

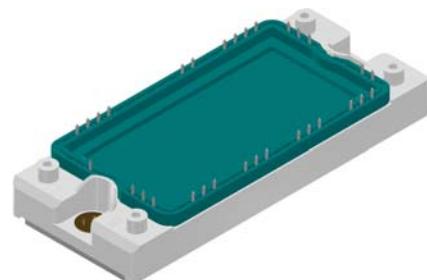
Standard Rectifier Module

3~ Rectifier
$V_{RRM} = 1600 \text{ V}$
$I_{DAV} = 360 \text{ A}$
$I_{FSM} = 1900 \text{ A}$

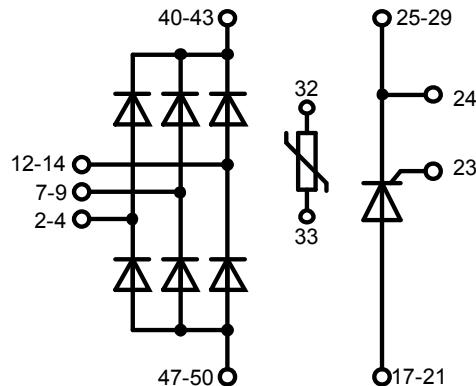
3~ Rectifier Bridge + Softstart-Thyristor

Part number

MDMA360UC1600TED



Backside: isolated



 E72873

Features / Advantages:

- Package with DCB ceramic
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Planar passivated chips
- Very low forward voltage drop
- Very low leakage current

Applications:

- Diode for main rectification plus Softstart-Thyristor
- For three phase bridge configurations
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

Package: E2-Pack

- Isolation Voltage: 3600 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- PressFit-Pins for PCB mounting
- Height: 17 mm
- Base plate: Copper internally DCB isolated
- Advanced power cycling
- Phase Change Material available

Disclaimer Notice

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Rectifier

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Ratings			
			min.	typ.	max.	
V_{RSM}	max. non-repetitive reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1700	V
V_{RRM}	max. repetitive reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1600	V
I_R	reverse current	$V_R = 1600 \text{ V}$ $V_R = 1600 \text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		100 3	μA mA
V_F	forward voltage drop	$I_F = 120 \text{ A}$ $I_F = 360 \text{ A}$ $I_F = 120 \text{ A}$ $I_F = 360 \text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		1.25 1.80 1.23 1.98	V V
I_{DAV}	bridge output current	$T_C = 85^\circ C$ rectangular $d = \frac{1}{3}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		360	A
V_{FO} r_F	threshold voltage slope resistance } for power loss calculation only		$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		0.82 3.4	V $m\Omega$
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				0.25	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.1		K/W
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^\circ C$		500	W
I_{FSM}	max. forward surge current	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$		1.90 2.05	kA
		$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$		1.62 1.75	kA
I^2t	value for fusing	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$		18.1 17.5	kA^2s
		$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$		13.0 12.7	kA^2s
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$	10		pF

