

# SAFETY DATA SHEET FRC GENERAL PURPOSE FLUX REMOVER - FLUX REMOVER C, AEROSOL

According to Appendix D, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200

1. Identification

**Product identifier** 

Product name FRC GENERAL PURPOSE FLUX REMOVER - FLUX REMOVER C, AEROSOL

Product number MCC-FRC, MCC-FRC101, MCC-FRC105, MCC-FRC10Y

Synonyms; trade names "FRC-Flux Remover C, Electronics Defluxer/Cleaner"

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Application** Cleaning agent.

**Uses advised against**No specific uses advised against are identified.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier MicroCare LLC

Tel: +1 860-827-0626

Manufacturer MICROCARE LLC

595 John Downey Drive New Britain, CT 06051 United States of America

CAGE: OATV9

Tel: + 1 800 638 0125, +1 860-827-0626

techsupport@microcare.com

**Emergency telephone number** 

Emergency telephone INFOTRAC 1-800-535-5053 (U.S.A. and CANADA)

1-352-323-3500 (from anywhere in the world)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA Regulatory Status This Product is Hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

Physical hazards Not Classified

**Health hazards** Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 STOT SE 1 - H370 STOT SE 3 - H336

**Environmental hazards** Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

Label elements

Hazard symbols





Signal word Danger

# FRC GENERAL PURPOSE FLUX REMOVER - FLUX REMOVER C, AEROSOL

**Hazard statements** H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use

P261 Avoid breathing spray.

P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C /122°F.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplemental label

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request. RCH001a For use in industrial installations

information

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE, METHANOL

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

**Contains** 

# trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

CAS number: 156-60-5

### Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

## 1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5-decafluoropentane

10-30%

10-30%

CAS number: 138495-42-8

#### Classification

Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

## 1,1,1,3,3-PENTAFLUOROBUTANE

10-30%

CAS number: 406-58-6

### Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

### HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane

10-30%

CAS number: 811-97-2

#### Classification

Press. Gas, Liquefied - H280 Simple Asphyxiant - USH03

# FRC GENERAL PURPOSE FLUX REMOVER - FLUX REMOVER C, AEROSOL

METHANOL
CAS number: 67-56-1

#### Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 STOT SE 1 - H370

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

**Composition comments** TSCA: The ingredients of this product are on the TSCA Inventory. The exact percentage

(concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with

paragraph (i) of CFR 1900.1200

Composition

### 4. First-aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical

personnel.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery

position and ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if

the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical

attention if symptoms are severe or persist.

**Skin Contact** Rinse with water.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse with water. Get medical

attention if any discomfort continues.

**Protection of first aiders** First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

**Inhalation** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain or irritation. Intoxication.

Narcotic effect. Muscle weakness. Nausea, vomiting.

**Ingestion** Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.

**Skin contact** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain.

**Eye contact** May be slightly irritating to eyes. May cause discomfort.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry

powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Flammability Class** The product is not flammable.

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and

propellant.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

Harmful gases or vapors.

## Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapors and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions**Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be

taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Do not touch or walk into

spilled material. Evacuate area. Risk of explosion.

**Environmental precautions** 

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the

aquatic environment.

## Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. Small Spillages: Wipe up with an absorbent cloth and dispose of waste safely. Large Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

**Reference to other sections** For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health

hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal,

see Section 13.

### 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in

Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid

inhalation of vapors and spray/mists.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash

before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage precautions** Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep only in the original container.

Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Protect from sunlight. Do not store near heat sources or expose to

high temperatures. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Storage class Miscellaneous hazardous material storage.

Specific end uses(s)

**Specific end use(s)** The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

Reference to other sections. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10).

### 8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

### Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

### trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 200 ppm 793 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

## 1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5-decafluoropentane

No information available that would effect occupational exposure limit values.

## 1,1,1,3,3-PENTAFLUOROBUTANE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): SUP 1000 ppm

## HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 4240 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

### **METHANOL**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 200 ppm 262 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 250 ppm 328 mg/m³ Sk

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 200 ppm 260 mg/m³ ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

Sk = Danger of cutaneous absorption.

