

Reference Specification

Leaded MLCC for Consumer Electronics & Industrial Equipment RDE Series

Product specifications in this catalog are as of Apr. 2024, and are subject to change or obsolescence without notice.

Please consult the approval sheet before ordering. Please read rating and Cautions first.

⚠ CAUTION

1. OPERATING VOLTAGE

Do not apply a voltage to the capacitor that exceeds the rated voltage as called out in the specifications.

- 1-1. Applied voltage between the terminals of a capacitor shall be less than or equal to the rated voltage.
- (1) When AC voltage is superimposed on DC voltage, the zero-to-peak voltage shall not exceed the rated DC voltage. When AC voltage or pulse voltage is applied, the peak-to-peak voltage shall not exceed the rated DC voltage.
- (2) Abnormal voltages (surge voltage, static electricity, pulse voltage, etc.) shall not exceed the rated DC voltage.

Typical Voltage Applied to the DC Capacitor

DC Voltage	DC+AC Voltage	AC Voltage	Pulse Voltage				
E	E	E	E				

(E: Maximum possible applied voltage.)

1-2. Influence of over voltage

Over voltage that is applied to the capacitor may result in an electrical short circuit caused by the breakdown of the internal dielectric layers. The time duration until breakdown depends on the applied voltage and the ambient temperature.

Use a safety standard certified capacitor in a power supply input circuit (AC filter), as it is also necessary to consider the withstand voltage and impulse withstand voltage defined for each device.

2. OPERATING TEMPERATURE AND SELF-GENERATED HEAT

Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself.

When the capacitor is used in a high-frequency current, pulse current or the like, it may have the self-generated heat due to dielectric-loss. In case of Class 2 capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied to the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied to the load such as self-generated h

Since the self-heating is low in the Class 1 capacitors (Temp.Char.: C0G,U2J,X8G, etc.), the allowable power becomes extremely high compared to the Class 2 capacitors.

However, when a load with self-heating of 20°C is applied at the rated voltage, the allowable power may be exceeded. Please confirm that there is no rising trend of the capacitor's surface temperature and that the surface temperature of the capacitor does not exceed the maximum operating temperature.

Excessive generation of heat may cause deterioration of the characteristics and reliability of the capacitor.

When measuring the self-heating temperature, be aware that accurate measurement may not be possible due to the following effects.

- The heat generated by other parts
- Air flow such as convection and cooling fans
- Temperature sensor used for measuring surface temperature of capacitor
 In the case using a thermocouple, it is recommended that use a K thermocouple of Φ0.1mm with less heat capacity.

3. FAIL-SAFE

Capacitors that are cracked by dropping or bending of the board may cause deterioration of the insulation resistance, and result in a short.

If the circuit being used may cause an electrical shock, smoke or fire when a capacitor is shorted, be sure to install fail-safe functions, such as a fuse, to prevent secondary accidents.

4. OPERATING AND STORAGE ENVIRONMENT

The insulating coating of capacitors does not form a perfect seal; therefore, do not use or store capacitors in a corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. And avoid exposure to moisture. Before cleaning, bonding, or molding this product, verify that these processes do not affect product quality by testing the performance of a cleaned, bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity do not exceed 5 to 40 °C and 20 to 70%. Use capacitors within 6 months.

Use capacitors within 6 months after delivered. Check the solderability after 6 months or more. Due to moisture condensation caused by rapid humidity changes, or the photochemical change caused by direct sunlight on the terminal electrodes, the solderability and electrical performance may deteriorate. Do not store capacitors under direct sunlight or in high humidity conditions.

5. VIBRATION AND IMPACT

Do not expose a capacitor or its leads to excessive shock or vibration during use.

- 5-1. Mechanical shock due to being dropped may cause damage or a crack in the dielectric material of the capacitor.
 - Do not use a dropped capacitor because the quality and reliability may be deteriorated.
- 5-2. Excessive shock or vibration may cause to fatigue destruction of lead wires mounted on the circuit board. If necessary, take measures to hold a capacitor on the circuit boards by adhesive, molding resin or coating and other.
 - Please confirm there is no influence of holding measures on the product with an intended equipment.

6. SOLDERING

When soldering this product to a PCB/PWB, do not exceed the solder heat resistance specification of the capacitor. Subjecting this product to excessive heating could melt the internal junction solder and may result in thermal shocks that can crack the ceramic element.

Please verify that the soldering process does not affect the quality of capacitors.

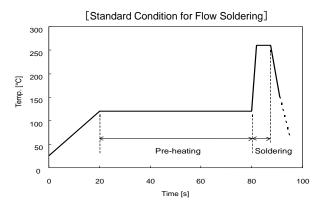
6-1. Flow Soldering

Soldering temperature : 260 °C max.

Soldering time : 7.5 s max.

Preheating temperature : 120 °C max.

Preheating time : 60 s max.



6-2. Reflow Soldering

Do not apply reflow soldering.

6-3. Soldering Iron

Temperature of iron-tip : 350 °C max.
Soldering iron wattage : 60 W max.
Soldering time : 3.5 s max.

7. BONDING AND RESIN MOLDING, RESIN COAT

In case of bonding, molding or coating this product, verify that these processes do not affect the quality of capacitor by testing the performance of a bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. In case of the amount of applications, dryness / hardening conditions of adhesives and molding resins containing organic solvents (ethyl acetate, methyl ethyl ketone, toluene, etc.) are unsuitable, the outer coating resin of a capacitor is damaged by the organic solvents and it may result, worst case, in a short circuit.

The variation in thickness of adhesive or molding resin may cause a outer coating resin cracking and/or ceramic element cracking of a capacitor in a temperature cycling.

