



MPQ5072

5.5V, 1A Low $R_{DS(ON)}$ Load Switch with Programmable Current Limit, AEC-Q100 Qualified

DESCRIPTION

The MPQ5072 is a programmable load switch that provides 1A of load protection across a 0.5V to 5.5V voltage range. With low $R_{DS(ON)}$ in a tiny package, the MPQ5072 provides a highly efficient, space-saving solution for notebooks, tablets, and other portable device applications.

The MPQ5072's soft start (SS) function avoids inrush current during circuit start-up. The MPQ5072 also provides a programmable soft-start time, output discharge functions, over-current protection (OCP), and thermal shutdown.

The maximum load at the output source is current-limited, which is accomplished by utilizing a sense FET topology.

The magnitude of the current limit is controlled by an external resistor from the ILIM pin to ground (GND).

An internal charge pump drives the power device gate, allowing a low on resistance DMOS power FET of 50m Ω .

The MPQ5072 is available in a tiny, space-saving QFN-12 (2mmx2mm) package.

FEATURES

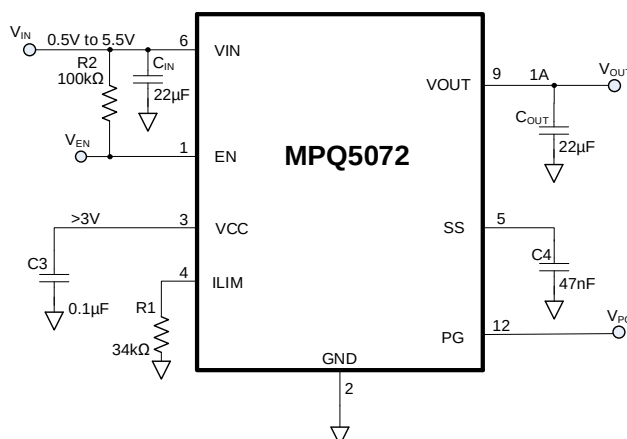
- Guaranteed Industrial/Automotive Temperature Range Limits
- 0.5V to 5.5V V_{IN} Range
- Shutdown Current < 5 μ A
- Integrated 50m Ω Low $R_{DS(ON)}$ FETs
- 1A Load Current
- Push/Pull Power Good (PG) Indicator
- Adjustable Start-Up Slew Rate
- Output Discharge
- Short-Circuit Protection (SCP) < 200ns
- Thermal Shutdown Protection
- Available in a Space-Saving QFN-12 (2mmx2mm) Package
- Available in AEC-Q100 Grade 1

APPLICATIONS

- Notebook and Tablet Computers
- Portable Devices
- Solid State Drives (SSDs)
- Handheld Devices

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TYPICAL APPLICATION

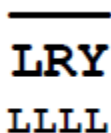


ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number*	Package	Top Marking	MSL Rating
MPQ5072GG	QFN-12 (2mmx2mm)	See Below	1
MPQ5072GG-AEC1			

* For Tape & Reel, add suffix -Z (e.g. MPQ5072GG-AEC1-Z).

TOP MARKING

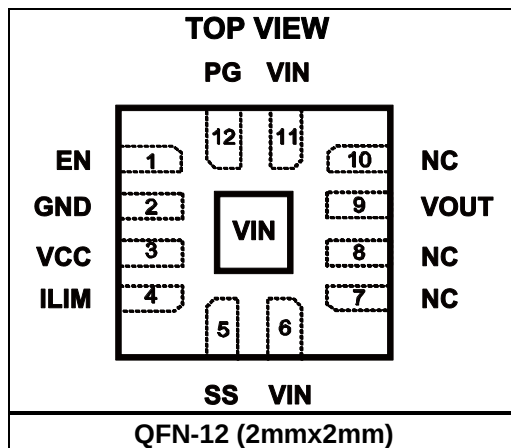


LR: Product code of MPQ5072GG & MPQ5072GG-AEC1

Y: Year code

LLLL: Lot number

PACKAGE REFERENCE



PIN FUNCTIONS

Pin #	Name	Description
1	EN	Enable input. Pull EN below the specified threshold to shut down the chip.
2	GND	Ground.
3	VCC	Supply voltage to the control circuitry.
4	ILIM	Output current limit configuration. Place a resistor to GND to set the overload current limit level.
5	SS	Soft start. An external capacitor connected to the SS pin sets the slew rate of the output voltage soft-start period.
6, 11, exposed pad	VIN	Input power supply.
9	VOUT	Output to the load.
12	PG	Power good. Push/pull output.
7, 8, 10	NC	Not connected. It is recommended to connect this pin to VOUT to improve thermal performance.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ⁽¹⁾

V_{IN}	-0.3V to +6.5V
V_{CC}	-0.3V to +6.5V
V_{OUT}	-0.3V to +6.5V
EN, SS, ILIM	-0.3V to $V_{CC} + 0.3V$
Junction temperature	150°C
Lead temperature	260°C
Continuous power dissipation ⁽²⁾	
QFN-12 (2mmx2mm)	1.6W

