

DIN-Signal 2C048FS-2,9C1-2-NFF

	Part number	09 23 248 6824 222
	Specification	DIN-Signal 2C048FS-2,9C1-2-NFF

Identification

Category	Connectors
Series	DIN 41612
Identification	Type 2C
Element	Female connector
Description of the contact	Straight
Features	lead-free

Version

Termination method	Wave soldering termination
Connection type	Motherboard to daughtercard Mezzanine
Number of contacts	48
Contact configuration	Rows a, b and c, positions 1, 2, ..., 15, 16
Termination length	2.9 mm
Coding	Coding with loss of contacts
PCB fixing	With fixing flange With snap-in clip

Technical characteristics

Contact rows	3
Contact spacing (termination side)	2.54 mm
Contact spacing (mating side)	2.54 mm
Rated current	2 A
Rated current	Rated current measured at 20 °C, see derating curve for details
Clearance distance	≥1 mm

Technical characteristics

Creepage distance	≥1 mm
Insulation resistance	>10 ¹¹ Ω
Contact resistance	≤20 mΩ
Limiting temperature	-55 ... +125 °C
Insertion and withdrawal force	≤45 N
Performance level	2 acc. to IEC 60603-2
Mating cycles	≥400
Test voltage U _{r.m.s.}	1 kV
Isolation group	II (400 ≤ CTI < 600)
PCB thickness	1.6 mm +2.4
Hot plugging	No

Material properties

Material (insert)	Thermoplastic resin, glass-fibre filled
Colour (insert)	RAL 7035 (light grey)
Material (contacts)	Copper alloy
Surface (contacts)	Noble metal over Ni Mating side Sn over Ni Termination side
Material flammability class acc. to UL 94	V-0
RoHS	compliant
ELV status	compliant
China RoHS	e
REACH Annex XVII substances	Not contained
REACH ANNEX XIV substances	Not contained
REACH SVHC substances	Not contained
California Proposition 65 substances	Yes
California Proposition 65 substances	Nickel

Specifications and approvals

Specifications	IEC 60603-2 (complementary)
Railway classification	F1/I2 acc. to NFF 16-101/102

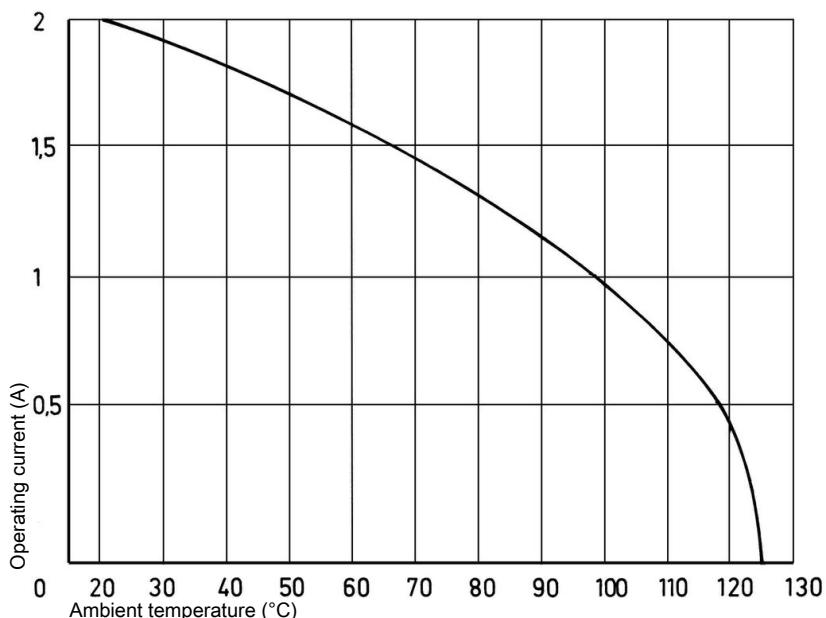
Commercial data

Packaging size	100
Net weight	8 g
Country of origin	Germany
European customs tariff number	85366990
GTIN	5713140384279
ETIM	EC002637
eCl@ss	27460201 PCB connector (board connector)

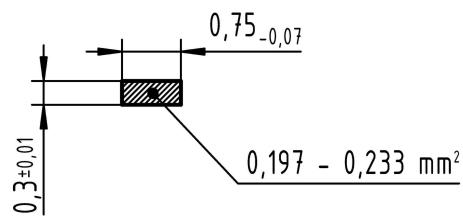
Current carrying capacity

The current carrying capacity of the connectors is limited by the thermal load capability of the contact element material including the connections and the insulating parts. The derating curve is therefore valid for currents which flow constantly (non-intermittent) through each contact element of the connector evenly, without exceeding the allowed maximum temperature.

