



ETR25015-003

Linear Charger IC for Li-ion battery With Ultra-small Package Compatible With Wireless Charging

■GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The XC6810 is a linear charger IC for Li-ion battery with ultra-small package compatible with a wireless charging and contact power supply.

The charging current corresponds to 1mA to 25mA, and it has a current path function that supplies power to the system at the same time as charging.

To realize an ultra-compact system, Battery Over Discharge Protection function, Output Terminal Short Protection function and Battery Voltage Monitor function or Battery Low Voltage Notification function are equipped. And the IC is equipped with a shutdown function and a wake-up function using an external push button to reduce battery consumption when the product is stored or unused. In addition, there is a type that can indicates the charging status by modulating the input current using the CSO. We also have prepared a type that can notify the charging status to the power supply such as a cradle by two-wire communication.

Ideal for monitoring and displaying the charging status of various wearable devices with the cradle.

APPLICATIONS

- Hearing Aid
- Wireless earphones / Headset
- Wearable Devices
- Wireless charging equipment
- loT devices
- Smartcards

■ FEATURES

Input Voltage Range : 3.5V ~ 28.0V

Charge Voltage : 3.80V ~ 4.40V (0.05V increments)

Charge Current 1mA ~ 25mA, Set by an external resistor

Input Current Limit : 110mA

BAT Sink Current : 10nA (TYP.)

Functions : Shutdown, Wake-up

Battery Voltage Monitor or

Battery Low Voltage Notification

Current Path or

· Vout disconnection function with Vin supplied

: Battery Temperature Monitor

: Input Current Limit

Protection Functions : Battery Over Discharge Protection

: Output Short Protection

: Thermal Control

: Reverse Current Prevention

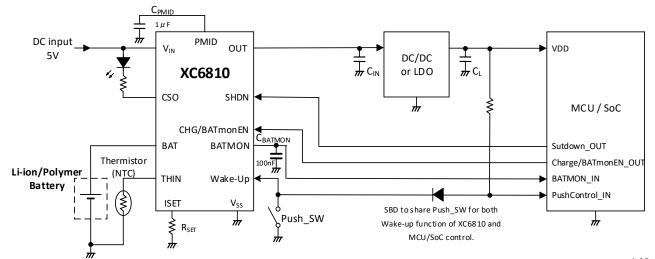
Safty Timer of Charging

UVLO

Operating Ambient Temperature : -40° C ~ 85° C

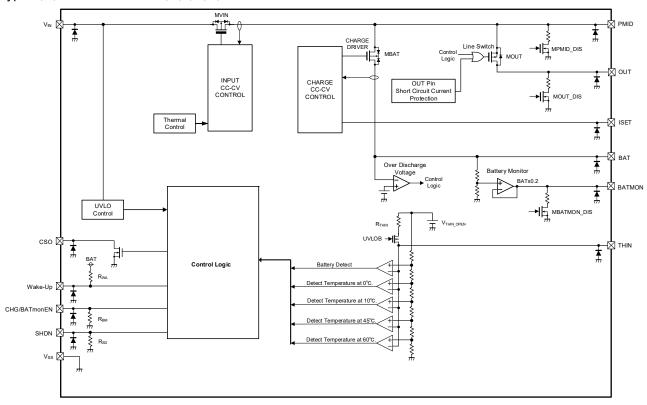
Package : WLP-12-01 (1.17 x 1.57 x 0.33mm)
Environmentally Friendly : EU RoHS Compliant, Pb Free

■TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



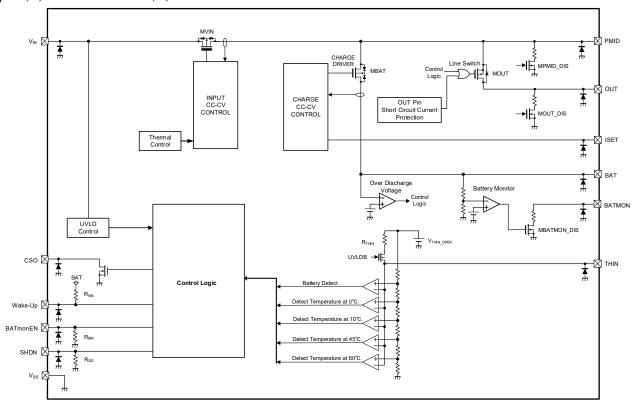
■ BLOCK DIAGRAMS

1) Type A,B,C and Functions A,C,F,G,H,J



*Diodes inside the circuits are ESD protection diodes and parasitic diodes.

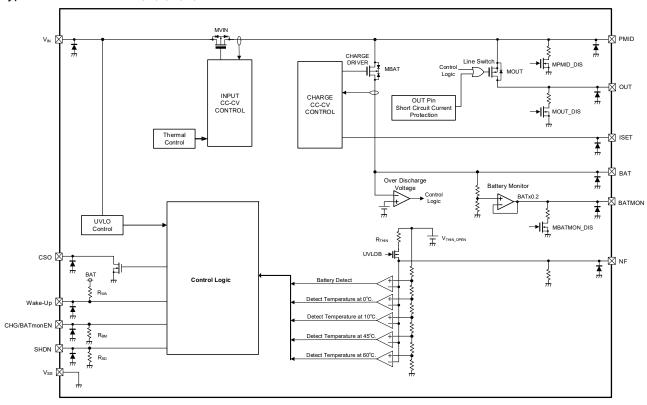
2) Type A,B,C and Functions B,D,E



*Diodes inside the circuits are ESD protection diodes and parasitic diodes.

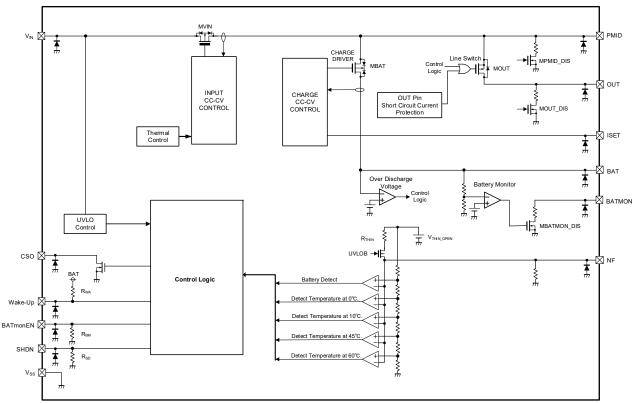
■ BLOCK DIAGRAMS

3) Type N and Functions A,C,F,G,H,J



*Diodes inside the circuits are ESD protection diodes and parasitic diodes.

4) Type N and Functions B,D,E



*Diodes inside the circuits are ESD protection diodes and parasitic diodes.

XC6810 Series

■ PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION

1. Standard Products

Ordering Information

XC6810123456-7

DESIGNATOR	ITEM	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1)	Type	А	4 Temperature Monitor
	Туре	В	3 Temperature Monitor
23	Charge Voltage	41, 42, 43, 4D, 44	Charge Voltage Options 41 →4.10V, 42→4.20V, 43→4.30V, 4D→4.35V, 44→4.40V
		С	
	Frantisas	G	Defents Calastian Childs
4	Functions	Н	Refer to Selection Guide
		J	
(5)(6)-(7)(*1)	Packages (Order Unit)	0R-G	WLP-12-01 (5,000pcs/Reel)

^{(*1) &}quot;-G" suffix denotes Halogen and Antimony free as well as being fully EU RoHS compliant.