8. TREATMENT AFTER BONDING AND RESIN MOLDING, RESIN COAT

When the outer coating is hot (over 100 °C) after soldering, it becomes soft and fragile.

So please be careful not to give it mechanical stress.

Failure to follow the above cautions may result, worst case, in a short circuit and cause fuming or partial dispersion when the product is used.

9. LIMITATION OF APPLICATIONS

The products listed in the specification(hereinafter the product(s) is called as the "Product(s)") are designed and manufactured for applications specified in the specification. (hereinafter called as the "Specific Application")

We shall not warrant anything in connection with the Products including fitness, performance, adequateness, safety, or quality, in the case of applications listed in from (1) to (11) written at the end of this precautions, which may generally require high performance, function, quality, management of production or safety.

Therefore, the Product shall be applied in compliance with the specific application.

WE DISCLAIM ANY LOSS AND DAMAGES ARISING FROM OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE PRODUCTS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE CASE SUCH LOSS AND DAMAGES CAUSED BY THE UNEXPECTED ACCIDENT, IN EVENT THAT (i) THE PRODUCT IS APPLIED FOR THE PURPOSE WHICH IS NOT SPECIFIED AS THE SPECIFIC APPLICATION FOR THE PRODUCT, AND/OR (ii) THE PRODUCT IS APPLIED FOR ANY FOLLOWING APPLICATION PURPOSES FROM (1) TO (11) (EXCEPT THAT SUCH APPLICATION PURPOSE IS UNAMBIGUOUSLY SPECIFIED AS SPECIFIC APPLICATION FOR THE PRODUCT IN OUR CATALOG SPECIFICATION FORMS, DATASHEETS, OR OTHER DOCUMENTS OFFICIALLY ISSUED BY US*)

- 1. Aircraft equipment
- 2. Aerospace equipment
- 3. Undersea equipment
- 4. Power plant control equipment
- 5. Medical equipment
- 6. Transportation equipment
- 7. Traffic control equipment
- 8. Disaster prevention/security equipment
- 9. Industrial data-processing equipment
- 10. Combustion/explosion control equipment
- 11. Equipment with complexity and/or required reliability equivalent to the applications listed in the above.

For exploring information of the Products which will be compatible with the particular purpose other than those specified in the specification, please contact our sales offices, distribution agents, or trading companies with which you make a deal, or via our web contact form.

Contact form: https://www.murata.com/contactform

*We may design and manufacture particular Products for applications listed in (1) to (11). Provided that, in such case we shall unambiguously specify such Specific Application in the specification without any exception.

Therefore, any other documents and/or performances, whether exist or non-exist, shall not be deemed as the evidence to imply that we accept the applications listed in (1) to (11).

NOTICE

1. CLEANING

- 1-1. Please evaluate the capacitor using actual cleaning equipment and conditions to confirm the quality, and select the solvent for cleaning.
- 1-2. Unsuitable cleaning may leave residual flux or other foreign substances, causing deterioration of electrical characteristics and the reliability of the capacitors.
- 1-3. To perform ultrasonic cleaning, observe the following conditions.

Rinse bath capacity: Output of 20 watts per liter or less.

Rinsing time: 5 min maximum.

Do not vibrate the PCB/PWB directly.

Excessive ultrasonic cleaning may lead to fatigue destruction of the lead wires.

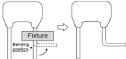
2. SOLDERING AND MOUNTING

2-1. Insert the lead wire into the PCB with a distance appropriate to the lead space.

If the lead wires are inserted into different spacing holes, cracks may occur in the outer resin or the internal element.

2-2. When bending the lead wire, excessive force applied to the capacitor body may cause cracks in the outer resin or the internal element. Hold the lead wire closer to the capacitor body than the lead wire bending position with the fixture, then bend it.

(See the right figure)



- 2-3. When cutting and clinching the lead wire, do not apply excessive force to the capacitor body.
- 2-4. When soldering, insert the lead wire into the PCB without mechanically stressing the lead wire.

3. CAPACITANCE CHANGE OF CAPACITORS

Class 2 capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L etc.)

Class 2 capacitors an aging characteristic, whereby the capacitor continually decreases its capacitance slightly if the capacitor leaves for a long time. Moreover, capacitance might change greatly depending on a surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. So, it is not likely to be able to use for the time constant circuit.

Please contact us if you need a detail information.

4. CHARACTERISTICS EVALUATION IN THE ACTUAL SYSTEM

- 4-1. Evaluate the capacitor in the actual system, to confirm that there is no problem with the performance and specification values in a finished product before using.
- 4-2. Since a voltage dependency and temperature dependency exists in the capacitance of Class 2 ceramic capacitors, the capacitance may change depending on the operating conditions in the actual system. Therefore, be sure to evaluate the various characteristics, such as the leakage current and noise absorptivity, which will affect the capacitance value of the capacitor.
- 4-3. In addition, voltages exceeding the predetermined surge may be applied to the capacitor by the inductance in the actual system.

Evaluate the surge resistance in the actual system as required.

4-4. When using Class 2 ceramic capacitors in AC or pulse circuits, the capacitor itself vibrates at specific frequencies and noise may be generated. Moreover, when the mechanical vibration or shock is added to capacitor, noise may occur.

\triangle NOTE

- 1. Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- 2. You are requested not to use our product deviating from this product specification.

1. Application

This product specification is applied to Leaded MLCC RDE series.