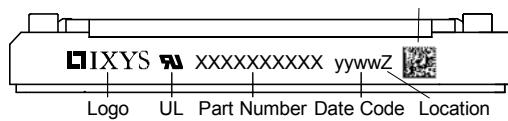
Softstart-Thyristor

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Ratings			
			min.	typ.	max.	
$V_{RSM/DSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1700	V
$V_{RRM/DRM}$	max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1600	V
$I_{R/D}$	reverse current, drain current	$V_{R/D} = 1600 \text{ V}$ $V_{R/D} = 1600 \text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		100 15	μA mA
V_T	forward voltage drop	$I_T = 150 \text{ A}$ $I_T = 300 \text{ A}$ $I_T = 150 \text{ A}$ $I_T = 300 \text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		1.34 1.73 1.31 1.77	V V
I_{TAV}	average forward current	$T_C = 90^\circ C$ 180° sine	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		150	A
V_{TO}	threshold voltage	r_T slope resistance } for power loss calculation only	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		0.84	V
	slope resistance				3.1	$m\Omega$
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				0.17	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.080		K/W
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^\circ C$		735	W
I_{TSM}	max. forward surge current	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$ $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$		2.40 2.59 2.04 2.21	kA kA
I^2t	value for fusing	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$ $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$		28.8 27.9 20.8 20.2	kA^2s kA^2s kA^2s kA^2s
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$	119		pF
P_{GM}	max. gate power dissipation	$t_p = 30 \mu s$ $t_p = 300 \mu s$	$T_C = 150^\circ C$		10 5	W W
P_{GAV}	average gate power dissipation				0.5	W
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of current	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C; f = 50 \text{ Hz}$ repetitive, $I_T = 450 \text{ A}$ $t_p = 200 \mu s; di_G/dt = 0.45 \text{ A}/\mu s;$ $I_G = 0.45 \text{ A}; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ non-repet., $I_T = 150 \text{ A}$			150	$A/\mu s$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of voltage	$V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$ method 1 (linear voltage rise)	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		1000	$V/\mu s$
V_{GT}	gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ C$		1.5 1.6	V
I_{GT}	gate trigger current	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ C$		150 200	mA
V_{GD}	gate non-trigger voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		0.2	V
I_{GD}	gate non-trigger current				10	mA
I_L	latching current	$t_p = 10 \mu s$ $I_G = 0.45 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.45 \text{ A}/\mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		200	mA
I_H	holding current	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		200	mA
t_{gd}	gate controlled delay time	$V_D = \frac{1}{2} V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.45 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.45 \text{ A}/\mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		2	μs
t_q	turn-off time	$V_R = 100 \text{ V}; I_T = 150 \text{ A}; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$ $di/dt = 10 \text{ A}/\mu s$ $dv/dt = 20 \text{ V}/\mu s$ $t_p = 200 \mu s$		185		μs

Package E2-Pack

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
I_{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal			50	A
T_{VJ}	virtual junction temperature		-40		150	°C
T_{op}	operation temperature		-40		125	°C
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-40		125	°C
Weight				176		g
M_D	mounting torque		3		6	Nm
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	6.0			mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$		terminal to backside	12.0			mm
V_{ISOL}	isolation voltage	t = 1 second t = 1 minute 50/60 Hz, RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1$ mA	3600 3000			V

2D Barcode

**Part description**

M = Module
D = Diode
M = Standard Rectifier
A = (up to 1800V)
360 = Current Rating [A]
UC = 3~ Rectifier Bridge + Softstart-Thyristor
1600 = Reverse Voltage [V]
T = Thermistor \ Temperature sensor
ED = E2-Pack

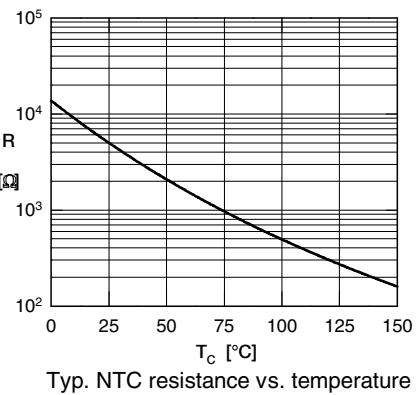
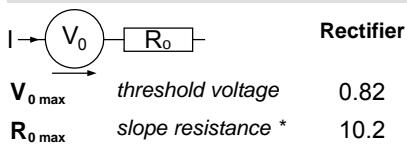
Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	MDMA360UC1600TED	MDMA360UC1600TED	Box	6	524541