ESD Ratings

Human body model (HBM)	±2kV
Charged device model (CDM)	±750V

Recommended Operating Conditions ⁽³⁾

Supply voltage (V_{IN})	0.5V to 5.5V
Supply voltage (V_{CC})	3V to 5.5V
Output voltage (V_{OUT})	0.5V to 5.5V
Operating junction temp (T_J)	-40°C to +125°C

Thermal Resistance ⁽⁴⁾	θ_{JA}	θ_{JC}
QFN-12 (2mmx2mm)	80.....	16...°C/W

Notes:

- Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature T_J (MAX), the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance θ_{JA} , and the ambient temperature T_A . The maximum allowable continuous power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated by P_D (MAX) = (T_J (MAX) - T_A) / θ_{JA} . Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation can cause excessive die temperature, and the device may go into thermal shutdown. Internal thermal shutdown circuitry protects the device from permanent damage.
- The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$, typical values are $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.

Parameters	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Input and Supply Voltage Range						
Input voltage	V _{IN}		0.5		5.5	V
Supply voltage	V _{CC}		3		5.5	V
Supply Current						
Off-state leakage current	I _{OFF}	V _{IN} = 5V, EN = 0, T _J = 25°C			1	μA
		V _{IN} = 5V, EN = 0, -40°C < T _J < +125°C			5	μA
VCC standby current	I _{STBY}	V _{CC} = 5V, EN = 0		0.1	1	μA
		V _{CC} = 5V, enable, no load, T _J = 25°C		180	230	
		V _{CC} = 5V, enable, no load, -40°C < T _J < +125°C		180	250	
Power FET						
On resistance	R _{DS(ON)}	V _{CC} = 5.0V, T _J = 25°C		50	70	mΩ
		V _{CC} = 5.0V, -40°C < T _J < +125°C		50	80	
		V _{CC} = 3.3V, T _J = 25°C		60	80	
		V _{CC} = 3.3V, -40°C < T _J < +125°C		60	90	
Thermal Shutdown and Recovery ⁽⁵⁾						
Shutdown temperature	T _{STD}			150		°C
Hysteresis	T _{HYS}			30		°C
Under-Voltage Protection						
VCC under-voltage lockout (UVLO) threshold	V _{CC_UVLO}	UVLO rising threshold		2.6	2.95	V
UVLO hysteresis	V _{UVLO_HYS}			200		mV
Soft Start (SS)						
SS pull-up current	I _{SS}	Fixed slew rate	4	11	17	μA
Enable (EN)						
EN rising threshold	V _{ENH}		1.3	1.5	1.7	V
EN hysteresis	V _{EN_HYS}			200		mV
ILIM						
Current limit	I _{OUT}	R _{LIM} = 24kΩ, ramp I _{OUT} record peak current limit value		1.4		A
Discharge Resistance						
Discharge resistance	R _{DIS}			200		Ω
Power Good (PG)						
PG rising threshold	V _{PG_R}	Voltage gap between V _{OUT} and V _{IN}	140	280	450	mV
PG threshold	V _{PG_HYS}			60		mV
PG delay	t _{PG_D}			50		μs
PG high	V _{PG_H}	V _{CC} = 3.3V	3.2			V
PG low	V _{PG_L}	Sink 1mA			0.3	V

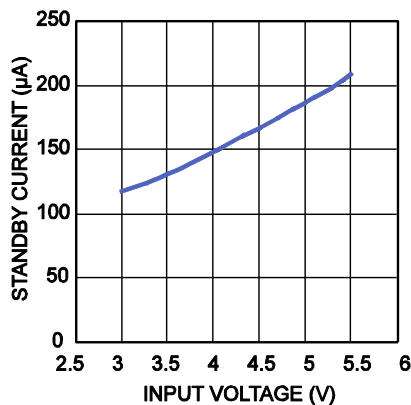
Notes:

5) Guaranteed by design.

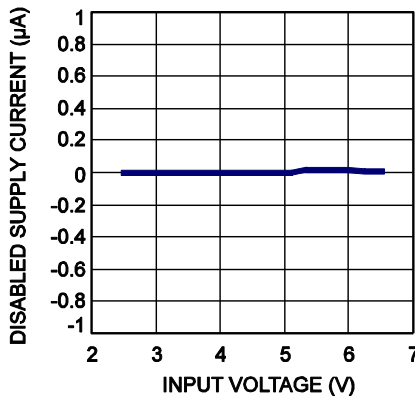
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, $R_{LIM} = 13k\Omega$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.