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

Ingredient comments WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits ACGIH = US Standard.

## **METHANOL (CAS: 67-56-1)**

Biological limit values 15 mg/l

## **Exposure controls**

### Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering

controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. Good general ventilation should be adequate to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the

product or ingredients.

**Eye/face protection**Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following

protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.

Hand protection No specific hand protection recommended. Avoid contact with skin.

Other skin and body

protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

Hygiene measures Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke

when using this product.

approved. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134.

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** Clear liquid. Aerosol.

Color Colorless.

Odor Slight. Ether.

Odor thresholdNo information available.pHNo information available.Melting pointNo information available.Initial boiling point and range37°C/99°F @ 101.3 kPa

**Flash point** The product is not flammable.

Evaporation rate

No information available.

Evaporation factor

No information available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

# FRC GENERAL PURPOSE FLUX REMOVER - FLUX REMOVER C, AEROSOL

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Lower flammable/explosive limit: 7.5 %(V) Upper flammable/explosive limit: 9.0 %(V)

Other flammability The product is not flammable. Aerosol ignition distance: none at 0.0 cm

Vapor pressure 65 kPa @ 25°C

Vapor density 4.0

Relative density 1.31

Bulk density

No information available.

Solubility(ies)

Slightly soluble in water.

No information available.

Auto-ignition temperature

No information available.

**Decomposition Temperature** No information available.

Viscosity No information available.

**Explosive properties** No information available.

Comments Aerosol.

**Global Warming Potential** 

(GWP)

Surface tension

**Refractive index**No information available.

Particle size Not applicable.

Molecular weight Not applicable.

Volatility 100%

Saturation concentration No information available.

Critical temperature No information available.

Volatile organic compound No information available.

Heat of vaporization (at boiling

point), cal/g (Btu/lb)

## 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** See the other subsections of this section for further details.

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No potentially hazardous reactions known.

Conditions to avoid Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Pressurised

container: may burst if heated

Materials to avoid

No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a

hazardous situation.

Hazardous decomposition products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 2,500.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 7,500.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>)

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 25.78

ATE inhalation (dusts/mists

mg/l)

12.5

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitization

Skin sensitization Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**IARC carcinogenicity**None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

development

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 2 - H371 May cause damage to organs .

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

**Aspiration hazard** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

# FRC GENERAL PURPOSE FLUX REMOVER - FLUX REMOVER C, AEROSOL

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

**Inhalation** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain or irritation. Intoxication.

Narcotic effect. Muscle weakness. Nausea, vomiting.

**Ingestion** Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.

Skin Contact A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain.

**Eye contact** May be slightly irritating to eyes. May cause discomfort.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

**Target Organs** No specific target organs known.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

### trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Other health effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

mg/kg)

7,902.0

Species Rat

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 7,902.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> 5,000.0

mg/kg)

**Species** 

Rat

**ATE dermal (mg/kg)** 5,000.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (vapours

11.0

mg/l)

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Prolonged and frequent contact may cause redness and irritation.

Animal data Slightly irritating. Rabbit

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

Supplier's information. Rabbit 500 mg 24 hours Causes mild skin irritation.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** No specific test data are available.

Skin sensitization

**Skin sensitization** No specific test data are available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.

**Genotoxicity - in vivo** This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.

# FRC GENERAL PURPOSE FLUX REMOVER - FLUX REMOVER C, AEROSOL

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity No specific test data are available.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure NOAEL Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 16 mg/l, 90 days

Target organs Endocrine system Liver Kidneys Bladder Respiratory tract

1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5-decafluoropentane

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀

mg/kg)

5,000.0

**Species** Rat

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 5,000.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> 5,000.0

mg/kg)

•

**Species** Rat

**ATE dermal (mg/kg)** 5,000.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

114.0

(LC<sub>50</sub> vapours mg/l)

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

114.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Not irritating. Rabbit

Human skin model test Data lacking.

**Extreme pH** Not applicable. Not corrosive to skin.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

Not irritating. Rabbit

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Data lacking.