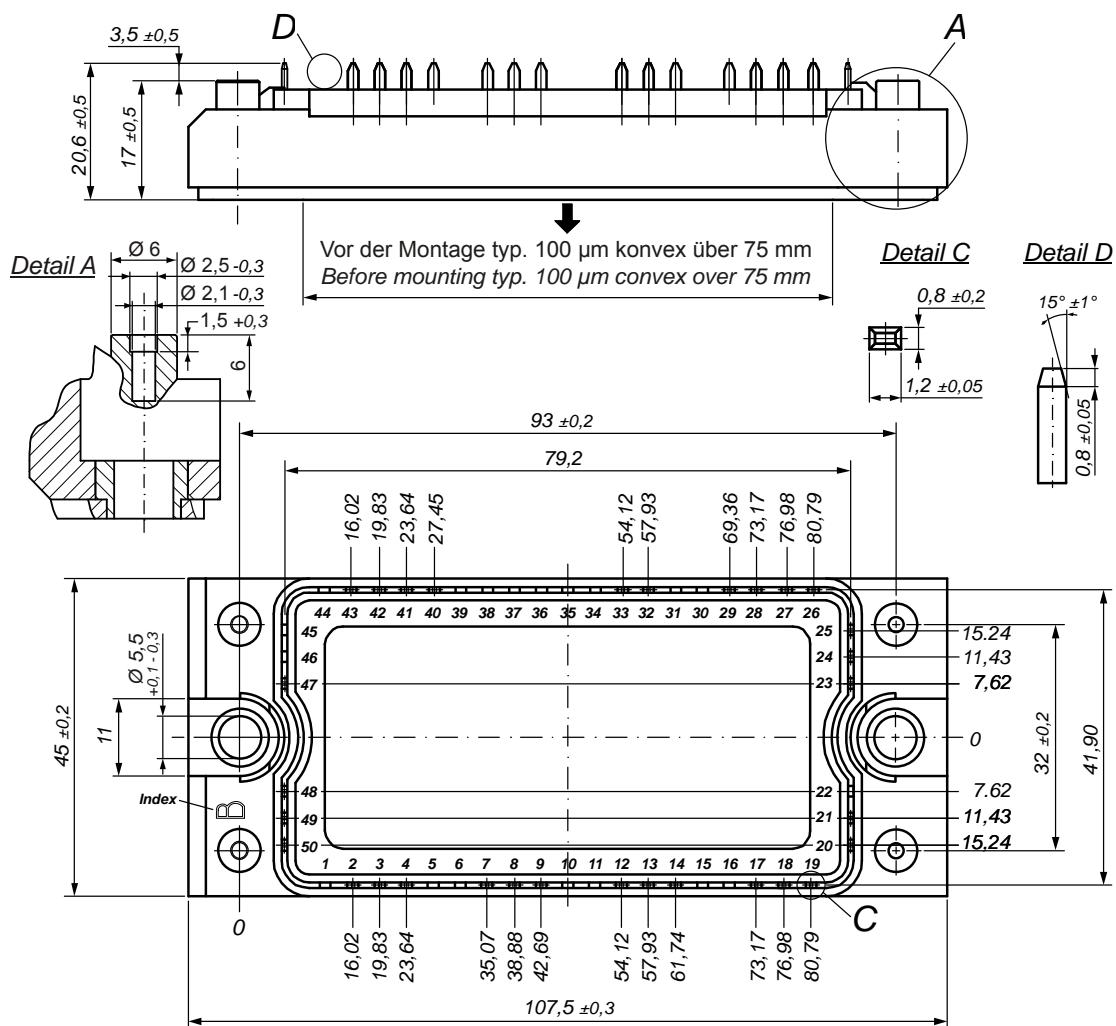
Temperature Sensor NTC

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
R_{25}	resistance	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ$	4.85	5	5.15	kΩ
$B_{25/50}$	temperature coefficient			3375		K

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

* on die level

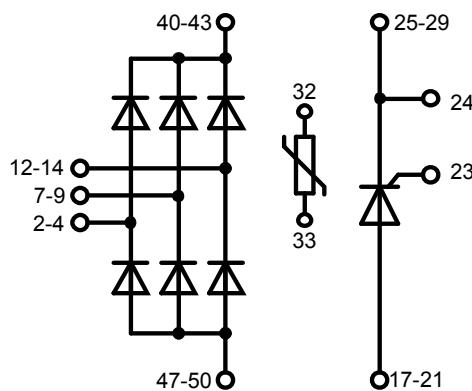
 $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ 

Outlines E2-Pack

Bemerkung / Note:

- Nichttolerierte Maße nach / Measure without tolerances according DIN ISO 2768-T1-m
- PCB-Lochmuster / PCB hole pattern: **see pin position**
- Toleranz Pin-Position und PCB-Lochmuster / Tolerance of pin position and PCB hole pattern: **±0.1**
- Montageanleitung / Mounting instruction: www.ixys.com **Application note IXAN0024**

Detail A: PCB-Montage / Mounting on PCB

- Empfohlene, selbstschneidende Schraube / Recommended, self-tapping screw: **EJOT PT®** (Größe / size: **K25**)
- Max. Schraubenlänge / Max. screw length: **PCB-Dicke / thickness + 6 mm** (max. Lochtiefe / hole depth)
- Empfohlenes Drehmoment / Recommended mounting torque: **1.5 Nm**