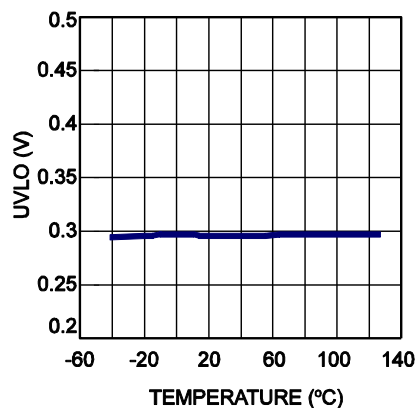
Quiescent Current



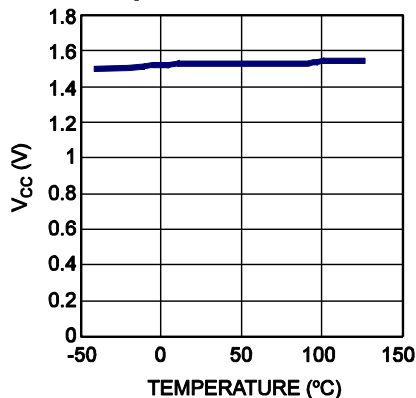
Disabled Supply Current vs. Input Voltage



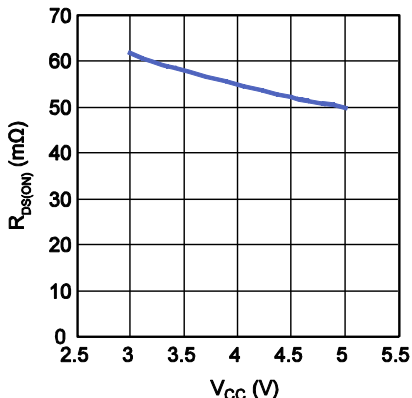
UVLO vs. Temperature



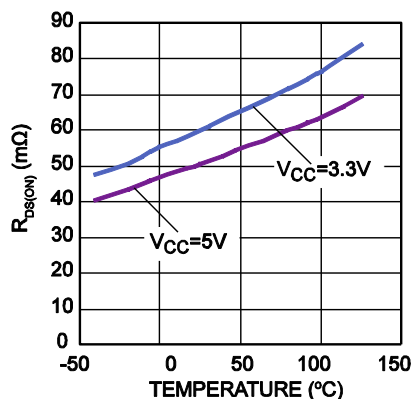
EN Rising Threshold vs. Temperature



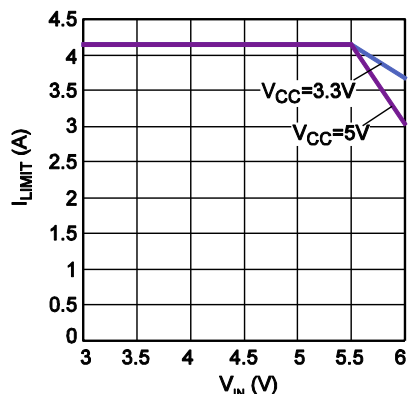
$R_{DS(ON)}$ vs. V_{CC}



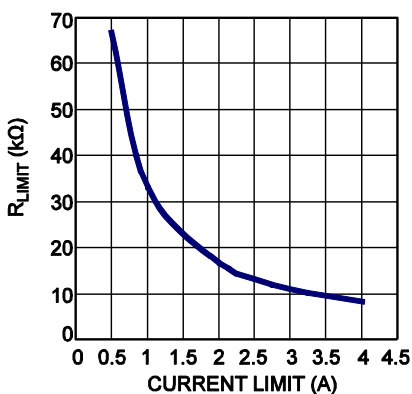
$R_{DS(ON)}$ vs. Temperature



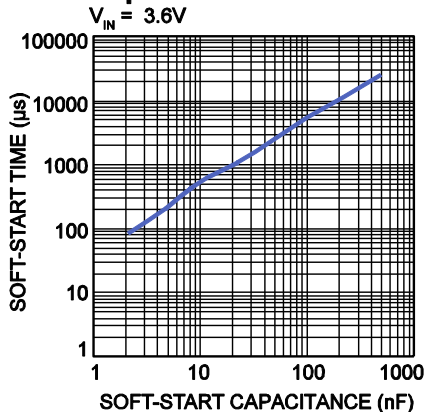
Maximum Current Limit vs. V_{IN}



Current Limit vs. R_{LIMIT}



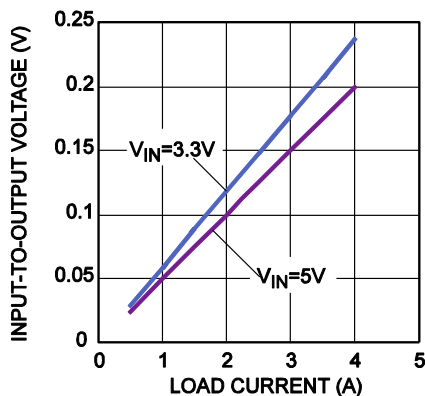
Soft-Start Time vs. SS Capacitance



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)*

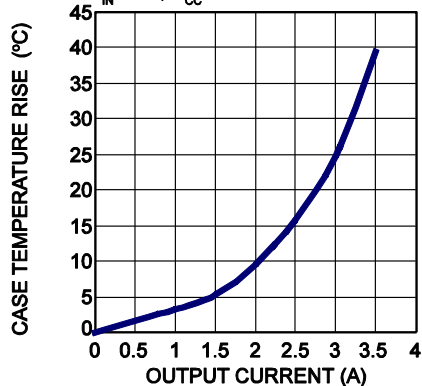
$V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, $R_{ILIM} = 13k\Omega$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.