Selection Guide

Coloction Cala				
Functions	Charge Enable	CSO Output	OUT	Battery Monitor Output
С	No	Battery LED Indicator		
G	No	Battery Status Indicator	Always ON	0.2
Н	V	Battery LED Indicator	(Current Path function)	0.2 x V _{BAT}
J	Yes	Battery Status Indicator		

■PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION

2. Custom products

Ordering Information

XC6810123456-7

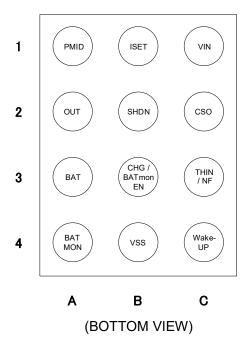
DESIGNATOR	ITEM	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
		А	4 Temperature Monitor
<u> </u>	T	В	3 Temperature Monitor
1	Туре	С	2 Temperature Monitor
		N	No Temperature Monitor
23	Charge Voltage	38 ~ 44	Charge Voltage Options e.g. 4.20V → ②=4, ③=2 4.35V → ②=4, ③=D 0.05V increments : 0.05=A, 0.15=B, 0.25=C 0.35=D, 0.85=J, 0.95=K
		Α	
		В	
		С	
		D	
4	Functions	E	Refer to Selection Guide
		F	
		G	
		Н	
		J	
⑤ ⑥-⑦ ^(*1)	Packages (Order Unit)	0R-G	WLP-12-01 (5,000pcs/Reel)

^{(*1) &}quot;-G" suffix denotes Halogen and Antimony free as well as being fully EU RoHS compliant.

Selection Guide

Functions	Charge Enable	CSO Output	OUT	Battery Monitor Output	
А			Cut-off at UVLO Release State	0.2 x V _{BAT}	
В		Pottory I ED Indicator	(V _{IN} ≧V _{UVLOR})	Low Battery State : "L" Other State : "H"	
С		Battery LED Indicator	Always ON	0.2 x V _{BAT}	
D	No		(Current Path function) Low Bat		
E			Cut-off at UVLO Release State	Other State : "H"	
F		Battery Status Indicator (VIN≧VUVLOR)		Battery Status Indicator (Vin≧VuvLor)	
G				0.2 x V _{BAT}	
Н	Vos	Battery LED Indicator	Always ON (Current Path function)	U.Z X VBAI	
J	Yes	Battery Status Indicator			

■PIN CONFIGURATION



■PIN ASSIGNMENT

PIN NUMBER WLP-12-01	PIN NAME	FUNCTIONS			
A1	PMID	Input Power Regulated Voltage			
A2	OUT	Output Power to The System			
A3	BAT	Battery Connection			
A4	BATMON	Battery Monitor Output			
B1	ISET	Charge Current Setup			
B2	SHDN	Shutdown Control Input			
	BATmonEN	Battery Monitor Enable Input (Functions A,C,F,G)			
В3	BATIIIOIIEN	No function (Functions B,D,E)			
	CHG/BATmonEN	Charge Enable and Battery Monitor Enable Input (Functions H,J)			
B4	Vss	Ground			
C1	V _{IN}	Power Supply Input			
C2	CSO	Charge Status Output			
	THIN	Battery Temperature Detection (Type A,B,C)			
C3	NF	No function (Type N). * Please do not connect anything.			
C4	Wake-Up	Wake Up Control Input			

■ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNITS
V _{IN} Voltage	V _{IN}	-0.3 ~ 30	V
BAT Voltage	V _{BAT}	-0.3 ~ 6.6	V
CSO Voltage	Vcso	-0.3 ~ 6.6	V
PMID Voltage	V _{PMID}	-0.3 ~ 6.6	V
Wake-Up Voltage	VWAKEUP	-0.3 ~ 6.6	V
CHG/BATmonEN Voltage	VCHG/VBATmonEN	-0.3 ~ 6.6	V
SHDN Voltage	V _{SD}	-0.3 ~ 6.6	V
THIN Voltage (Type A,B,C)	V _{THIN}	-0.3 ~ 6.6	V
NF Voltage (Type N)	V _{NF}	-0.3 ~ 6.6	V
OUT Voltage	Vout	$-0.3 \sim V_{PMID} + 0.3 \text{ or } 6.6 (*1)$	V
BATMON Voltage	VBATMON	-0.3 ~ V _{PMID} + 0.3 or 6.6 (*1)	V
ISET Voltage	VISET	$-0.3 \sim V_{PMID} + 0.3 \text{ or } 6.6 ^{(*1)}$	V
Power Dissipation (Ta=25°C)	Pd	890 (JESD51-7 board) ^(*2)	mW
Junction Temperature	Tj	-40 ~ 125	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-55 ~ 125	°C

All voltages are described based on the V_{SS}.

■ RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
V _{IN} Voltage	Vin	0.0	-	28.0	V
BAT Voltage	V _{BAT}	0.0	-	Vcv	V
CSO Voltage	V _{CSO}	0.0	-	6.0	V
CSO Current	Icso	0.0	-	6	mA
Wake-Up Voltage	VWAKEUP	0.0	-	Vcv	V
CHG/BATmonEN Voltage	V _{CHG} / V _{BATmonEN}	0.0	-	6.0	V
SHDN Voltage	V _{SD}	0.0	-	6.0	V
BATMON Voltage (Functions B,D,E)	V _{BATMON}	0.0	-	6.0	V
BATMON Current (Functions B,D,E)	Іватмон	0.0	-	3	mA
Charge Current Range	Існ	1	-	25	mA
ISET Resistor	R _{SET}	1.95	-	46	kΩ
Operating Ambient Temperature	Topr	-40	_	85	°C

All voltages are described based on the $\ensuremath{V_{\text{SS}}}.$

 $[\]ensuremath{^{(^{\star}1)}}$ Either of lower one, $\ensuremath{V_{PMID}}$ + 0.3V or 6.6V, is applicable.

