

Current Transducer LA 150-TP/SP1

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.









RØHS

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ACTRICA	ΙМ	-
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I_{PN}	Primary nominal RMS current		150		Α
I_{PM}	Primary current, measuring range		0 ±212 1)		Α
R_{M}	Measuring resistance		$R_{ m M min}$	$R_{ m M\ max}$	
	with ±12 V	@ ±150 A _{max}	0	40	Ω
		@ ±212 A _{max}	0	3	Ω
	With ±15 V	@ ±150 A _{max}	0	78	Ω
		@ ±212 A _{max}	0	30	Ω
I_{SN}	Secondary nominal RMS current		75		mΑ
K_{N}	Conversion ratio		1:20	00	
U_{c}	Supply voltage		±12	. 15	V
I_{C}	Current consumption		10 (@	$\pm 15 \text{ V}) + I_{\mathrm{S}}$	mΑ

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

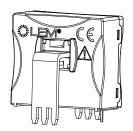
X	Accuracy @ I_{PN} , T_A = 25 °C	±0.5		%
$arepsilon_{ t L}$	Linearity error	< 0.1		%
_		Тур	Max	
I_{OE}	Electrical offset current @ I_p = 0, T_A = 25 °C		±0.10	mΑ
I_{OM}	Magnetic offset current @ $I_P = 0$ and specified R_M ,			
·	after an overload of 3 $\times I_{PN}$		±0.25	mΑ
I_{OT}	Temperature variation of $I_{\rm O}$ = -40 °C +85 °C	±0.15	±0.30	mA
$t_{\rm ra}$	Reaction time	< 300		ns
t_{r}	Step response time $^{2)}$ to 90 % of I_{PN}	< 500		ns
BW	Frequency bandwidth (-1 dB)	DC	150	kHz

General data

T_{A}	Ambient operating temperature	− 40 + 85	°C
$T_{\rm s}$	Ambient storage temperature	-40 + 90	°C
$R_{\rm S}$	Resistance of secondary winding @ T_A = 25 °C	64 ±2	Ω
m	Mass	< 35	g
	Standards	EN 50178: 1997	
		UL 508: 2013	

Notes: ¹⁾ $I_{\text{P max}}$ = 240 A, short circuit protection, continue time ≤ 400 µs, @ di/dt > 1 A/µs, 80 °C, U_{C} = ±12 V (±0.3 V), R_{M} ≤ 17 Ω , X ≤ 5 % ²⁾ For a di/dt = 100 A/µs.

$I_{PN} = 150 A$



Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall effect
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Special features

- Basic insulation voltage: 1500 V
- · Special busbar.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- · Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- · Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- · Current overload capability.

Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Application domain

• Industrial.



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In	sulation coordination		
U_{d}	RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	5.0	kV
$U_{d} \ \hat{U}_{W}$	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 µs	10	kV
U_{e}	Partial discharge extinction RMS voltage @ 10 pC	1.3	kV
		Min	
d_{Cp}	Creepage distance	13	mm
$d_{Cp} \ d_{Cl}$	Clearance	13	mm
CTI	Comparative Tracking Index (group I)	600	

Applications examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
$d_{\mathrm{Cp}},d_{\mathrm{CI}},\hat{U}_{\mathrm{W}}$	Rated insulation voltage	Nominal voltage
Basic insulation	1500 V	2500 V
Reinforced insulation	600 V	600 V

Safety

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



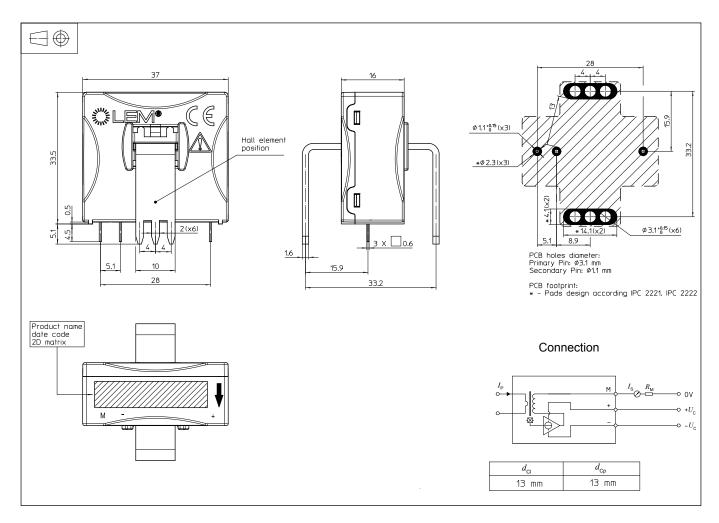
Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply). Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation. A protective housing or additional shield could be used. Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



Dimensions LA 150-TP/SP1 (in mm)



Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance
- Fastening & connection of primary Recommended PCB hole
- Fastening & connection of secondary Recommended PCB hole

±0.5 mm 6 pins 2 × 1.6 mm Ø 3.1 mm 3 pins 0.6 × 0.6 mm Ø 1.1 mm

Remarks

- $I_{\rm S}$ is positive when $I_{\rm P}$ flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100 °C.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: Products/Product Documentation.
- Dynamic performances (di/dt and response time) are best with a single bar completely filling the primary hole.