- 1. Specific applications:
- •Consumer Equipment: Products that can be used in consumer equipment such as home appliances, audio/visual equipment, communication equipment, information equipment, office equipment, and household robotics, and whose functions are not directly related to the protection of human life and property.
- •Industrial Equipment: Products that can be used in industrial equipment such as base stations, manufacturing equipment, industrial robotics equipment, and measurement equipment, and whose functions do not directly relate to the protection of human life and property.
- · Medial Equipment [GHTF A/B/C] except for Implant Equipment: Products suitable for use in medical devices designated under the GHTF international classifications as Class A or Class B (the functions of which are not directly involved in protection of human life or property) or in medical devices other than implants designated under the GHTF international classifications as Class C (the malfunctioning of which is considered to pose a comparatively high risk to the human body).
- · Automotive infotainment/comfort equipment: Products that can be used for automotive equipment such as car navigation systems and car audio systems that do not directly relate to human life and whose structure, equipment, and performance are not specifically required by law to meet technical standards for safety assurance or environmental protection.
- 2.Unsuitable Application: Applications listed in "Limitation of applications" in this product specification.

2. Rating

• Part Number Configuration

ex.) **RDE** 943 E1 H03 Series Temperature Rated Capacitance Capacitance Individual Dimension Lead Package Characteristics Tolerance Specification Voltage (LxW) Style

• Temperature Characteristics

Code	Temp. Char.	Temp. Range	Temp.coef.	Standard Temp.	Operating Temp. Range
7U	U2J	-55∼25°C	-750+120/-347ppm/°C	25°C	-55∼125°C
70	(EIA code)	25∼125°C	-750+/-120ppm/°C	25 0	-55° 125 C

· Rated Voltage

Code	Rated voltage
2E	DC250V
2J	DC630V
3A	DC1000V

Capacitance

The first two digits denote significant figures; the last digit denotes the multiplier of 10 in pF. ex.) In case of 943.

 $94 \times 10^3 = 94000 \text{ pF}$

Capacitance Tolerance

Ī	0 1	
	Code	Capacitance Tolerance
	J	+/-5%

• Dimension (LxW)

Please refer to [Part number list].

• Lead Style

*Lead wire is "solder coated CP wire".

Code	Lead Style	Lead spacing (mm)
B1	Straight type	5.0+/-0.8
E1	Straight taping type	5.0+0.6/-0.2
K1	Inside crimp type	5.0+/-0.8
M1	Inside crimp taping type	5.0+0.6/-0.2

• Individual Specification

Murata's control code.

Please refer to [Part number list].

Package

· <u></u>	
Code	Package
Α	Taping type of Ammo
В	Bulk type

3. Marking

Temp. char. : Letter code : U (U2J Char.)

Capacitance : Actual numbers (Less than 100pF)

3 digit numbers (100pF and over)

Capacitance tolerance : Code

Rated voltage : Letter code : 4 (DC250V. Except dimension code : 1)

Letter code : 7 (DC630V) Letter code : A (DC1000V)

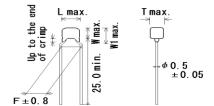
Company name code : Abbreviation : (Except dimension code : 1)

(Ex.)

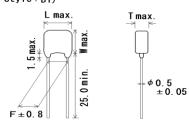
(EX.)			
Rated voltage Dimension code	DC250V	DC630V	DC1000V
1	U 102J	-	-
2	(M 103 J4U	€ 472 J7U	€ 102 JAU
3,4	C 473 J4U	@ 103 J7U	@ 472 JAU
5,U	-	6 943 J7U	6 203 JAU

4. Part number list

·Inside Crimp (Lead Style:K*)

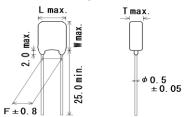


•Straight Long (Lead Style: B1)

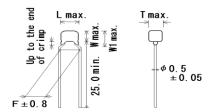


										Offit . Iffiff		
Customer	Murata Part Number	T.C.	DC Rated	Cap.	Cap.		Dime	ension (mm)		Dimension (LxW)	Pac
Part Number	ividiata i art ivanisci	1.0.	Volt. (V)	Oup.	Tol.	L	W	W1	F	Т	Lead Style	
	RDE7U2E101J1K1H03B	U2J	250	100pF	±5%	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	50
	RDE7U2E151J1K1H03B	U2J	250	150pF	±5%	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	50
	RDE7U2E221J1K1H03B	U2J	250	220pF	±5%	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	50
	RDE7U2E331J1K1H03B	U2J	250	330pF	±5%	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	50
	RDE7U2E471J1K1H03B	U2J	250	470pF	±5%	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	50
	RDE7U2E681J1K1H03B	U2J	250	680pF	±5%	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	50
	RDE7U2E102J1K1H03B	U2J	250	1000pF	±5%	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RDE7U2E152J1K1H03B	U2J	250	1500pF	±5%	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	50
	RDE7U2E222J1K1H03B	U2J	250	2200pF	±5%	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RDE7U2E332J1K1H03B	U2J	250	3300pF	±5%	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RDE7U2E472J1K1H03B	U2J	250	4700pF	±5%	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RDE7U2E682J2K1H03B	U2J	250	6800pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RDE7U2E103J2K1H03B	U2J	250	10000pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RDE7U2E153J2K1H03B	U2J	250	15000pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RDE7U2E223J2K1H03B	U2J	250	22000pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RDE7U2E333J3K1H03B	U2J	250	33000pF	±5%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	3K1	5
	RDE7U2E473J3K1H03B	U2J	250	47000pF	±5%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	3K1	5
	RDE7U2J100J2K1H03B	U2J	630	10pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RDE7U2J150J2K1H03B	U2J	630	15pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RDE7U2J220J2K1H03B	U2J	630	22pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RDE7U2J330J2K1H03B	U2J	630	33pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RDE7U2J470J2K1H03B	U2J	630	47pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RDE7U2J680J2K1H03B	U2J	630	68pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RDE7U2J101J2K1H03B	U2J	630	100pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RDE7U2J151J2K1H03B	U2J	630	150pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RDE7U2J221J2K1H03B	U2J	630	220pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RDE7U2J331J2K1H03B	U2J	630	330pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RDE7U2J471J2K1H03B	U2J	630	470pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RDE7U2J681J2K1H03B	U2J	630	680pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RDE7U2J102J2K1H03B	U2J	630	1000pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RDE7U2J152J2K1H03B	U2J	630	1500pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RDE7U2J222J2K1H03B	U2J	630	2200pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RDE7U2J332J2K1H03B	U2J	630	3300pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RDE7U2J472J2K1H03B	U2J	630	4700pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RDE7U2J682J3K1H03B	U2J	630	6800pF	±5%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0		5
	RDE7U2J103J3K1H03B	U2J	630	10000pF	±5%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0		5
	RDE7U2J153J4K1H03B	U2J	630	15000pF	±5%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0		5
	RDE7U2J223J4K1H03B	U2J	630	22000pF	±5%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0		5
	RDE7U2J333J5B1H03B	U2J	630	33000pF	±5%	7.5	8.0	-	5.0	4.0		5
	RDE7U2J473J5B1H03B	U2J	630	47000pF	±5%	7.5	8.0		5.0	4.0		5