Input-to-Output Voltage vs. Load Current



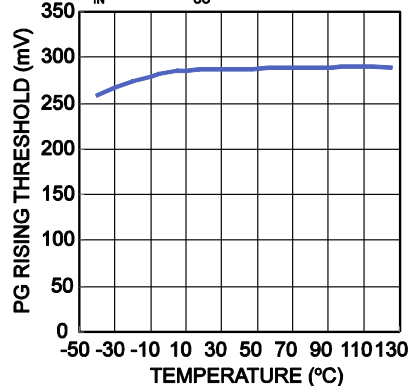
Case Temperature Rise vs. Output Current

$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$



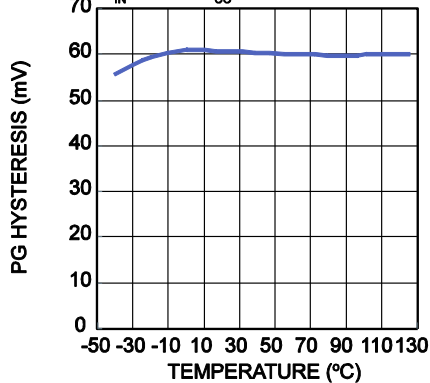
PG Rising Threshold vs. Temperature

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, $EN = 5V$



PG Hysteresis vs. Temperature

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, $EN = 5V$

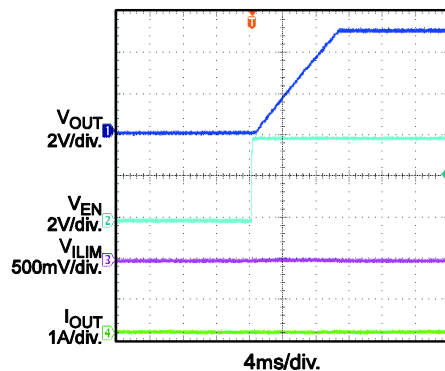


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, $EN = 4V$, $R_{ILIM} = 13k\Omega$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.