^(*2) The power dissipation figure shown is PCB mounted and is for reference only. Please refer to PACKAGING INFORMATION for the mounting condition.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C

							1a-25 C
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CIRCUIT
INPUT VOLTAGE and CURRENT	S						
Input Voltage Range	V _{IN}		V_{UVLOR}	5.0	28.0	V	•
Input Operating Voltage Range	V _{IOVR}	Charge is possible to Vcv	4.5	5.0	28.0	V	1
Supply Current	I _{SS}	V _{IN} to V _{SS} , V _{IN} =5V, I _{OUT} =0mA	-	330	460	μA	1
BAT Sink Current at Charge Completion	I _{BSC}	V _{BAT} =4.5V, Charge Completion	-	3.0	6.0	μA	1
BAT Sink Current at Battery Power Mode	I _{BSB}	V _{IN} =V _{SHDN} =0V, I _{OUT} =0mA, BATMON:Open, Wake-Up:Open	-	3.0	6.0	μΑ	1
BAT Sink Current at Shutdown Mode	I _{BSD}	V _{IN} =0V, Wake-Up:Open, Shutdown Mode	-	10	30	nA	1
CURRENT-PATH MANAGEMENT	and INPUT	CURRENT LIMIT					
Input Current Limit	I _{INL}		85	110	140	mA	4
PMID Regulation Voltage	V_{PMID}	I _{IN} =60mA	4.6	4.8	5.0	V	2
Discharge Resistance for PMID	R _{PMID_DSCH}		-	25	-	kΩ	5
Input Driver On Resistance	R _{VIN}	V _{IN} =4.5V, I _{OUT} =70mA, I _{BAT} =0mA	-	-	2.0	Ω	2
Output Line Switch On Resistance	R _{out}	I _{OUT} =70mA, From PMID to OUT	-	0.65	0.85	Ω	2
Discharge Resistance for OUT at Shutdown Mode	R _{OUT_DSCH}	OUT=4.5V	-	300	-	Ω	(5)
BATTERY CHARGE	Į.					1	
Charge Driver On Resistance	R _{CHG}	V _{BAT} =4.2V, From BAT to PMID	-	1.2	1.5	Ω	4
Charge Voltage Range	V _{CV}	Selectable 50mV increments	3.8	-	4.4	V	3
Charge Voltage Accuracy	V_{CVA}	I _{BAT} =2mA	-20	-	20	mV	3
Charge Voltage On Hot Operation	V _{CVH}	I _{BAT} =2mA, Type A	-	V _{CV} x 0.965	-	V	3
Recharge Threshold Voltage	V_{RC}		-	V _{CV} -0.1 or V _{CVH} -0.1	-	V	1)
Trickle Charge Threshold Voltage	V_{TRK}	V _{BAT} Rising	2.80	2.90	3.00	V	1
Trickle Charge Hysteresis Voltage	V_{TRKH}		-	100	-	mV	1
Charge Current Range	I _{CHG}		1	-	25	mA	-
Charge Current (MIN.)	I _{CHGMIN}	R_{SET} =46k Ω , V_{BAT} =3.6V	0.85	1.00	1.15	mA	1
Charge Current (TYP.)	I _{CHGTYP}	R_{SET} =4.79k Ω , V_{BAT} =3.6V	9.0	10.0	11.0	mA	1
Charge Current (MAX.)	I _{CHGMAX}	R_{SET} =1.95k Ω , V_{BAT} =3.6 V	22.5	25.0	27.5	mA	1
Charge Current On Cold Operation (MIN.)	I _{CHGCMIN}	R _{SET} =46kΩ, Type A,B	0.4	0.5	0.6	mA	1
Charge Current On Cold Operation (MAX.)	I _{CHGCMAX}	R _{SET} =1.95kΩ, Type A,B	10.0	12.5	15.0	mA	1
Charge Completion Current (MIN.) Charge Completion Current	I _{COMIN}	R_{SET} =46k Ω	0.07	0.10	0.14	mA	1
(MAX.)	I _{COMAX}	R _{SET} =1.95kΩ	2.125	2.500	3.125	mA	1)
Trickle Charge Current (MIN.)	I _{TRKLMIN}	R _{SET} =46kΩ, V _{BAT} =2.7V	0.08	0.10	0.12	mA	1
Trickle Charge Current (MAX.)	I _{TRKLMAX}	R _{SET} =1.95kΩ, V _{BAT} =2.7V	2.00	2.50	3.00	mA	1

Unless otherwise stated, V_{IN}=5V, C_{PMID}=1µF

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CIRCUIT
BATTERY VOLTAGE MONITOR							
Battery Voltage Monitor Output	V_{BATMON}	Functions A,C,F,G,H,J	-	0.2 x V _{BAT}	-	V	1
Battery Voltage Monitor Output Accuracy	$V_{BATMONA}$	Functions A,C,F,G,H,J	-5.0	-	5.0	%	1
Battery Voltage Monitor Output Current	I _{BATMON}	Functions A,C,F,G,H,J	-5.0	-	5.0	μA	2
Battery Voltage Monitor Supply Current	I _{SSBM}	Functions A,C,F,G,H,J From PMID, BATmonEN="H"	-	0.55	0.80	μА	1
Battery Voltage Monitor Output Discharge Shunt Resistance	R _{BATMONDCR}	Functions A,C,F,G,H,J BATMON=1.0V	-	1.0	-	kΩ	2
Low Battery Monitor Voltage Threshold	V_{BAT_LBMVT}	Functions B,D,E	2.95	3.00	3.05	V	2
Low Battery Monitor Voltage Hysteresis	$V_{BAT_LBMVHYS}$	Functions B,D,E	-	80	-	mV	2
Low Battery Monitor Output Resistance	R_{LBMV}	Functions B,D,E BATMON=1.0V	-	1.0	-	kΩ	2
PROTECTION							
UVLO Release Voltage	V_{UVLOR}	V _{IN} rising	3.4	3.6	3.8	V	1
UVLO Detect Voltage	V_{UVLOD}	V _{IN} falling from above V _{UVLOR}	-	V _{UVLOR} - 0.1	-	V	1)
Battery Over Discharge Voltage Lockout Threshold	V_{BAT_DOVP}		2.70	2.80	2.90	V	1)
Battery Over Discharge Voltage Lockout Hysteresis (*1)	$V_{BAT_DOVPHYS}$		-	88	-	mV	1
Battery Reverse Current Protection Threshold	V_{BAT_REVTH}	V _{IN} -V _{BAT} , V _{IN} falling	-	60	-	mV	1
OUT Short Circuit Current Threshold	I _{OUTSCC}	V _{PMID} > 2.5V	70	150	300	mA	2
OUT Short Circuit Current Deglitch Time	t _{DET_OUTSCC}		-	6.0	-	ms	2
OUT Short Circuit Current Auto Recovery Time	t _{RCVR_OUTSCC}		-	2.0	-	s	2
Thermal Control Start Temperature (*1)	T _{CS}		-	90	-	°C	1
Thermal Control END Temperature (*1)	T _{CE}	I _{IN} less than 1.5mA	-	-	110	°C	1
SHDN, Wake-Up and CHG/BATmor	nEN				1	1	T
SHDN "L" Voltage	V_{SDL}		V _{SS}	-	0.3	V	1
SHDN "H" Voltage	V_{SDH}		1.1	-	6.0	V	1
SHDN Pull-down Resistance	R _{SD}		-	110	-	kΩ	1
Wake-Up "L" Voltage	V_{WAL}		V _{SS}	-	0.3	V	1
Wake-Up Pull-up Resistance	R _{WA}		300	-	-	kΩ	1
CHG/BATmonEN "L" Voltage	V_{BML}	Functions A,C,F,G,H,J	V _{SS}	-	0.3	V	1
CHG/BATmonEN "H" Voltage	V _{BMH}	Functions A,C,F,G,H,J	1.1	-	6.0	V	1
CHG/BATmonEN Pull-down Resistance	R_{BM}	Functions A,C,F,G,H,J	7.5	-	-	ΜΩ	1