 Straight Long (Dimension(LxW) Lead Style:UB1)

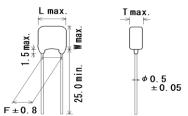


·Inside Crimp (Lead Style:K*)

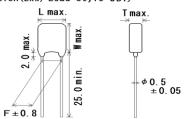


Customer	Murata Part Number	T.C.	DC Rated	Con	Cap.		Dime		Dimension			
Part Number		1.0.	Volt. (V)	Сар.	Tol.	L	W	W1	F	Т	(LxW) Lead Style	qty. (pcs)
	RDE7U2J943JUB1H03B	U2J	630	94000pF	±5%	7.7	13.0	-	5.0	4.0	UB1	200
	RDE7U3A100J2K1H03B	U2J	1000	10pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDE7U3A150J2K1H03B	U2J	1000	15pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDE7U3A220J2K1H03B	U2J	1000	22pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDE7U3A330J2K1H03B	U2J	1000	33pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDE7U3A470J2K1H03B	U2J	1000	47pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDE7U3A680J2K1H03B	U2J	1000	68pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDE7U3A101J2K1H03B	U2J	1000	100pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDE7U3A151J2K1H03B	U2J	1000	150pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDE7U3A221J2K1H03B	U2J	1000	220pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDE7U3A331J2K1H03B	U2J	1000	330pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDE7U3A471J2K1H03B	U2J	1000	470pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDE7U3A681J2K1H03B	U2J	1000	680pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDE7U3A102J2K1H03B	U2J	1000	1000pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDE7U3A152J3K1H03B	U2J	1000	1500pF	±5%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	3K1	500
	RDE7U3A222J3K1H03B	U2J	1000	2200pF	±5%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	3K1	500
	RDE7U3A332J4K1H03B	U2J	1000	3300pF	±5%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	4K1	500
_	RDE7U3A472J4K1H03B	U2J	1000	4700pF	±5%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	4K1	500

• Straight Long (Lead Style: B1)



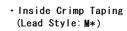
 Straight Long (Dimension(LxW) Lead Style:UB1)

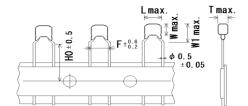


Unit : mm

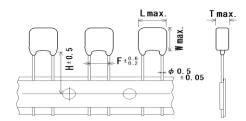
Customer Part Number	Murata Part Number	T.C.	DC Rated Volt. (V)	Сар.	Cap. Tol.		Dime		Dimension (LxW)			
						L	W	W1	F	Т	Lead Style	qty. (pcs)
	RDE7U3A682J5B1H03B	U2J	1000	6800pF	±5%	7.5	8.0	-	5.0	4.0	5B1	500
	RDE7U3A103J5B1H03B	U2J	1000	10000pF	±5%	7.5	8.0	-	5.0	4.0	5B1	500
	RDE7U3A203JUB1H03B	U2J	1000	20000pF	±5%	7.7	13.0	-	5.0	4.0	UB1	200