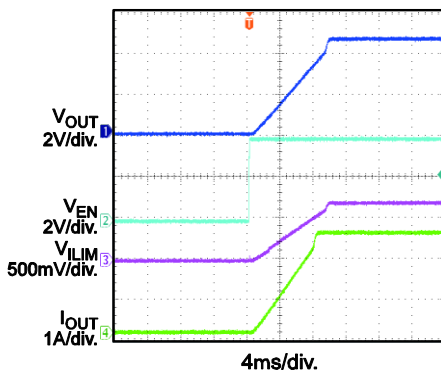
Start-Up through EN

$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, no load



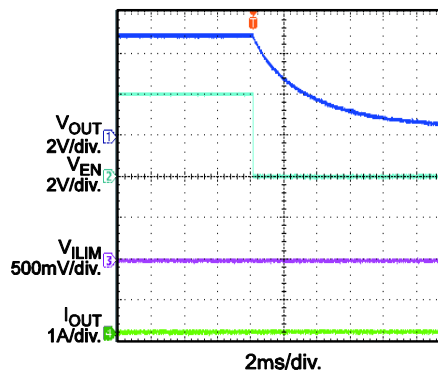
Start-Up through EN

$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, 2.5A load



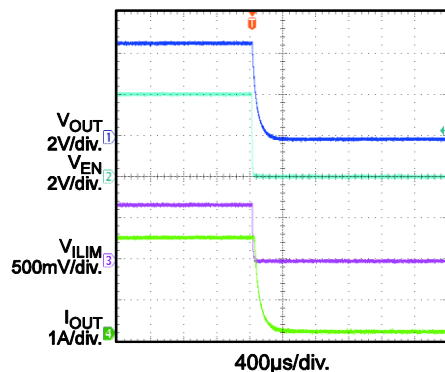
Shutdown through EN

$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, no load



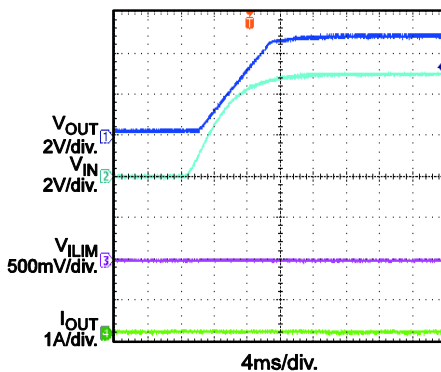
Shutdown through EN

$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, 2.5A load



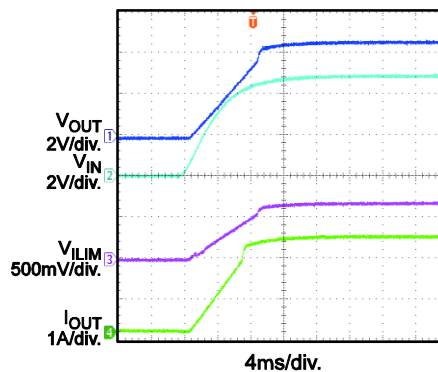
Start-Up

$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, $I_{OUT} = 0A$



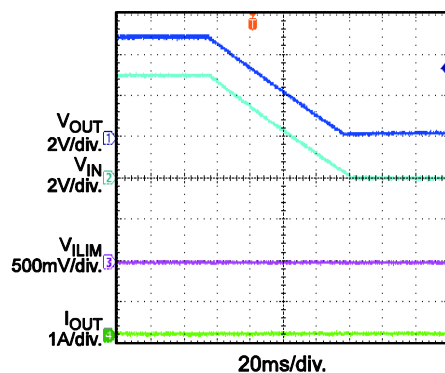
Start-Up

$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, $I_{OUT} = 2.5A$



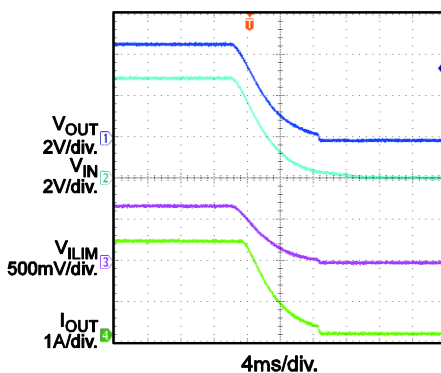
Shutdown

$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, $I_{OUT} = 0A$



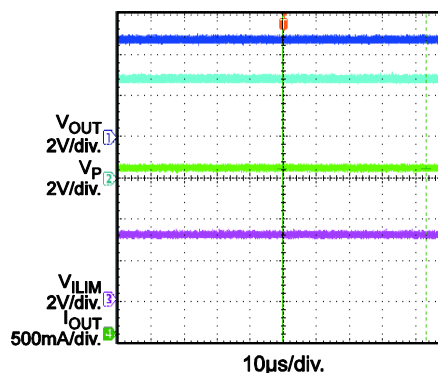
Shutdown

$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, $I_{OUT} = 2.5A$



Steady State

$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, $I_{OUT} = 2A$

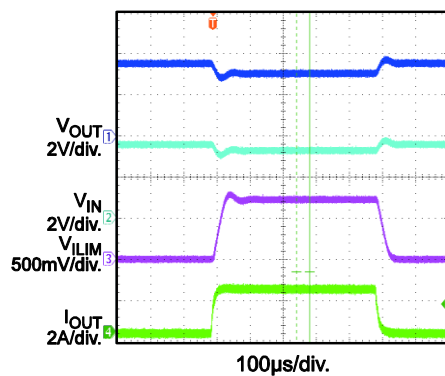


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)*

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, $EN = 4V$, $R_{ILIM} = 13k\Omega$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.

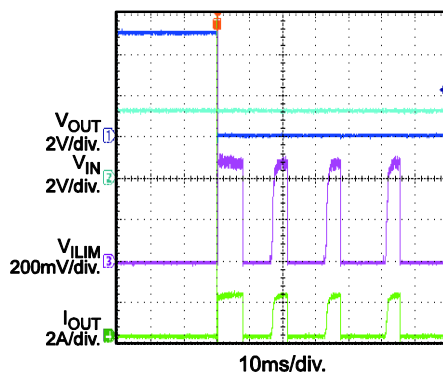
Load Transient Response

$V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$, $I_{OUT} = 0A$ to $2.5A$



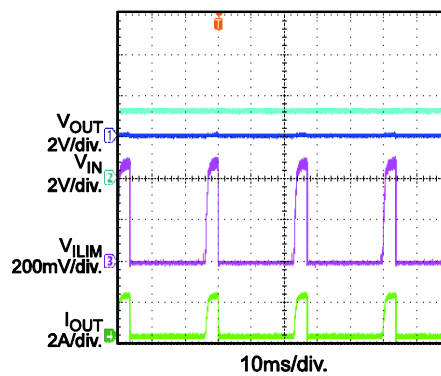
SCP Entry

$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$



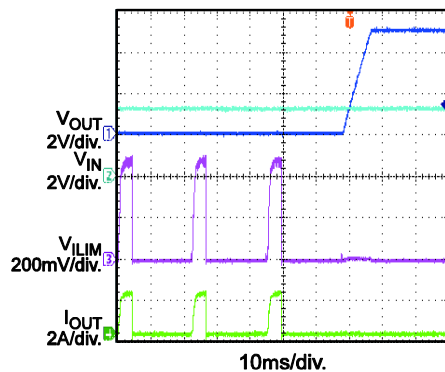
SCP Steady State

$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$



SCP Recovery

$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{CC} = 3.6V$



The schematic diagram illustrates a precision current source with the following components and connections:

- Inputs:** VIN, ILIM, EN, VCC, and PG (Programmable Gain).
- Outputs:** VOUT and SS (Soft Start).
- Internal Blocks:**
 - Charge Pump:** Generates a 4μA current source.
 - Current Sense:** Monitors the output current.
 - Fast-Off Comp:** A fast offset compensation block.
 - Soft Start:** Controls the output ramp-up, featuring an 11μA current source.
 - Current-Limit Amplifier:** Enforces the ILIM limit.
 - UVLO:** Undervoltage lockout circuit.
 - Control Logic:** The central processing unit that coordinates the current source operation.
 - Thermal Sense:** Monitors the device temperature, including a 4μA current source, an 8μA current source, and an 80kΩ resistor.
- Other Components:** Various transistors, resistors, and capacitors are used throughout the circuit to implement the functional blocks.