Unless otherwise stated, V_{IN}=5V, C_{PMID}=1µF

^(*1) Design target

■ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CIRCUIT
NTC MONITOR (*3)				T	T	1	1
THIN Connected Resistance	R _{THIN}	V _{THIN} =0V	9.8	10.0	10.4	kΩ	1
THIN Open Voltage	V _{THIN_OPEN}	Type A,B,C	1.94	2.00	2.06	V	5
Battery Connect Detection (*1)	V_{TD}	Type A,B,C	77.0	80.0	83.0	% ^(*2)	-
Battery Remove Detection (Hysteresis) (*1)	V_{TDH}	At temperature fall	-	3.0	-	% ^(*2)	-
Thermistor Detection at 0°C	V_{T0}	Type A,B,C	71.13	73.13	75.13	% ^(*2)	1
Thermistor Detection Hysteresis at 0°C (*1)	V _{T0H}	At temperature rise	-	2.0	-	% ^(*2)	1)
Thermistor Detection at 10°C	V _{T10}	Type A,B	62.19	64.19	66.19	% ^(*2)	1
Thermistor Detection Hysteresis at 10°C (*1)	V _{T10H}	At temperature fall	-	2.0	-	% ^(*2)	1)
Thermistor Detection at 45°C	V_{T45}	Type A,B,C	30.96	32.96	34.96	% ^(*2)	1
Thermistor Detection Hysteresis at 45°C (*1)	V _{T45H}	At temperature fall	-	2.0	-	% ^(*2)	1)
Thermistor Detection at 60°C	V_{T60}	Type A	21.16	23.16	25.16	% ^(*2)	1
Thermistor Detection Hysteresis at 60°C (*1)	V _{T60H}	At temperature fall	-	2.0	-	% ^(*2)	1

Unless otherwise stated, V_{IN} =5V, C_{PMID} =1 μF

^(*1) Design target

^(*2) The comparator detect voltage and hysteresis width are indicated as percentages of V_{THIN_OPEN}.

V_{Txx} = V_{Txx} / V_{THIN_OPEN} (V_{Txx}: The voltage when the charging voltage or charging current is changed by sweeping the voltage when the external voltage applied to the THIN)

^(*3) Type N does not include thermistor temperature monitoring function and Battery detection function.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C

							a-25 C
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CIRCUIT
Battery Charging Timers	Γ	1	1	ı			
Trickle Charge Hold Time (*1)	t _{TRK}		-	0.5	-	hr	1
Main Charge Hold Time (*1)	t _{CHG}		-	10	-	hr	1
Push Button Timer			•	•			
Wake-Up Deglitch Time	t _{WUD}		-	256	-	ms	1
System Timers							
Start Up Time (*1)	t _{START}	To Start Charging	-	50	-	ms	1
Charge Completion Deglitch	t _{DGL_COMP}		-	30	-	ms	1
Recharge Detect Deglitch	t _{DGL_RECHG}		-	30	-	ms	1
Trickle Detect Deglitch	t _{DGL_TRICKLE}		-	30	-	ms	1
CSO Battery LED Indicator (Functi	ons A,B,C,D,H)		_				
Charge	f _{cso_chg}	CSO Nch Open Drain = ON	-	ON	-	-	1
Complete	f _{CSO_COMP}		-	OFF	-	-	1
Error	f _{CSO_ERR}		6.5	8.0	9.0	Hz	1
No Battery	f _{CSO_NOBAT}	CSO Nch Open Drain = OFF	-	OFF	-	-	1
CSO On Voltage	V _{CSOON}	I _{CSO} =1mA	-	-	0.5	V	4
CSO Leakage Current	I _{LCSO}	V _{CSO} =5.5V	-	-	0.1	μΑ	1
CSO Battery Status Indicator (Fun	ctions E,F,G,J)		1		1	1	
Battery Charging less than 60%	f _{CHG_L}		26	32	40	kHz	1
Battery 60% Charging	f _{CHG_60PER}		13	16	19	kHz	1
Battery 90% Charging	f _{CHG_90PER}		6.0	8.0	10.0	kHz	1
Charge Complete Status	f _{CHG_COMP}		3.0	4.0	5.0	kHz	1)
Error Status	f _{CHG_ERR}		0.8	1.0	1.2	kHz	1
No Battery	f _{CHG_NOBAT}	CSO Nch Open Drain = OFF		OFF			1
Battery 60% Charging Threshold Voltage	V _{CHG_60PER}		3.680	3.720	3.777	V	1
Battery 90% Charging Threshold Voltage	V _{CHG_90PER}		4.04	4.08	4.12	V	1
CSO Sink Current (*1)	ICSO_STATE	Constant current control	-	1.0	-	mA	1

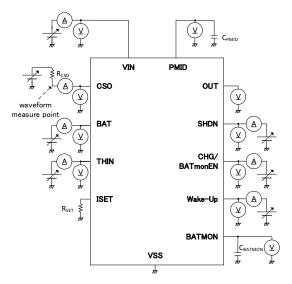
Unless otherwise stated, V_{IN} =5V, C_{PMID} =1 μF

^(*1) Design target

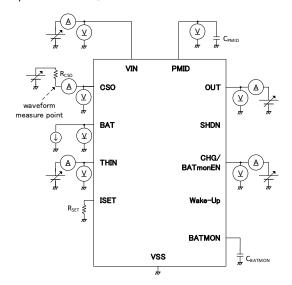
XC6810 Series

■TEST CIRCUITS

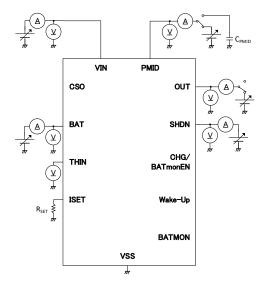
1) Test Circuit①



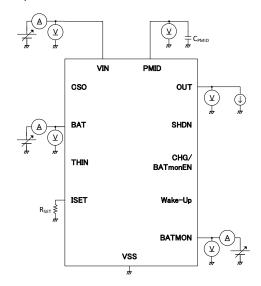
3) Test Circuit®



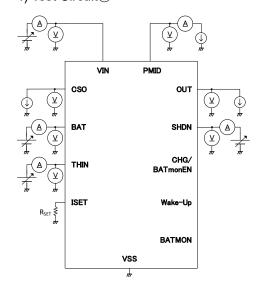
5) Test Circuit 5



2) Test Circuit 2



4) Test Circuit 4



<Operation Mode >

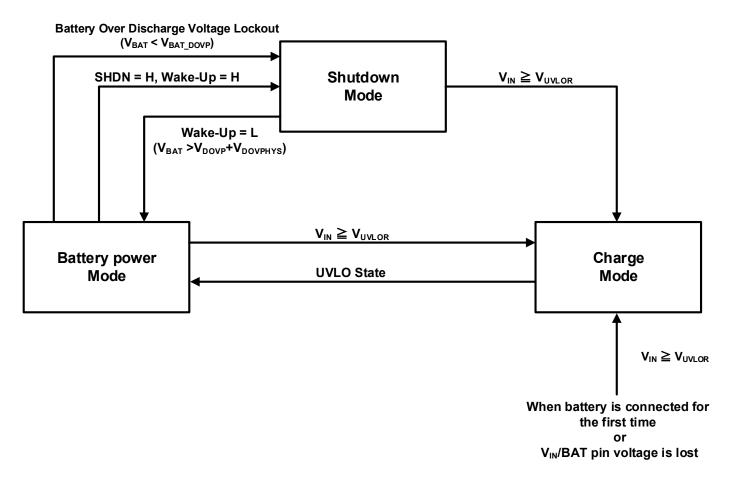


Figure 1. Mode State Diagram1

■When the battery is connected for the first time and V_{IN} / BAT voltage is lost in Mode State.