PNLIST



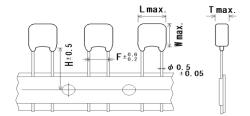




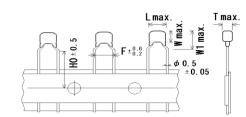


								Offile . Hilli					
Customer	Murata Part Number	T.C.	DC Rated	Cap.	Cap.		Di		Dimension (LxW)	Pac qty			
Part Number	Marata Fart Namber	1.0.	Volt. (V)	оцр.	Tol.	L	W	W1	F	Т	H/H0	Lead Style	
	RDE7U2E101J1M1H03A	U2J	250	100pF	±5%	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	200
	RDE7U2E151J1M1H03A	U2J	250	150pF	±5%	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	200
	RDE7U2E221J1M1H03A	U2J	250	220pF	±5%	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	200
	RDE7U2E331J1M1H03A	U2J	250	330pF	±5%	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	200
	RDE7U2E471J1M1H03A	U2J	250	470pF	±5%	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	200
	RDE7U2E681J1M1H03A	U2J	250	680pF	±5%	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RDE7U2E102J1M1H03A	U2J	250	1000pF	±5%	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RDE7U2E152J1M1H03A	U2J	250	1500pF	±5%	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RDE7U2E222J1M1H03A	U2J	250	2200pF	±5%	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RDE7U2E332J1M1H03A	U2J	250	3300pF	±5%	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RDE7U2E472J1M1H03A	U2J	250	4700pF	±5%	4.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RDE7U2E682J2M1H03A	U2J	250	6800pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RDE7U2E103J2M1H03A	U2J	250	10000pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RDE7U2E153J2M1H03A	U2J	250	15000pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RDE7U2E223J2M1H03A	U2J	250	22000pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RDE7U2E333J3M1H03A	U2J	250	33000pF	±5%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	16.0	3M1	20
	RDE7U2E473J3M1H03A	U2J	250	47000pF	±5%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	16.0	3M1	20
	RDE7U2J100J2M1H03A	U2J	630	10pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RDE7U2J150J2M1H03A	U2J	630	15pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RDE7U2J220J2M1H03A	U2J	630	22pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RDE7U2J330J2M1H03A	U2J	630	33pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RDE7U2J470J2M1H03A	U2J	630	47pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RDE7U2J680J2M1H03A	U2J	630	68pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RDE7U2J101J2M1H03A	U2J	630	100pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RDE7U2J151J2M1H03A	U2J	630	150pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RDE7U2J221J2M1H03A	U2J	630	220pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RDE7U2J331J2M1H03A	U2J	630	330pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RDE7U2J471J2M1H03A	U2J	630	470pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RDE7U2J681J2M1H03A	U2J	630	680pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RDE7U2J102J2M1H03A	U2J	630	1000pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RDE7U2J152J2M1H03A	U2J	630	1500pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RDE7U2J222J2M1H03A	U2J	630	2200pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RDE7U2J332J2M1H03A	U2J	630	3300pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RDE7U2J472J2M1H03A	U2J	630	4700pF	±5%	5.5	4.0			3.15			20
	RDE7U2J682J3M1H03A	U2J	630	6800pF	±5%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0			3M1	20
	RDE7U2J103J3M1H03A	U2J	630	10000pF	±5%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	16.0	3M1	20
	RDE7U2J153J4M1H03A	U2J	630	15000pF	±5%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	16.0	4M1	15
	RDE7U2J223J4M1H03A	U2J	630	22000pF	±5%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	16.0	4M1	15
	RDE7U2J333J5E1H03A	U2J	630	33000pF	±5%	7.5	8.0	3.0	5.0	4.0	17.5	5E1	15
	RDE7U2J333J5E1H03A RDE7U2J473J5E1H03A	U2J	630	47000pF	±5%	7.5 7.5	8.0		5.0	4.0	17.5	5E1	15

Straight Taping (Lead Style:E*)



Inside Crimp Taping (Lead Style: M*)



Customer	Museus Deut Nieuwhen		DC Rated	0	Cap.		D	imensi	on (mr	n)		Dimension	
Part Number	Murata Part Number	T.C.	Volt. (V)	Cap.	Tol.	L	W	W1	F	Т	H/H0	(LxW) Lead Style	qty. (pcs)
	RDE7U2J943JUE1H03A	U2J	630	94000pF	±5%	7.7	13.0	-	5.0	4.0	17.5	UE1	1500
	RDE7U3A100J2M1H03A	U2J	1000	10pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDE7U3A150J2M1H03A	U2J	1000	15pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDE7U3A220J2M1H03A	U2J	1000	22pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDE7U3A330J2M1H03A	U2J	1000	33pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDE7U3A470J2M1H03A	U2J	1000	47pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDE7U3A680J2M1H03A	U2J	1000	68pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDE7U3A101J2M1H03A	U2J	1000	100pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDE7U3A151J2M1H03A	U2J	1000	150pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDE7U3A221J2M1H03A	U2J	1000	220pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDE7U3A331J2M1H03A	U2J	1000	330pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDE7U3A471J2M1H03A	U2J	1000	470pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDE7U3A681J2M1H03A	U2J	1000	680pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDE7U3A102J2M1H03A	U2J	1000	1000pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDE7U3A152J3M1H03A	U2J	1000	1500pF	±5%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	16.0	3M1	2000
	RDE7U3A222J3M1H03A	U2J	1000	2200pF	±5%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	16.0	3M1	2000
	RDE7U3A332J4M1H03A	U2J	1000	3300pF	±5%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	16.0	4M1	1500
	RDE7U3A472J4M1H03A	U2J	1000	4700pF	±5%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	16.0	4M1	1500
	RDE7U3A682J5E1H03A	U2J	1000	6800pF	±5%	7.5	8.0	-	5.0	4.0	17.5	5E1	1500
	RDE7U3A103J5E1H03A	U2J	1000	10000pF	±5%	7.5	8.0	-	5.0	4.0	17.5	5E1	1500
	RDE7U3A203JUE1H03A	U2J	1000	20000pF	±5%	7.7	13.0	-	5.0	4.0	17.5	UE1	1500