Measuring and testing techniques acc. to IEC 60512-5-2



Cross section of solder termination



Coding with loss of contacts

To avoid cross-plugging of adjacent connectors a coding system is required.

The coding is achieved by means of a code pin which is inserted into the selected chamber of the female connector (the contact cavity must be filled with a female contact!).

The opposite male contact must be removed with the help of the specially designed tool. It's recommended to use a number of code pins in relation to the total number of contacts per connector: 3 pins for 64 contacts, 7 pins for 160 contacts

Coding pin 09 02 000 9901

Removal tool for male contacts 09 99 000 0133

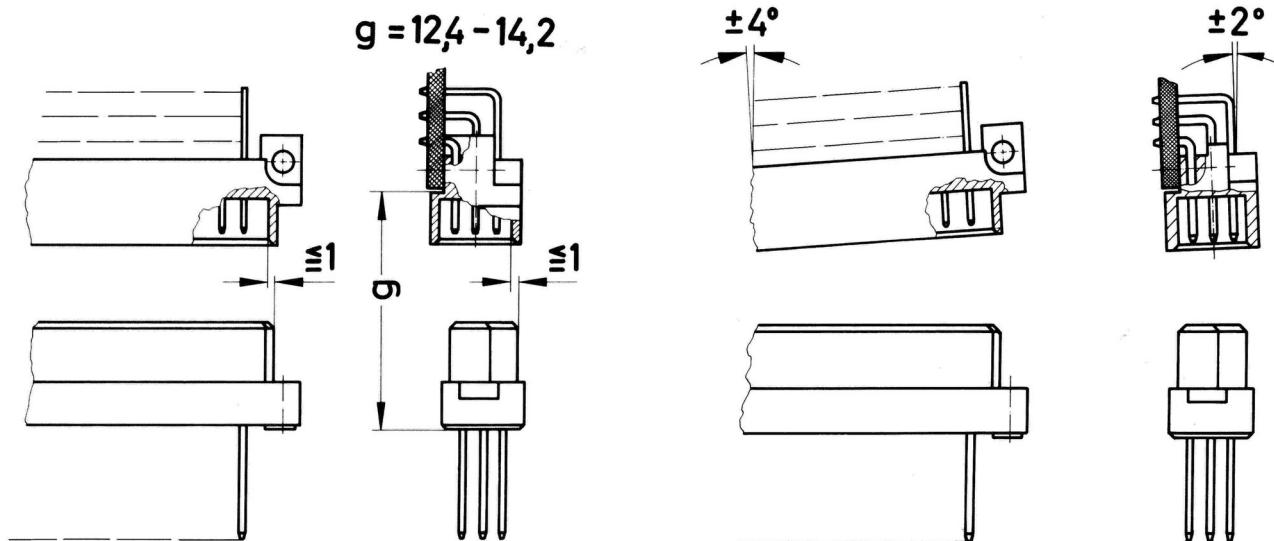
Soldering instructions

The connectors should be protected when being soldered. Otherwise, they might become contaminated as a result of soldering operations or deformed as a result of overheating.

1) For prototypes and short runs protect the connectors with an industrial adhesive tape, e.g. Tesaband 4331 (www.tesa.de). Cover the underside of the connector moulding and the adjacent parts of the pcb as well as the open sides of the connector. This will prevent heat and gases of the soldering apparatus from damaging the connector. About 140 + 5 mm of the tape should suffice.

2) For large series a jig is recommended. Its protective cover with a fast action mechanical locking device shields the connectors from gas and heat generated by the soldering apparatus. As an additional protection a foil can be used for covering the parts that should not be soldered.

Mating conditions



To ensure reliable connections and prevent unnecessary damage, please refer to the application data diagrams. These recommendations are set out in IEC 60603-2.

The connectors should not be coupled and decoupled under electrical load.