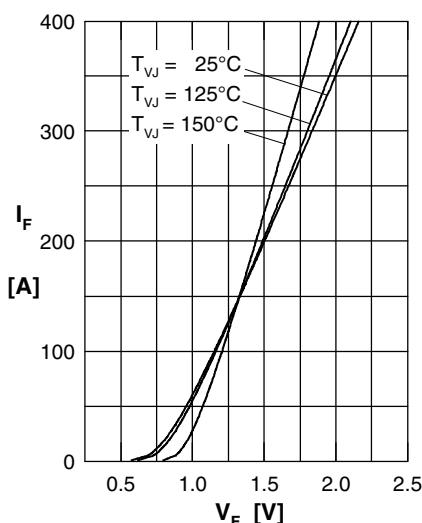
Rectifier


Fig. 1 Forward current versus voltage drop per diode

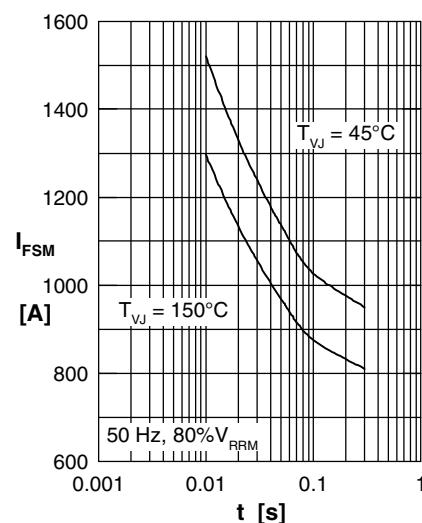


Fig. 2 Surge overload current vs. time per diode

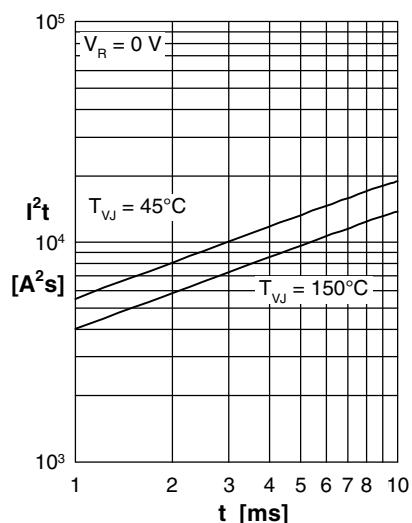


Fig. 3 I^2t versus time per diode

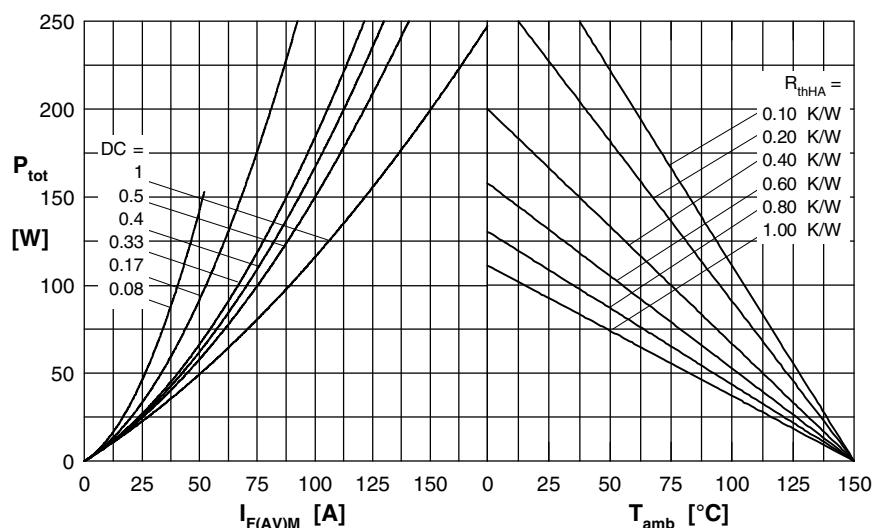


Fig. 4 Power dissipation vs. forward current and ambient temperature per diode

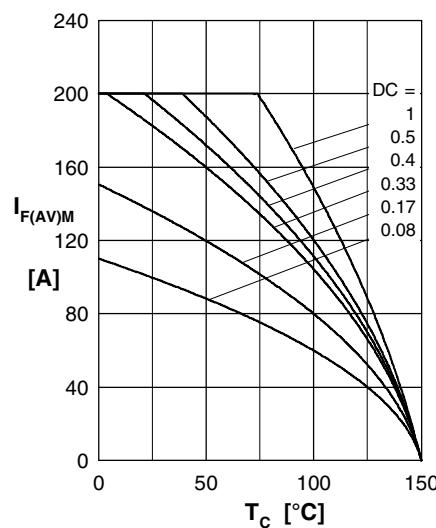


Fig. 5 Max. forward current vs. case temperature per diode