Reference only

5.Spe	cification		Keieleii	•				
No.	T	t Item	Specification	Test Method (Ref. Standard:JIS C 5101(all parts), IEC60384(all parts))				
1	Appearance		No defects or abnormalities.	Visual inspection.				
	Dimension and	1	Within the specified dimensions and	Visual inspection, Using Caliper.				
-	Marking		Marking.	The state of the s				
3	Dielectric Strength	Between Terminals	No defects or abnormalities.	The capacitor should not be damaged when voltage of in Table is applied between the terminations for 1 to 5 seconds. (Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA.) Rated voltage Test voltage DC250V 200% of the rated voltage DC630V 150% of the rated voltage DC1kV 130% of the rated voltage				
		Terminal To External Resin	No defects or abnormalities.	The capacitor is placed in a container with metal balls of 1mm diameter so that each terminal, short-circuit,				
				is kept approximately 2mm from the balls, and voltage in Table is impressed for 1 to 5 seconds between capacitor terminals and metal balls. (Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA.)				
				Rated voltage				
	l			DC630V•DC1kV DC1300V				
4	Insulation Resistance (I.R.)	Between Terminals	10,000MΩ or 500MΩ·μF min. (Whichever is smaller)	The insulation resistance should be measured with DC500±50V (DC250±25V in case of rated voltage : DC250V) at normal temperature and humidity and within 2 minutes of charging. (Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA.)				
5	Capacitance		Within the specified tolerance.	The capacitance, Q should be measured at 25°C at the frequency and voltage shown in the table.				
6	3 Q		$30pF \le C : Q \ge 1,000$ $30pF > C : Q \ge 400+20C$	Nominal Cap. Frequency Voltage				
			C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)	C≤1000pF 1±0.2MHz AC0.5 to 5V(r.m.s.) C > 1000pF 1±0.2kHz AC1±0.2V(r.m.s.)				
7	Capacitance Temperature Characteristics		Within the specified Tolerance. 25°C to 125°C: -750±120 ppm/°C -55°C to 25°C: -750+120/-347 ppm/°C	The capacitance change should be measured after 5 minutes at each specified temperature stage. The temperature coefficient is determined using the capacitance measured in step 3 as a reference. When cycling the temperature sequentially from step 1 through 5 (-55°C to 125°C) the capacitance should be within the specified tolerance for the temperature coefficient. Step Temperature(°C) 1 25±2 2 -55±3 3 25±2 4 125±3 5 25±2				
8	Terminal Tensile Termination not to be broken or loosened. Strength Strength			As in the figure, fix the capacitor body, apply the force gradually to each lead in the radial direction of the capacitor until reaching 10N and then keep applied the force for 10±1 seconds.				
		Bending Strength	Termination not to be broken or loosened.	Each lead wire should be subjected to a force of 2.5N and then be bent 90° at the point of egress in one direction. Each wire is then returned to the original position and bent 90° in the opposite direction at the rate of one bend per 2 to 3 seconds.				
9	Vibration	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	The capacitor should be subjected to a simple				
	Resistance		$30pF \le C : Q \ge 1,000$ $30pF > C : Q \ge 400+20C$	harmonic motion having a total amplitude of 1.5mm, the frequency being varied uniformly between the approximate limits of 10Hz and 55Hz. The frequency range, from 10Hz to 55Hz and return to 10Hz, shall be traversed in approximately 1 minute. This motion shall be applied for a period of 2 hours in each 3				
ESRD				mutually perpendicular directions (total of 6 hours).				

ESRDE111B

Reference only

lo.	Test	Item	Specification	1	Test Metho	od (Ref. Stand	ard:JIS C 510	01(all parts). IE	C60384(all p	
0.	Solderability	-	Solder is deposited on unintermittently							
10	Coldcrability		immersed portion in axial direction	ethanol (25% rosin in weight propotion). Immerse in solder solution for 2±0.5 seconds.						
			covering 3/4 or more in circumferential							
) ma ma	
			direction of lead wires.		In both cases the depth of dipping is up to about 1.5 to 2mm from the terminal body.					
					ip. of solde	er : 245±5°C(Sn-3.0Ag-0.5	oCu)		
1-1	Resistance Appearance		No defects or abnormalities.	The lead wires should be immersed in the melted solder 1.5 to 2.0mm						
	to	Capacitance	Within ±2.5% or ±0.25pF	from	the root o	of terminal at 2	.60±5°C for 1	0±1 seconds.		
	Soldering	Change	(Whichever is larger)		4 _					
	Heat	Dielectric	No defects	• Po	st-treatme	nt				
	(Non-	Strength		Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hours at *room condition				ndition.		
	Preheat)	(Between								
		terminals)								
1-2	Resistance	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	Firs	the capac	itor should be	stored at 12	0+0/-5°C for 60)+0/-5 second	
	to	Capacitance	Within ±2.5% or ±0.25pF		First the capacitor should be stored at 120+0/-5°C for 60+0/-5 seconds. Then, the lead wires should be immersed in the melted solder					
	Soldering	Change	(Whichever is larger)							
	Heat	Dielectric	No defects	\dashv	1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal at 260±5°C for 7.5+0/-1 seconds. • Post-treatment					
	(On-Preheat)	Strength		• Po						
	(Between				Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hours at *room condition.					
		terminals)		Сар	Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hours at "room condition.					
11 2	Resistance	· · · · ·	No defects or obnermalising	т	condition					
11-3		Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.				-0.4000			
	to Coldonina	Capacitance	Within ±2.5% or ±0.25pF		Temperature of iron-tip : 350±10°C Soldering time : 3.5±0.5 seconds Soldering position					
	Soldering	Change	(Whichever is larger)							
	Heat	Dielectric	No defects	Solo						
	(soldering	Strength		Str	Straight Lead: 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal.					
	iron method)	(Between		Crimp Lead: 1.5 to 2.0mm from the end of lead bend.						
	terminals)									
				• Po	st-treatme	nt				
				Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hours at *room condition.						
12	Temperature	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	Rep	eat 5 cycle	es according to	the 4 heat	treatments list	ed in the	
	Cycle	Capacitance	Within ±5% or ±0.5pF	follo	wing table	Ē				
		Change	(Whichever is larger)	Set	at *room c	ondition for 24	1±2 hours, the	en measure.		
		Q	30pF ≦ C : Q ≧ 350			ı	1			
			10pF ≤ C < 30pF : Q ≥ 275+5C/2		Step	1	2	3	4	
			10pF > C : Q ≧ 200+10C		Temp.	Min.	Room	Max.	Room	
			10px 1 0 1 d = 2001100		(°C)	Operating	Temp.	Operating	Temp.	
			C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)		(- /	Temp. ±3		Temp. ±3		
		I.R.	1,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min.	\dashv	Time	30±3	3 max.	30±3	3 max.	
		1.13.	· ·		(min.)	30±3	J IIIdX.	ა∪⊥ა	Jiliax.	
		Diologt-i-	(Whichever is smaller)	\dashv	_					
		Dielectric	No defects or abnormalities.							
		Strength								
		(Between								
		Terminals)	1							
13	Humidity	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	_	•		and relative h	numidity 90 to 9	95%	
	(Steady State)	Capacitance	Within ±5% or ±0.5pF		00+24/-0					
		Change	(Whichever is larger)	Ren	nove and s	et for 24±2 ho	ours at *room	condition then	measure.	
		Q	30pF ≤ C : Q ≥ 350							
			10pF ≦ C < 30pF : Q ≧ 275+5C/2							
			10pF > C : Q ≧ 200+10C							
			C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)							
		I.R.	1,000MΩ or 50MΩ·μF min.	\dashv						
	I		· ·							
			(Whichever is smaller)							