If a Li-ion battery is connected to BAT pin for the first time, when the voltage of V_{IN} / BAT is lost, the operation mode inside the IC will be undefined.

To determine the operation mode, input a voltage to VIN after connecting the Li-ion battery to release the UVLO. It shifts to Charge Mode and confirms the operation mode.

< Operation Mode >

Table 1. Operation Mode Function List

Operation	Functions		Switch State		Pin State and Voltage Path		
Mode	Mode Functions		PMID-BAT PMID-O		PMID	BAT	OUT
Shutdown Mode	-	OFF	OFF	OFF	GND	Open	GND
Battery Power Mode	-	OFF	ON	ON	from BAT	from Battery	from PMID
Charge	A,B,E,F			from V _{IN} and BAT	from / to Battery	GND	
Mode	C,D,G,H,J	ON	ON	ON	ITOTH VIN AND BAT	nom / to battery	from PMID

■Shutdown Mode State

Shutdown Mode significantly reduces the battery current consumption.

In Shutdown Mode, the Pch driver between the BAT and PMID is turned off to shut off the battery and system.

When V_{IN} becomes less than 3.5V (V_{UVLOD}) or BAT voltage, UVLO function is operating and the condition (a) or (b) is satisfied, the mode changes to Shutdown Mode.

- (a) Shutdown function operates during Battery Power Mode (Wake-Up="H" (OPEN or "H" voltage is input) and SHDN="H")
- (b) Battery over-discharge voltage protection function operates during Battery Power Mode (The BAT voltage falls below the over-discharge voltage threshold of 2.8V (V_{BAT DOVP})).

The way for shift from Shutdown Mode to another mode is as follows.

- (c) The UVLO state is released and shift to Charge Mode (When V_{IN} rises above 3.6V (V_{UVLOR}) and BAT voltage)
- (d) The wake-up function is operated and shift to Battery Power Mode.

 (When VBAT > (VBAT_DOVP + VBAT_DOVPHYS) and input to Wake-Up="L" continuously for 256ms.)

■Battery Power Mode State

In Battery Power Mode, the battery voltage is output from the OUT through the built-in Line Switch between the PMID and the OUT.

The way for shift from Battery Power Mode to another mode is as follows.

- (e) When the battery over-discharge voltage protection function is operates, it shifts to Shutdown Mode. (Battery voltage falls below over-discharge voltage threshold 2.8V (V_{BAT_DOVP}) for 256ms)
- (f) After releasing UVLO, it shifts to Charge Mode.

■Charge Mode State

Charge Mode is an operation mode for charging a Li-ion battery.

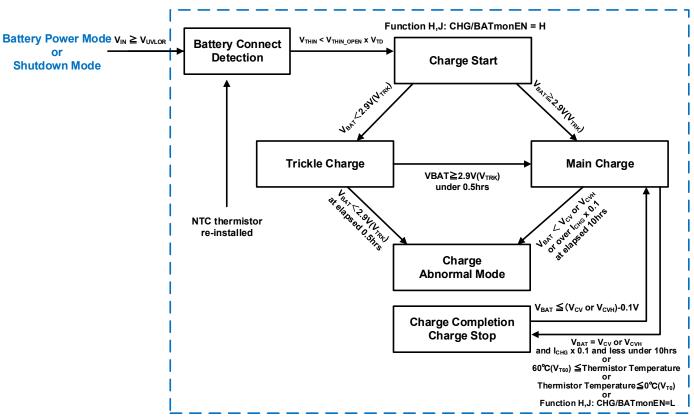
After shifting from another mode to Charge Mode by releasing UVLO, when battery connection detection (V_{TD}) is operates, charging will start after 50ms (t_{START}). If it shift from another mode to Charge Mode, the previous charge status and timer information will not be inherited.

In functions A,B,E,F, the built-in Line Switch is linked to the UVLO function. When the UVLO release state ($V_{IN} \ge V_{UVLOR}$) is reached, the Line Switch is turned off and the power supply to the OUT is cut off.

In functions C,D,G,H,J, supply power to the OUT to turn on the Line Switch.

<Charge function (Charge Mode details)>

Charge Mode



■Charge Mode State

Trickle charge

If the BAT voltage is less than 2.9V (V_{TRK}), the Li-ion battery will be charged with one-tenth of the main charging current. If the BAT voltage rises to 2.9V (V_{TRK}) within 0.5hours (t_{TRK}), it shifts to main charging after 30ms($t_{DGL_TRICKLE}$). If the BAT voltage is less than 2.9V(V_{TRK}) after 0.5hours(t_{TRK}), the IC changes to charge abnormal mode and stops charging the Li-ion battery.

●Main charge

When the condition for transition from trickle charging to the main charging is satisfied, the Li-ion battery is charged with the charging current set by the external resistance (R_{SET}) connected to the ISET. If BAT voltage rises to the charge voltage (V_{CV} or V_{CVH}) within 10hours(t_{CHG}), the charging current drops to one-tenth of the charging current set by the external resistor (R_{SET}), and after 30ms(t_{DGL_COMP}) elapses, the state changes to charge completed and charging stops.

If the charge current is higher than the charge completed current after 10hours(tchg), charge abnormal mode and charging stops. The main charging current can be set between 1mA (Ichgmin) and 25mA (Ichgmax) with an external resistor (Rset). The charging current value (Ichg) set by Rset is approximated by the following formula.

$$R_{SET}[k\Omega] = 46 \times I_{CHG^{-0.983}}[mA]$$

Charge Completed

In main charging, the BAT voltage rises to the charging voltage (V_{CV} or V_{CVH}) within 10hours (t_{CHG}), and the charging current drops to one-tenth of the charging current set by the external resistor (R_{SET}). Then, after 30ms (t_{DGL_COMP}) has elapsed, the IC changes to the charging completed state.

When the charging is complete, the Li-ion battery will stop charging.

Recharge Function

When the BAT voltage drops from the charging voltage (V_{CV} or V_{CVH}) to the recharging voltage V_{CV} -0.1 or V_{CVH} -0.1V (V_{RC}) after charging is completed or stopped, charging automatically resumes after 30ms (t_{DEG} RECHG) elapsed.