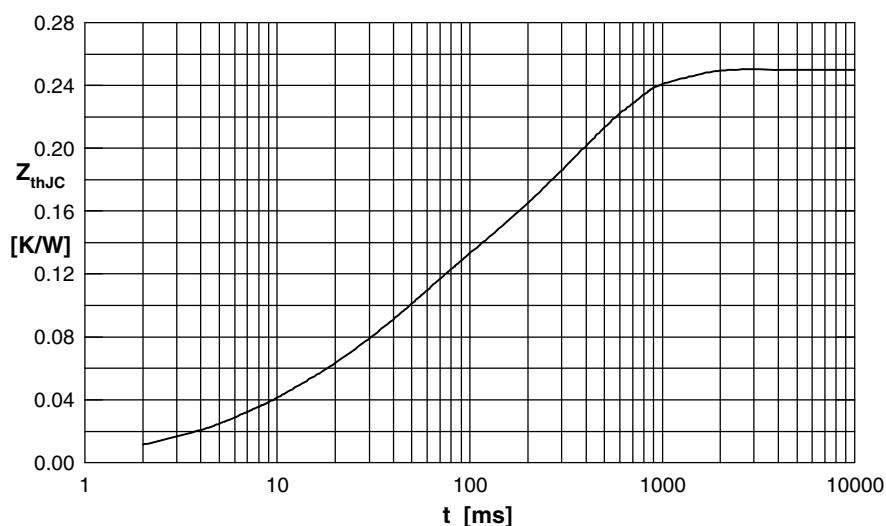


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to case vs. time per diode

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.020	0.006
2	0.003	0.007
3	0.080	0.037
4	0.147	0.360

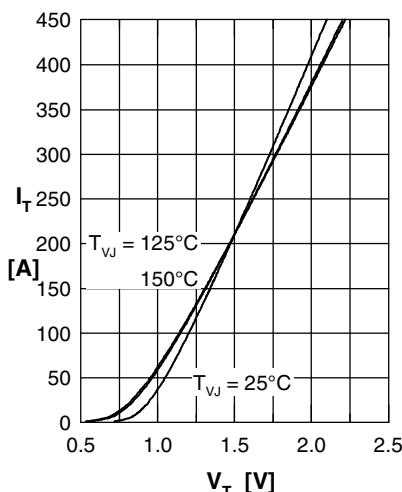
Softstart Thyristor


Fig. 1 Forward characteristics

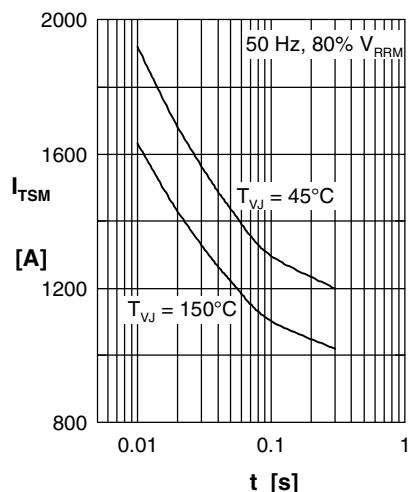
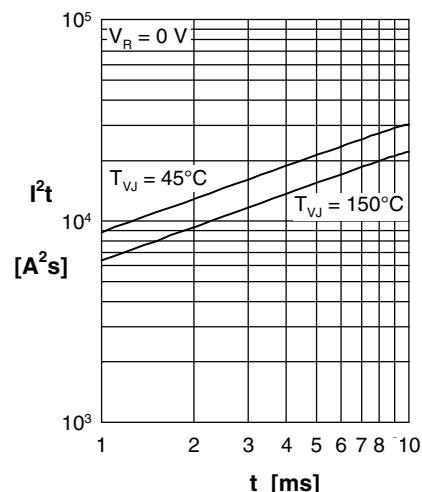
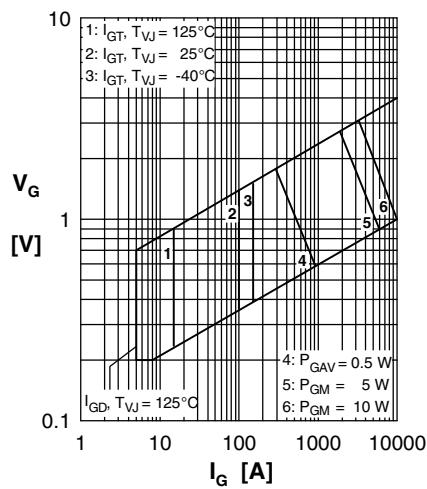