Reference only

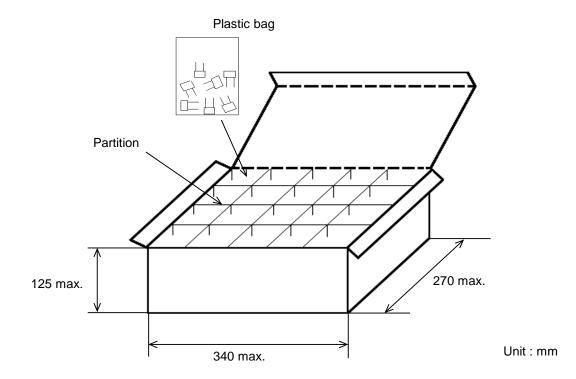
lo.	Test	Item	Specification	Test Method (Ref. Standard:JIS C 5101(all parts), IEC60384(all parts))					
14	Humidity Appearance		No defects or abnormalities.	Apply the rated voltage at 40±2°C and relative					
	Load Capacitance Within ±5% or ±0.5pF Change (Whichever is larger)		Within ±5% or ±0.5pF	humidity of 90	humidity of 90 to 95% for 500+24/-0 hours.				
			(Whichever is larger)	Remove and set for 24±2 hours at *room condition, then measure.					
		Q	30pF ≦ C : Q ≧ 200	(Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA.)					
			30pF > C : Q ≧ 100+10C/3						
			C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)						
		I.R.	500M Ω or 25M Ω •μF min.						
			(Whichever is smaller)						
15	High	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	Apply voltage	Apply voltage in Table at the maximum				
	Temperature	Capacitance	Within ±3% or ±0.3pF	operating tem	operating temperature ±3°C for 1000+48/-0 hours.				
	Load	Change	(Whichever is larger)	Remove and s	Remove and set for 24±2 hours at *room condition then measure.				
		Q	30pF ≦ C : Q ≧ 350	(Charge/Disch	(Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA.)				
			$10pF \le C < 30pF : Q \ge 275+5C/2$						
			10pF > C : Q ≧ 200+10C	R	Rated voltage	Test voltage			
					DC250V	150% of the rated voltage			
			C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)	DC	C630V, DC1kV	120% of the rated voltage			
		I.R.	1,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min.						
			(Whichever is smaller)						
16	Solvent	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	The capacitor	The capacitor should be fully immersed, unagitated,				
	Resistance	Marking	Legible	in reagent at 2	in reagent at 20 to 25°C for 30±5 seconds and then				
				remove gently	remove gently. Marking on the surface of the				
				capacitor shall immediately be visually examined.					

^{* &}quot;room condition" Temperature : 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity : 45 to 75%, Atmosphere pressure : 86 to 106kPa

6. Packing specification

•Bulk type (Packing style code : B)

The size of packing case and packing way



The number of packing = *1 Packing quantity × *2 n

*1 : Please refer to [Part number list].

*2 : Standard n = 20 (bag)

Note)

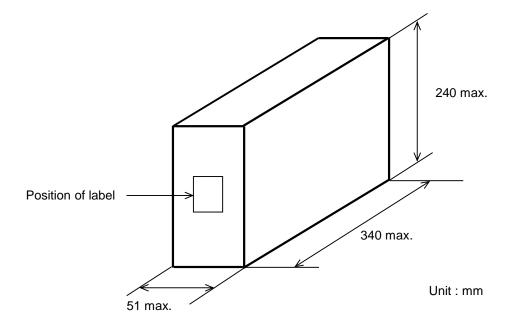
The outer package and the number of outer packing be changed by the order getting amount.

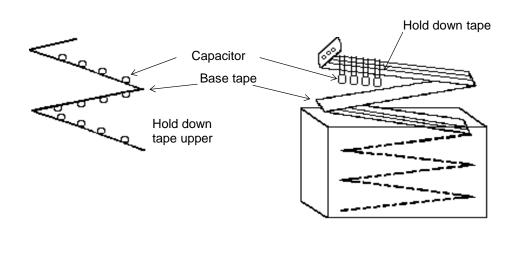
JKBCRPE02A

•Ammo pack taping type (Packing style code : A)

A crease is made every 25 pitches, and the tape with capacitors is packed zigzag into a case. When body of the capacitor is piled on other body under it.

