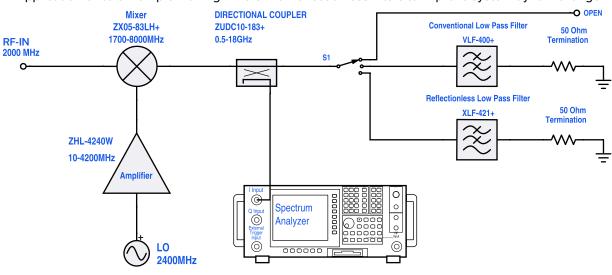
## Low Pass Filter

XLF-151+

 $50\Omega$  DC to 150 MHz

#### REFLECTIONLESS FILTER APPLICATION NOTE

Application Circuit Example: Pairing mixers with reflectionless filters to improve system dynamic range



Test block diagram: IF output reflection spectrum with single input frequency

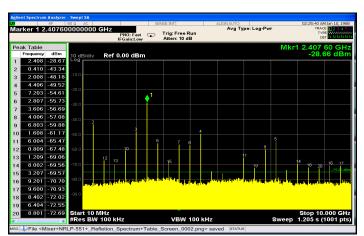
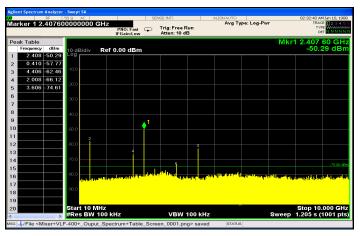


Figure 1. IF output reflection spectrum without filter



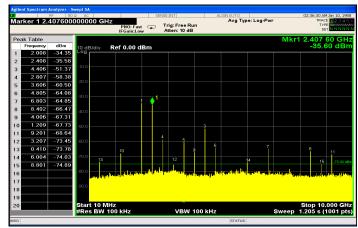


Figure 2. IF output reflection spectrum with conventional filter

An application circuit was assembled to measure the IF reflection spectrum at the output of a mixer when the mixer was paired with a conventional filter versus a reflectionless filter.

While the conventional filter reduces the reflections present when the mixer is used alone (no filter), the reflectionless filter virtually eliminates those reflections altogether.

The reflected signal at marker 1 in the figures above exhibits a reduction of more than 20 dB from -28.7 dBm to -50.3 dBm when the reflectionless filter is used as compared to the conventional filter, thus eliminating unwanted spurious mixing products and improving system dynamic range.

For more information, refer to application note AN-75-007

#### NOTES

- A. Performance and quality attributes and conditions not expressly stated in this specification document are intended to be excluded and do not form a part of this specification document.
- B. Electrical specifications and performance data contained in this specification document are based on Mini-Circuit's applicable established test performance criteria and measurement instructions.
- C. The parts covered by this specification document are subject to Mini-Circuits standard limited warranty and terms and conditions (collectively, "Standard Terms"); Purchasers of this part are entitled to the rights and benefits contained therein. For a full statement of the standard terms and the exclusive rights and remedies thereunder, please visit Mini-Circuits' website at www.minicircuits.com/MCLStore/terms.jsp