Skin sensitization

**Skin sensitization** Not sensitizing. - Guinea pig: Not sensitizing.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.

# FRC GENERAL PURPOSE FLUX REMOVER - FLUX REMOVER C, AEROSOL

**Genotoxicity - in vivo** This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.

Carcinogenicity

**Carcinogenicity** Does not contain any substances known to be carcinogenic.

IARC carcinogenicity Not listed.

NTP carcinogenicity Not listed.

OSHA Carcinogenicity Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.

Skin Contact Skin irritation should not occur when used as recommended. May cause defatting

of the skin but is not an irritant.

Eye contact May cause eye irritation.

Acute and chronic health

hazards

There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

### 1,1,1,3,3-PENTAFLUOROBUTANE

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

mg/kg)

2,000.0

Species Rat

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 2,000.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

100,000.0

(LC50 vapours mg/l)

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours

100,000.0

mg/l)

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure LOAEL 75100 ppm, Inhalation,

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEC 6 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat

Target organs Liver Kidneys

HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane

Other health effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC<sub>50</sub> gases ppmV)

567,000.0

# FRC GENERAL PURPOSE FLUX REMOVER - FLUX REMOVER C, AEROSOL

**Species** Rat

ATE inhalation (gases

ppm)

567,000.0

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Inhalation Vapors irritate the respiratory system. May cause coughing and difficulties in

breathing.

Ingestion May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and

intoxication.

Skin Contact May cause allergic contact eczema. Contact with liquid form may cause frostbite.

**Eye contact** May cause temporary eye irritation.

**METHANOL** 

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Toxic if swallowed.

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 100.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅o) Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 300.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC50) Acute Tox. 3 - H331 Toxic if inhaled.

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

3.0

ATE inhalation

(dusts/mists mg/l)

0.5

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitization

**Skin sensitization** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Reproductive toxicity

# FRC GENERAL PURPOSE FLUX REMOVER - FLUX REMOVER C, AEROSOL

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 1 - H370 Causes damage to organs.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

**Aspiration hazard**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**General information** The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration

and the length of exposure.

**Inhalation** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Drowsiness, dizziness,

disorientation, vertigo. Unconsciousness. High concentrations may be fatal.

**Ingestion** May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause severe internal injury.

**Skin Contact** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain.

Eye contact No specific symptoms known.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

**Target Organs** No specific target organs known.

### 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** There are no data on the ecotoxicity of this product.

#### Ecological information on ingredients.

#### trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life. May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5-decafluoropentane

**Ecotoxicity** It is unlikely that the substance will dissolve in water in amounts big enough to have

a toxic effect on fish and daphnies.

**METHANOL** 

**Ecotoxicity** Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills

may have hazardous effects on the environment.

**Toxicity** Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Ecological information on ingredients.

#### trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours: 135 mg/l, Fish

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Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 220 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

LC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: 36.36 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Chronic aquatic toxicity

life stage

Chronic toxicity - fish early NOEC, 48 hours: 110,000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5-decafluoropentane

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 13.9 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

LC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 11.7 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: >120 mg/l, Algae

HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 450 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 980 mg/l, Daphnia magna

**METHANOL** 

**Toxicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: >100 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: >10000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Persistence and degradability

**Persistence and degradability** The degradability of the product is not known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Biodegradation Not readily biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

**METHANOL** 

Persistence and degradability

The degradability of the product is not known.

Bioaccumulative potential

**Bio-Accumulative Potential** No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient No information available.

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## Ecological information on ingredients.

## trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Bio-Accumulative Potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water-solubility of

this product.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 2.06

1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5-decafluoropentane

Bio-Accumulative Potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water-solubility of

this product.

Partition coefficient Pow: 2.7

HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane

Partition coefficient Pow: 1.06

**METHANOL** 

Bio-Accumulative Potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient : -0.77

Mobility in soil

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces.

Ecological information on ingredients.