Figure 1: Functional Block Diagram

OPERATION

The MPQ5072 is designed to limit the inrush current to the load when a circuit card is inserted into a live backplane power source, limiting the backplane's voltage drop and the slew rate of the voltage to the load. The MPQ5072 provides an integrated solution that monitors the input voltage, output voltage, and output current — eliminating the need for an external current power MOSFET and current-sense device.

Enable (EN)

The MPQ5072 is enabled when the input voltage exceeds the under-voltage lockout (UVLO) threshold (typically 0.5V), and the enable (EN) pin is pulled above 1.5V. Pulling the voltage down to ground (GND) disables the MPQ5072.

Current Limit

The MPQ5072 provides a constant-current limit programmed by an external resistor. Once the device reaches its current limit threshold, the IC regulates the gate voltage to hold a constant current in the power FET. The typical response time is about 20 μ s. During this response time, a small overshoot in the output current may occur. The preset current limit value can be calculated with Equation (1):

$$I_{LIMIT} = (1 / R_{ILIM}) \times S \quad (1)$$

Where S is the current-sense ratio of the MPQ5072 (typically 33,000 if $V_{IN} = 3.6V$).

If the current limit block starts regulating the output current, power loss in the power MOSFET causes the IC temperature to rise. Thermal shutdown occurs if the junction temperature is too high. After thermal shutdown, the output is disabled until the over-temperature (OT) fault is removed. The OT threshold is 150°C, and the hysteresis is 30°C.

Power Good (PG)

The power good (PG) pin is the push/pull of a MOSFET that can be pulled high to V_{CC} . The MOSFET turns on with the application of an input voltage so that the PG pin pulls to GND. Once the voltage gap between V_{IN} and V_{OUT} is less than 280mV, the PG pin is pulled high after a

50 μ s delay. When the voltage gap is greater than 340mV, the PG pin is pulled low.

Short-Circuit Protection (SCP)

If a short circuit causes the load current to rapidly increase, the current may exceed its limit threshold. If the current reaches the internal secondary limit (about 7A), a fast turn-off circuit shuts off the power FET, limiting the peak current through the switch and the input voltage drop. The total short circuit response time is about 200ns. If the fast turn-off succeeds, the power FET remains off for 80 μ s. After the 80 μ s, the power FET turns back on. If the short circuit remains, the MPQ5072 reduces and holds the current limit until the part is hot enough to trigger thermal shutdown. Once the short circuit condition is removed, the current limit will automatically recovers to the preset value.

Output Discharge

The MPQ5072 has an output discharge function. This function discharges V_{OUT} with an internal pull-down resistor when the IC is disabled and the load is very light.

Soft Start (SS)

The capacitor connected to the SS pin determines the soft-start time. An internal, 11 μ A constant-current source charges the SS capacitor and ramps up the voltage on the SS pin. The output voltage rises at five times the slew rate of the SS voltage.

The soft-start time can be calculated with Equation (2):

$$t_{SS}(ms) = \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{V_{OUT}(V) \times C_{SS}(nF)}{I_{SS}(\mu A)} \quad (2)$$

Where t_{SS} is the soft-start time, I_{SS} is the internal 11 μ A constant current, and C_{SS} is the external SS capacitor.

The suggested minimum capacitance should be greater than 4.7nF. If the SS pin is floating or the SS capacitor is too small, the V_{OUT} rise time is limited by the power MOSFET charge time.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

ILIM Resistor Selection

The current limit value is set by the ILIM resistor (R_{ILIM}). The current limit can be calculated with Equation (1) on page 10.

The suggested current limit threshold should be 10% to 20% greater than the maximum load current. For example, if a system's full load is 1A, set the current limit to 1.1A.

ILIM Capacitor Selection

The internal, advanced, auto-zero comparator offers high-accuracy current monitoring, though it causes a small amount of jitter on the ILIM pin. To stabilize ILIM, mount a small ceramic capacitor between the ILIM pin and GND. It is recommended to use a capacitor that is less than 1nF.

SS Capacitor Selection

An internal 11 μ A constant-current source charges the SS capacitor, which ramps up the voltage on the SS pin. The output voltage follows the SS voltage slew rate as it rises.

If the inrush of the output current reaches the current limit during start-up (e.g. if there is a large output capacitor or a large load), the MPQ5072 limits the output current, and the soft-start time increases simultaneously (see Figure 2 and Figure 3).