Fig. 2 Surge overload current
 I_{TSM} : crest value, t : duration

Fig. 3 I^2t versus time (1-10 s)


Fig. 4 Gate voltage & gate current

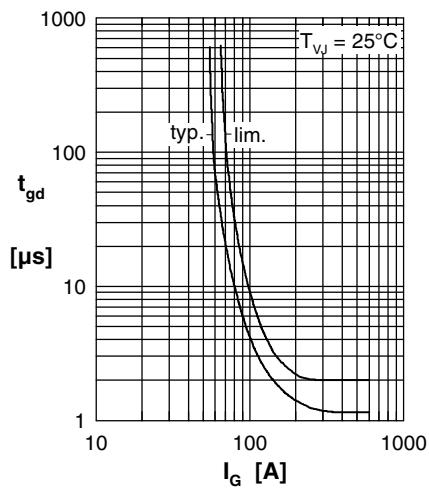
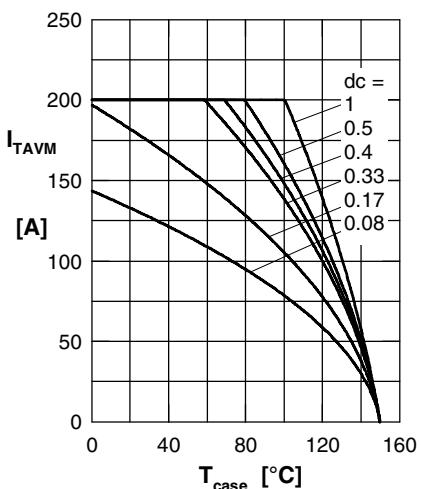

Fig. 5 Gate controlled delay time t_{gd}


Fig. 6 Max. forward current at case temperature

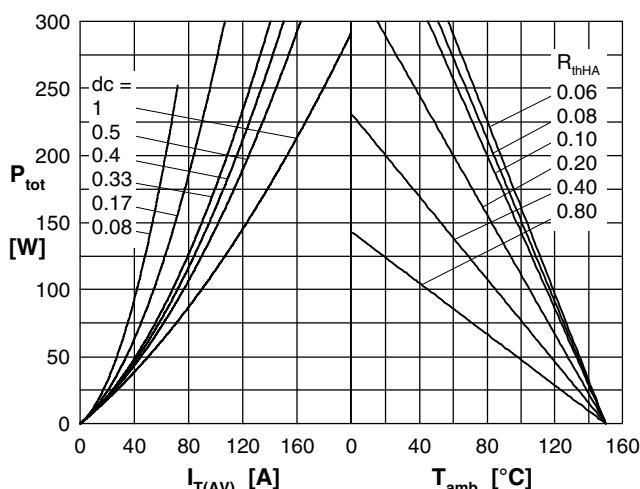
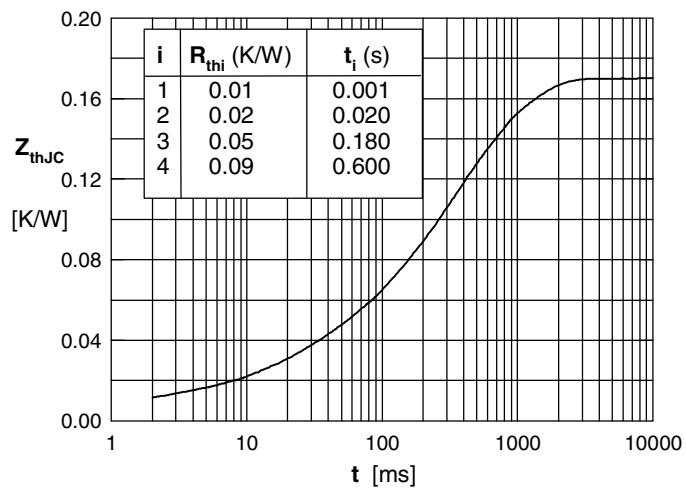

Fig. 7a Power dissipation versus direct output current
Fig. 7b and ambient temperature


Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance junction to case