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

**Mobility** The product has poor water-solubility.

**METHANOL** 

Mobility No data available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

**METHANOL** 

Other adverse effects None known.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

**General information** The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle

products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product

residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methods Do not empty into drains. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of

> the risk of an explosion. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers,

labeled with their contents.

### 14. Transport information

**UN Number** 

UN No. (IMDG) 1950 UN No. (ICAO) 1950

UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (TDG) LIMITED QUANTITY

Proper shipping name (IMDG) UN1950 AEROSOLS, NON-FLAMMABLE, 2.2, LIMITED QUANTITY

Proper shipping name (ICAO) UN1950 AEROSOLS, NON-FLAMMABLE, 2.2, LIMITED QUANTITY

LIMITED QUANTITY Proper shipping name (DOT)

Transport hazard class(es)

**IMDG Class** 2.2 LIMITED QUANTITY 2.2 LIMITED QUANTITY

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

ICAO class/division

**Transport in bulk according to** Not applicable. No information required.

### 15. Regulatory information

## **US Federal Regulations**

## SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

## CERCLA/Superfund, Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA)

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Final CERCLA RQ: 1000(454) pounds (Kilograms)

**METHANOL** 

Final CERCLA RQ: 5000(2270) pounds (Kilograms)

## SARA Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA Reportable Quantities

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### SARA 313 Emission Reporting

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

**METHANOL** 

1.0 %

## **CAA Accidental Release Prevention**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### FDA - Essential Chemical

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### FDA - Precursor Chemical

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

## SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### **OSHA Highly Hazardous Chemicals**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

## **US State Regulations**

## California Proposition 65 Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

**METHANOL** 

Developmental toxin.

## California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-I)

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

**METHANOL** 

### California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-II)

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### California Directors List of Hazardous Substances

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

**METHANOL** 

## Massachusetts "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

**METHANOL** 

## Rhode Island "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

**METHANOL** 

### Minnesota "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane

**METHANOL** 

### New Jersey "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

**METHANOL** 

### Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

**METHANOL** 

### Inventories

### Canada - DSL/NDSL

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

DSL

1,1,1,3,3-PENTAFLUOROBUTANE

DSL

HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane

DSL

**METHANOL** 

DSL

#### **US-TSCA**

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5-decafluoropentane

Present.

1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5-DECAFLUOROPENTANE (CAS# 138495-42-8) is controlled by TSCA Section 5, Significant New Use Rule

(SNUR; 40 CFR 721.5645) The approved uses are: precision and

general cleaning, carrier fluid, displacement drying,

printed circuit board cleaning, particulate removal and film

cleaning, process medium, heat transfer fluid (dielectric

and non-dielectric), and test fluid. Processors and users

of this substance must also comply with the applicable general SNUR requirements set forth in 40 CFR 721 subpart A,

including export notification requirements if applicable (40

CFR 721.20), and the applicable record keeping requirements

set forth at 40 CFR 721.125. 1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5-Decafluoropentane 138495-42-8

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) has established a Significant New Use Rule (SNUR) for one of the components in this product. This material contains one or more substances which requires export notification under TSCA Section 12(b) and 40 CFR Part 707 Subpart D:

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Present.

1,1,1,3,3-PENTAFLUOROBUTANE

Present.

HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane

Present.

**METHANOL** 

Present.

#### US - TSCA 12(b) Export Notification

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5-decafluoropentane

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

## 16. Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

TDG: The transport of dangerous goods act

IATA: International air transport association.

ICAO: Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air.

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods.

CAS: Chemical abstracts service. ATE: Acute toxicity estimate.

LC₅o: Lethal concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD<sub>50</sub>: Lethal dose to 50% of a test population (median lethal dose).

EC₅: 50% of maximal effective concentration.

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance.

vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations

and acronyms

Aerosol = Aerosol

STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure

Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

**Training advice** Only trained personnel should use this material.

Revision date 6/1/2021

Revision 77

Supersedes date 5/21/2021

SDS No. AEROSOL - FRC

SDS status Approved.

Hazard statements in full H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H301 Toxic if swallowed. H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H331 Toxic if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. USH03 May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.