Component Selection

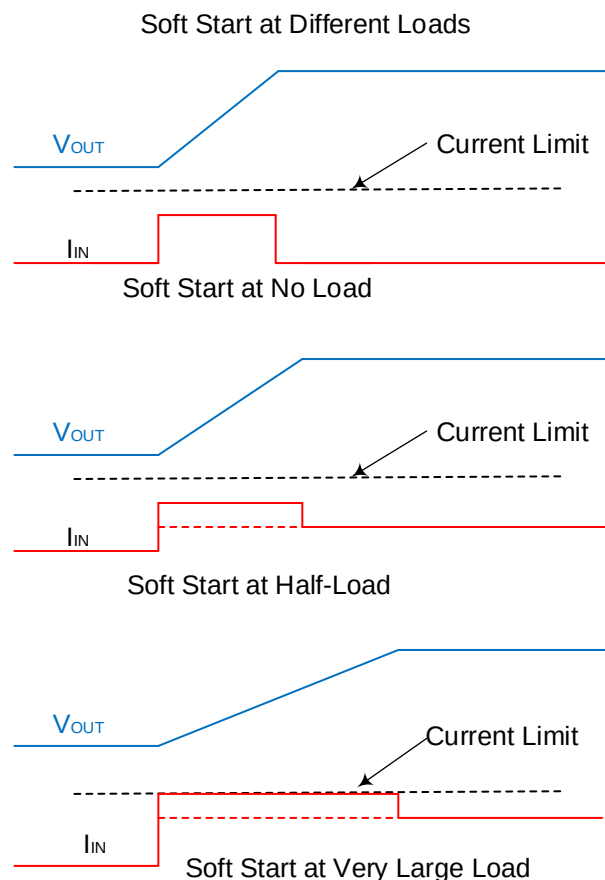


Figure 2: Soft Start at Different Loads

Soft Start with Different Output Capacitances

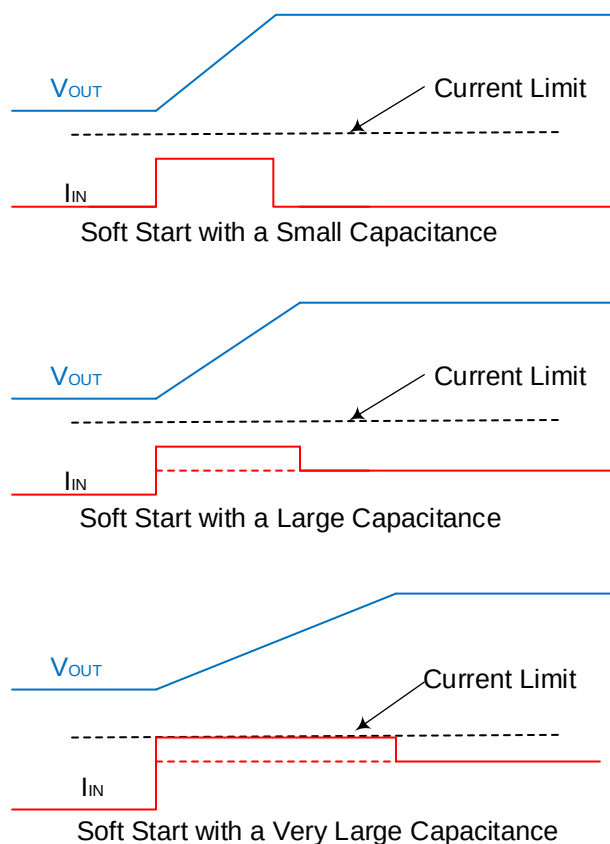


Figure 3: Soft Start at Different Output Capacitances

Design Example

For design examples, see Table 1 and Figure 5.

Table 1: Recommended R_{LIM} and C_{SS} Values

V_{IN} (V)	Max Load Range (A)	R_{LIM} (k Ω)	SS Capacitance (nF)	SS Time (ms)
3.6	0.5	47	22	1
3.6	1	27.4	47	2.4

PCB Layout Guidelines

PCB layout is critical for stable operation. For the best results, refer to Figure 4 and follow the guidelines below:

1. Place R_{LIM} close to the ILIM pin.
2. Place the input capacitor close to the VCC pin.
3. Place vias around the IC to improve thermal performance.