Charge Abnormal

If trickle charging has elapsed for 0.5hours (ttrk) or main charging has elapsed for 10hours (tchg), it is determined that there is an charge abnormal condition and charging stops.

Current Path Function (Functions C,D,G,H,J)
 During charging, power is supplied to the system through the OUT and charging to the Li-ion battery at the same time.

Charge Control Function (Functions H,J)

Functions H and J charge the Li-ion battery connected to the BAT while applying the "H" voltage(V_{BMH}) to the CHG/BATmonEN. When the "L" voltage (V_{BML}) is applied to the CHG/BATmonEN or the internal pull-down resistance (R_{BM}) reaches the "L" voltage in the High impedance state, charging is stopped and the timer count is paused.

When the CHG/BATmonEN pin is set to "H" voltage again, if the BAT voltage is lower than the recharge voltage V_{CV} -0.1V or V_{CVH} -0.1V(V_{RC}), it will be charged continually from the charge state when it was set to "L" before and timer.

If the BAT voltage is higher than the recharge voltage V_{CVH} -0.1V or V_{CVH} -0.1V(V_{RC}), the charge stop state is maintained until it drops to the recharge voltage V_{CV} -0.1V or V_{CVH} -0.1V(V_{RC}).

Li-ion battery (NTC thermistor) temperature monitoring / battery connection detection (Type A,B,C)

Battery connection detection (NTC thermistor connection detection)

If the Li-ion battery has a built-in NTC thermistor, the connection of the NTC thermistor is detected by monitoring the THIN voltage. When the THIN voltage falls below 80.0% (V_{TD}) of V_{THIN_OPEN}, it is recognized that the battery is connected and the battery connection is detected.

If the THIN voltage higher than 83.0% (V_{TD}+V_{TDH}) of V_{THIN_OPEN} by removing the Li-ion battery etc., charging will stop, but Charge Mode will be maintained.

If the THIN voltage drops below 80.0% (V_{TD}) of V_{THIN_OPEN} again, charging will start again after 50ms (t_{START}) has elapsed. However, in this case, the charging status and timer information will not be inherited.

Li-ion battery temperature monitoring function

For Type A,B and C by monitoring the THIN voltage, the temperature of the Li-ion battery can be monitored via the NTC thermistor connected to the THIN. The charging current and charging voltage are controlled by the temperature of the Li-ion battery for safe charging.

Please refer to the following pages for the operation details of each type.

NTC temperature detection conforms to the characteristics of Murata NCP15XH103F03RC.

Battery Power Mode NTC thermistor / temperature monitoring

Normally, the voltage output from the THIN is output only in Charge Mode, and temperature monitoring using the NTC thermistor is possible only in Charge Mode.

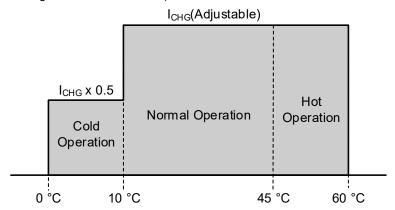
For Battery Power Mode, there is no output from the THIN.

However, since the FET between the THIN and the reference voltage is turned off, it is possible to apply the voltage to the NTC thermistor from the outside.

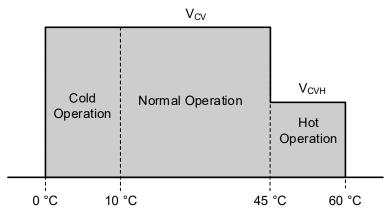
This makes it possible to monitor the temperature of Li-ion battery using an NTC thermistor even during the Battery Power Mode, and it is possible to monitor the battery temperature by MCU etc.

Li-ion battery temperature monitoring function (Continued)

■Type A (4 temperatures monitoring,0°C, 10°C, 45°C, 60°C)



Charge Current vs. Thermistor Temperature (Type A)



Charge Voltage vs. Thermistor Temperature (Type A)

Cold Operation

When (V_{T0}) < Thermistor Temperature $\leq 10^{\circ}$ C (V_{T10}) , the charge current is limited to $I_{CHG} \times 0.5$. During Cold Operation, the charge current is limited to $I_{CHG} \times 0.1$.

When Thermistor Temperature ≤0°C(V_{T0}), the charging and timer counting are temporarily stopped.

The recharge function does not operate when charging is stopped by the temperature monitoring function.

Normal Operation

When $10^{\circ}C(V_{T10})$ < Thermistor Temperature < $45^{\circ}C(V_{T45})$, charging takes place with the charge current I_{CHG} and the charge voltage at V_{CV} .

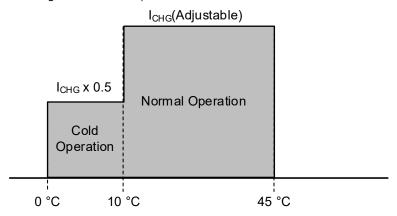
Hot Operation

When $45^{\circ}C(V_{T45}) \leq$ Thermistor Temperature $< 60^{\circ}C(V_{T60})$, the charge voltage changes to V_{CVH} and charging continues. When $60^{\circ}C(V_{T60}) \leq$ Thermistor Temperature, charging and timer counting are temporarily stopped.

The recharge function does not operate when charging is stopped by the temperature monitoring function.

Li-ion battery temperature monitoring function (Continued)

■ Type B (3 temperatures monitoring,0°C, 10°C, 45°C)

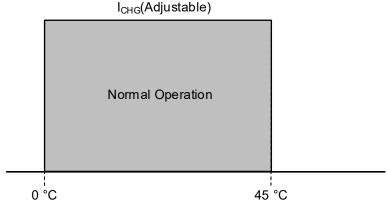


Charge Voltage vs. Thermistor Temperature (Type B)

Comparing to the type A, type B does not monitor at 60°C, charging and timer counting are temporarily stopped at 45°C≦ Thermistor Temperature.

The recharge function does not operate when charging is stopped by the temperature monitoring function.

■Type C (2 temperatures monitoring, 0°C, 45°C)



Charge Voltage vs. Thermistor Temperature (Type C)

Comparing to the type A, type C does not monitor at $10^{\circ}C(V_{T10})$ and $60^{\circ}C(V_{T60})$, when Thermistor Temperature $\leq 0^{\circ}C(V_{T0})$ or Thermistor Temperature $\geq 45^{\circ}C(V_{T45})$, charging and timer counting are temporarily stopped.

The recharge function does not operate when charging is stopped by the temperature monitoring function.

<Shutdown Function / Wake Up Function>

■Shutdown Function

When the V_{IN} is less than 3.5V (V_{UVLOR}) or the Li-ion battery voltage, the UVLO function is active. When a "H" level voltage (V_{SDH}) is input to the SHDN in this state, it shifts to Shutdown Mode on its rising edge. During Shutdown Mode operates, the P-channel driver between the BAT and PMID is turned off to disconnect the battery and system.

The SHDN has a built-in pull-down resistor (R_{SD}).