The size of packing case and packing way



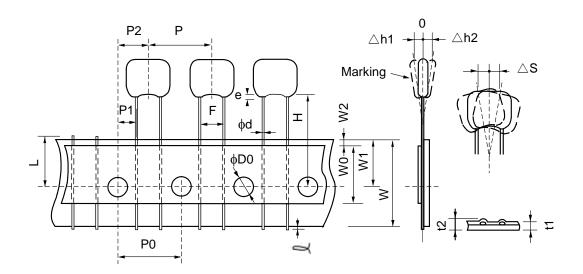


7. Taping specification

7-1. Dimension of capacitors on tape

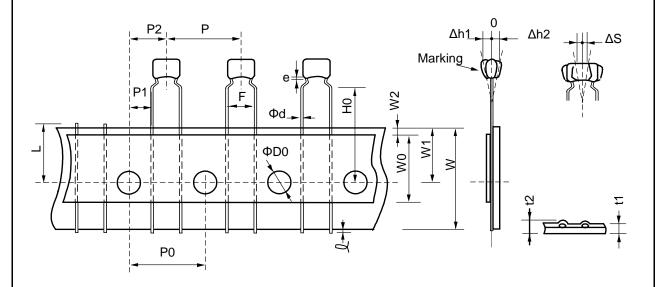
Straight taping type < Lead Style : E1 >

Pitch of component 12.7mm / Lead spacing 5.0mm



Item		Dimensions	Remarks		
Pitch of component		12.7+/-1.0			
Pitch of sprocket hole	P0	12.7+/-0.2			
Lead spacing	F	5.0+0.6/-0.2			
Length from hole center to component center		6.35+/-1.3	Deviation of progress direction		
Length from hole center to lead	P1	3.85+/-0.7			
Deviation along tape, left or right defect		0+/-2.0	They include deviation by lead bend		
Carrier tape width		18.0+/-0.5			
Position of sprocket hole		9.0+0/-0.5	Deviation of tape width direction		
For straight lead type	Н	17.5+/-0.5			
Protrusion length	l	0.5 max.			
Diameter of sprocket hole	ФD0	4.0+/-0.1			
Lead diameter	Фd	0.5+/-0.05			
Total tape thickness	t1	0.6+/-0.3	They include hold down tape		
Total thickness of tape and lead wire	t2	1.5 max.	thickness.		
Deviation across tape	∆h1	2.0 max. (Dimension code : U)			
Deviation across tape	∆h2	1.0 max. (exce	pt as above)		
Portion to cut in case of defect	L	11.0+0/-1.0			
Hold down tape width	WO	9.5 min.			
Hold down tape position	W2	1.5+/-1.5			
Coating extension on load	е	2.0 max. (Dimension code : U)			
Coating extension on lead	e	1.5 max. (except as above)			

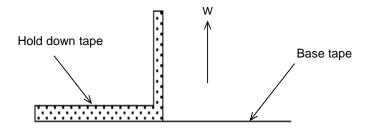
Inside crimp taping type < Lead Style : M1 > Pitch of component 12.7mm / Lead spacing 5.0mm



Item		Dimensions	Remarks	
Pitch of component		12.7+/-1.0		
Pitch of sprocket hole		12.7+/-0.2		
Lead spacing	F	5.0+0.6/-0.2		
Length from hole center to component center		6.35+/-1.3	Deviation of progress direction	
Length from hole center to lead	P1	3.85+/-0.7		
Deviation along tape, left or right defect		0+/-2.0	They include deviation by lead bend	
Carrier tape width	W	18.0+/-0.5		
Position of sprocket hole	W1	9.0+0/-0.5	Deviation of tape width direction	
Lead distance between reference and bottom plane	H0	16.0+/-0.5		
Protrusion length	l	0.5 max.		
Diameter of sprocket hole	ФD0	4.0+/-0.1		
Lead diameter	Фd	0.5+/-0.05		
Total tape thickness	t1	0.6+/-0.3	They include hold down tape	
Total thickness of tape and lead wire	t2	1.5 max.	thickness	
Doviation across tapo	∆h1	2.0 max. (Di	mension code : W)	
Deviation across tape	Δh2	1.0 max. (ex	ccept as above)	
Portion to cut in case of defect	L	11.0+0/-1.0		
Hold down tape width		9.5 min.		
Hold down tape position		1.5+/-1.5		
Coating extension on lead	е	Up to the end of	crimp	

7-2. Splicing way of tape

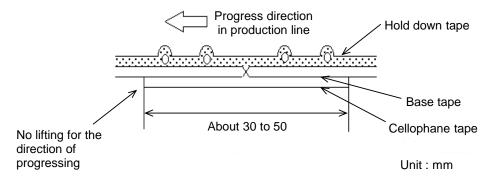
1) Adhesive force of tape is over 3N at test condition as below.



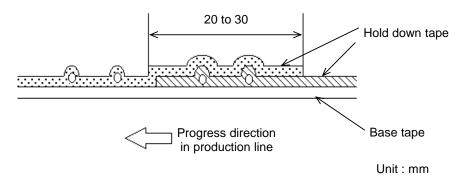
2) Splicing of tape

- (a) When base tape is spliced
 - •Base tape shall be spliced by cellophane tape.

(Total tape thickness shall be less than 1.05mm.)



- (b) When hold down tape is spliced
- •Hold down tape shall be spliced with overlapping. (Total tape thickness shall be less than 1.05mm.)



- (c) When both tape are spliced
 - •Base tape and hold down tape shall be spliced with splicing tape.
- 3) Missing components
 - •There should be no consecutive missing of more than three components.
 - ullet The number of missing components should be not more than 0.5 % of total components that should be present in a Ammo pack.