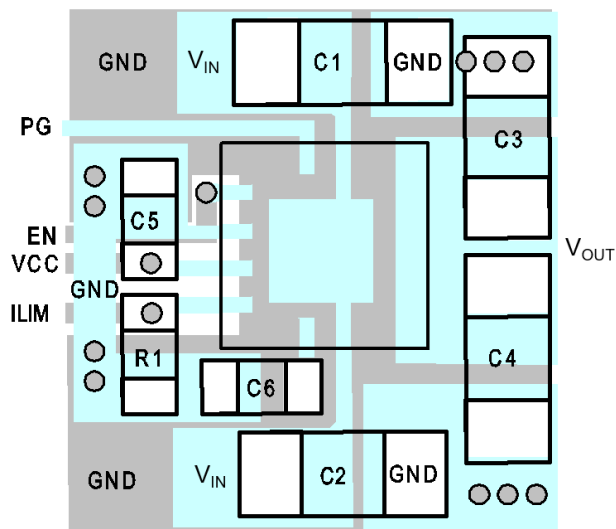


Figure 4: Recommended PCB Layout

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

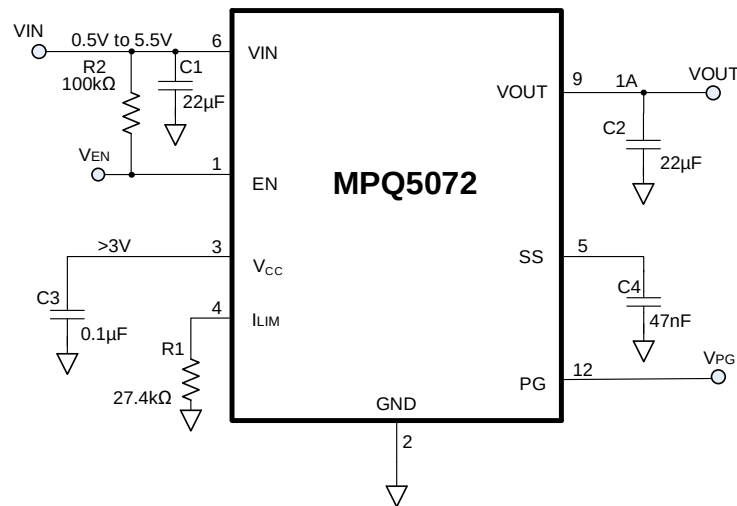
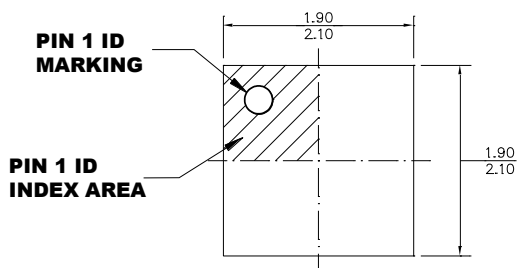


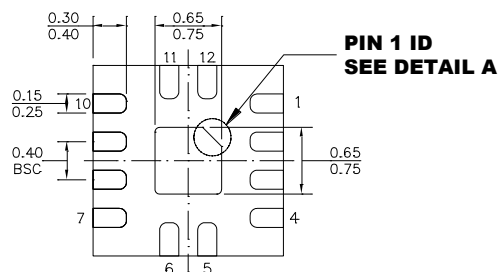
Figure 5: Typical Application Circuit

PACKAGE INFORMATION

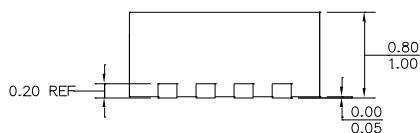
QFN-12 (2mmx2mm)



TOP VIEW

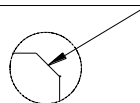


BOTTOM VIEW

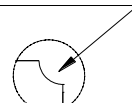


SIDE VIEW

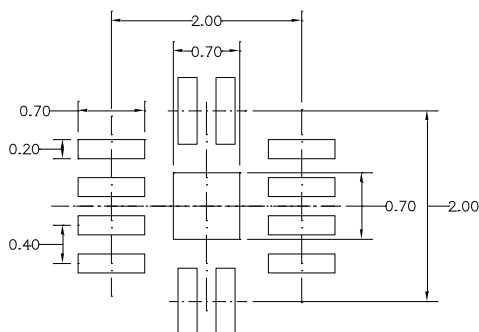
PIN 1 ID OPTION A
0.20x45° TYP.



PIN 1 ID OPTION B
R0.20 TYP.



DETAIL A

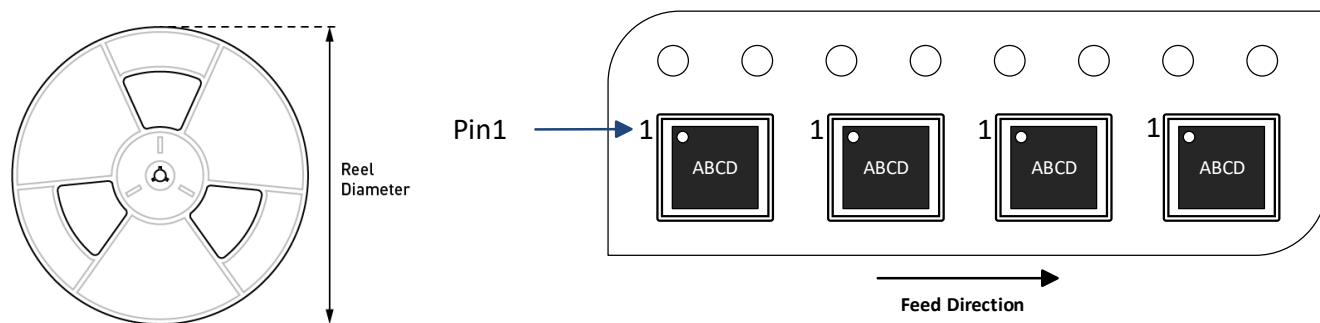


RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

NOTE:

- 1) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- 2) EXPOSED PADDLE SIZE DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.
- 3) LEAD COPLANARITY SHALL BE 0.10 MILLIMETERS MAX.
- 4) JEDEC REFERENCE IS MO-229.
- 5) DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE.

CARRIER INFORMATION



Part Number	Package Description	Quantity/ Reel	Quantity/ Tube	Quantity/ Tray	Reel Diameter	Carrier Tape Width	Carrier Tape Pitch
MPQ5072GG-Z	QFN-12 (2mmx2mm)	5,000	N/A	N/A	13in	12mm	8mm
MPQ5072GG-AEC1-Z							

Revision History

Revision #	Revision Date	Description	Pages Updated
1.0	10/16/2020	Initial Release	-

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