■Wake Up Function

When the V_{IN} is higher than 3.6V (V_{UVLOR}) and the Li-ion battery voltage, the UVLO function is released. the Shutdown function is released. Or, if the V_{IN} is lower than 3.5V (V_{UVLOR}) or the BAT voltage (V_{BAT}) is higher than 2.888V ($V_{BAT_DOVP} + V_{BAT_DOVPHYS}$), When a "L" level voltage (V_{WAL}) is continuously input to the Wake-Up for 256ms (t_{WUD}) or longer, the device shifts to Battery Power Mode.

The Wake-Up has a built-in pull-up resistor (RwA).

<Protection Function>

■Input Current Limit Function

The input current is limited to 110mA (I_{INL}) by the Pch driver flowing between the V_{IN} and the PMID.

■UVLO Function

When the V_{IN} falls below 3.5V (V_{UVLOD}) or below the Li-ion battery voltage, UVLO is detected. The Pch driver between the V_{IN} and the PMID is turned off. The device shifts to Battery Power Mode, and charging stops.

When the V_{IN} is higher than 3.6V (V_{UVLOR}) and the Li-ion battery voltage, UVLO is released. The device shifts to Charge Mode.

■ Thermal Control Function

A thermal control function is built in to prevent destruction and thermal runaway due to IC heat generation.

When the chip temperature reaches 90° C (T_{CS}), the input current limit is reduced. Even if the thermal control function works, it does not enter an abnormal state and the CSO output does not change.

■ Reverse Current Prevention Function

To prevent reverse current from the Li-ion battery to charger, the voltage difference between the BAT voltage (V_{BAT}) and the V_{IN} voltage are monitored. When the V_{IN} voltage drops to V_{BAT} + 60mV (V_{BAT_REVTH}), the Pch driver between the V_{IN} and the PMID is turned off. It also prevents reverse current flow to the V_{IN} side through the parasitic diode of the Pch driver.

When the V_{IN} voltage exceeds V_{BAT} + 60mV (V_{BAT} REVTH), this function is released.

■Battery Over Discharge Protection Function

During Battery Power Mode period, if the Li-ion battery voltage falls below 2.8V (V_{BAT_DOVP}) for 256ms continuously, the device enters Shutdown Mode.

In Shutdown Mode, the Pch driver between the BAT and PMID is turned off to disconnect the battery and system.

The battery over-discharge voltage protection function is released when a voltage of 3.6V (V_{UVLOR}) or more is applied to the V_{IN} and the UVLO is released.

■Output Terminal Short Protection

When a current is higher than the over discharge current (Ioutscc) flows through the Line Switch between the PMID and OUT for 6ms (tdeg_outscc). Line Switch is turned off once and turned on again after 2s (trcvr_outscc).

XC6810 Series

■OPERATIONAL EXPLANATION

Table 2. Each function Supported operating modes

		Operation Mode		
Function	Shutdown Mode	Battery Power Mode	Charge Mode	Status after detection
Input Current Limit	-	-	Active	No Change (I _{INL} < I _{OUT})
UVLO	Active	Active	Active	UVLO State : Battery Power Mode UVLO State → UVLO Release : Charge Mode
Thermal Control	-	-	Active	No Change (Limit input current corresponding to Tj)
Battery Reverse Current	-	-	Active	Battery Power Mode
Battery Discharge Voltage Lockout	-	Active	-	Shutdown Mode
OUT Short Circuit	-	Active	Active	No Change (PMID - OUT Line Switch : 2s Period OFF)
Shutdown	-	Available	-	Shutdown Mode
Wake-up	Available	-	-	Battery Power Mode

<Charging status output CSO>

■Battery LED Indicator Function : Functions A,B,C,D,H Each charging state is indicated by ON-OFF of CSO (Nch open drain output). Good for displaying charging status with LED drive.

Table 3. CSO output pattern (Functions A,B,C,D,H: Battery LED Indicator)

STATUS	TUS Condition		LED (CSO Output)
Before Cha	Active	OFF (High impedance)	
Trickle (Charge	Active	ON (Low impedance)
Main C	harge	Active	ON (Low impedance)
Charge C	omplete	Reset	OFF (High impedance)
Charge Stop by temperature monitoring function	$\begin{split} & \text{Thermistor Temperature} \leqq 0^{\circ}\text{C}(\text{V}_{\text{T0}}) \\ & \text{Type A (4 temperatures monitoring)}: \\ & 60^{\circ}\text{C}(\text{V}_{\text{T60}}) \leqq \text{Thermistor Temperature} \\ & \text{Type B (3 temperatures monitoring)}: \\ & 45^{\circ}\text{C}(\text{V}_{\text{T45}}) \leqq \text{Thermistor Temperature} \\ & \text{Type C (2 temperatures monitoring)}: \\ & 45^{\circ}\text{C}(\text{V}_{\text{T45}}) \leqq \text{Thermistor Temperature} \end{split}$	Pause	OFF (High impedance)
Charge Disable Status (Charge Enable=L, Function H)	Charge Stop	Pause	OFF (High impedance)
Charge Abnormal State	Charge Stop	Active	8Hz Oscillation
No Battery (THIN OPEN)	ery (THIN OPEN) Charge Stop		OFF (High impedance) ⁾
No Battery (THIN Connected)	o Battery (THIN Connected) Charge Complete⇔Recharge		ON⇔OFF
No Power UVLO or Battery Reverse Current Protection		Reset	OFF (High impedance)
Shutdow	n Mode	-	OFF (High impedance)

<Charging status output CSO (Continued)>

■Battery Status Indicator Function : Functions E,F,G,J

The battery voltage capacity and charge status during charging are shown by turning the CSO ON / OFF at the frequencies shown in Table 4. Good for monitoring the charging status with MCU / SoC.

Regarding the connection of the CSO, if digital output is required to monitor the charging status with the MCU / SoC, connect a pull-up resistor to the CSO.

When notify the input side of charging information using two-wire communication, connect the CSO directly to the V_{IN} . Since the CSO of Functions E, F, G, and J perform constant current control of 1mA (I_{CSO_STATE}) during ON, the input current is modulated according to the ON-OFF of the CSO to charge the power supply side of the V_{IN} voltage. It is possible to notify the status.

Table 4. CSO output pattern	(Functions E,F,G,J : Batter	y Status Indicator)
-----------------------------	-----------------------------	---------------------

STATUS	Condition	Safety Timer	CSO
Before C	Charge Start	Active	4kHz Oscillation
Battery Charg	ing less than 60%	Active	32kHz Oscillation
Battery 6	0% Charging	Active	16kHz Oscillation
Battery 9	0% Charging	Active	8kHz Oscillation
Charge Co	omplete Status	Reset	4kHz Oscillation
	Thermistor Temperature≦0°C(V _{T0})		
Charge Stop	Type A (4 temperatures monitoring) : 60°C(V _{T60}) ≦Thermistor Temperature		
by temperature monitoring function	Type B (3 temperatures monitoring) : $45^{\circ}\text{C}(V_{T45}) \leq \text{Thermistor Temperature}$	Pause	4kHz Oscillation
	Type C 2 temperatures monitoring) : $45^{\circ}\text{C}(V_{T45}) \leq \text{Thermistor Temperature}$		
Charge Disable Status (Charge Enable=L, Function J)	Charge Stop	Pause	4kHz Oscillation
Charge Abnormal State	Charge Stop	Active	1kHz Oscillation
No Battery (THIN Open)	Charge Stop	Reset	OFF (High impedance)
No Battery (THIN Connected)	Charge Complete⇔Recharge	Active	ON⇔OFF
No Power	UVLO or Battery Reverse Current	Reset	OFF (High impedance)
Shutdo	own Mode	-	OFF (High impedance)

When the charging voltage of the Li-ion battery is 4.2V, the charging rate is calculated by the following formula.

$$V_{CHG} = (V_{BAT}-3.0V)/(V_{CV}-3.0V) \times 100 [\%]$$

Table 5 shows a guideline for the charging rate when using a Li-ion battery with a charging voltage other than 4.2V.

Table 5. Examples of V_{CHG}, V_{BAT} and STATUS

M	Battery Charging less than 60%	Battery 60% Charging	Battery 90% Charging
Vcv	V _{BAT} < 3.72V	$3.72V \leq V_{BAT} < 4.08V$	$4.08V \le V_{BAT}$
3.80V	V _{CHG} < 90%	90% ≦ V _{CHG}	-
4.20V	V _{CHG} < 60%	60% ≦ V _{BAT} < 90%	90% ≦ V _{CHG}
4.35V	V _{CHG} < 53%	53% ≦ V _{BAT} < 80%	80% ≦ V _{CHG}

- <Battery low voltage notification function / Battery voltage monitor function>
- ■Battery low voltage notification function : Functions B,D,E

When the BAT voltage falls below V_{BAT_LBMVT}, the battery is in a low voltage state. The Nch open drain output connected to the BATMON is turned ON and the BATMON is set to "L"(Low impedance).

When the BAT voltage is higher than $V_{BAT_LBMVT} + V_{BAT_LBMVHYS}$, the battery low voltage state is released. The Nch open drain output is turned off, and the BATMON is set to "H" (High impedance). This function works regardless of the BATmonEN status.

Table 6. Battery low voltage notification function and charge status and BATMON output

Functions	Mode	BATmonEN	Low Battery State	BATMON Output
	Shutdown Mode	-	-	"H" (High impedance)
B,D,E	Battery Power Mode,		No (Vbat_lbmvt + Vbat_lbmvhys ≦ Vbat)	"H" (High impedance)
	/ Charge Mode	´	Yes (VBAT < VBAT_LBMVT)	"L" (GND)

■ Battery voltage monitor function / Battery voltage monitor Enable / Charge control function : Functions A,C,F,G,H,J Battery voltage monitor function

During apply a "H" voltage (V_{BMH}) to the BATmonEN, the voltage divided by the BAT voltage (V_{BAT}) can be output from the BATMON to monitor the Li-ion battery voltage.

 $V_{BATMON} = 0.2 \text{ x } V_{BAT}$

If use this function, connect a capacitor 100nF between the BATMON and the Vss.

Battery voltage monitor Enable: Functions A,C,F,G

When a "L" voltage (V_{BML}) is applied to the BATmonEN or the voltage is set to High impedance, the voltage becomes "L" or less due to the internal pull-down resistance (R_{BM}), then the capacitor connected to the BATMON is discharged by the internal pull-down discharge resistor ($R_{BATMONDCR}$).

Table 7. Battery voltage monitor function and charge status and BATMON output

Functions	Mode	BATmonEN	Charge State	BATMON Output
	Shutdown Mode	-	-	GND or High impedance
A,C,F,G	Charge Mode / Battery Power Mode	"H"	No Change	0.2 x V _{BAT}
	Charge Mode / Battery Power Mode	"L"	No Change	GND

Charge control function / Battery voltage monitor Enable : Functions H,J

The Li-ion battery connected to the BAT is charged while a "H" (V_{BMH}) voltage or higher is applied to the CHG/BATmonEN. During apply a "L" (V_{BML}) voltage or less to the CHG/BATmonEN, or put it in the High impedance state, when the internal pull-down resistance (R_{BM}) reaches the "L" voltage, charging is stopped and the timer count is paused.

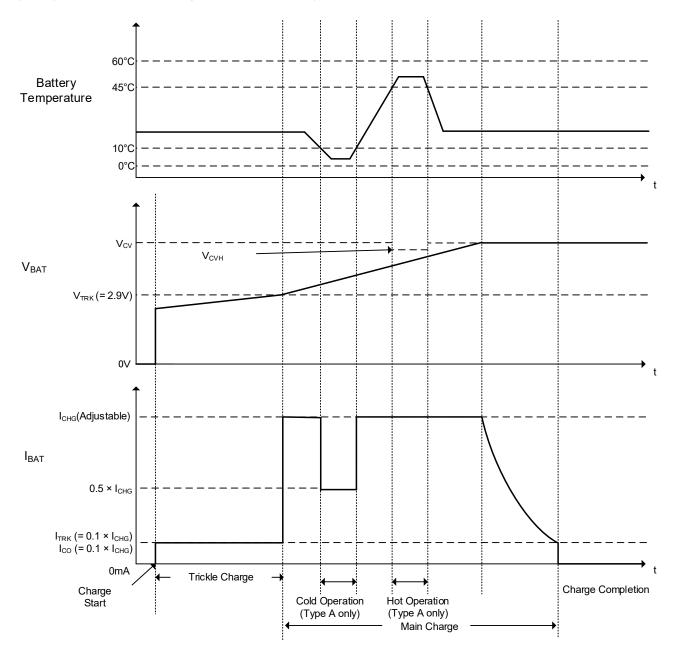
When apply a "H" voltage to CHG/BATmonEN again, charging will continue from the charge state and timer when it was set to "L" before.

Table 8. Charge control function and charge status and BATMON output

Functions	Mode CHG/BATmonEN		Charge State	BATMON Output
	Shutdown Mode -		-	GND or High impedance
	Charge Mode Battery Power Mode	"H"	Charge Enable	0.2 x V _{BAT}
H,J		"L"	Charge Disable (Timer pause)	GND
		"H"	Chargo Disable	0.2 x V _{BAT}
		"Ľ"	Charge Disable	GND

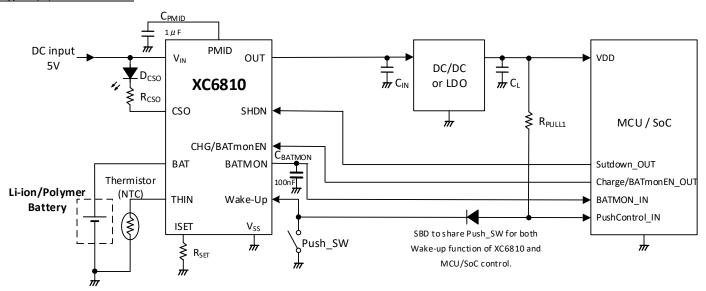
<Charge timing chart>

Type A (4 temperatures monitoring 0°C, 10°C, 45°C, 60°C)

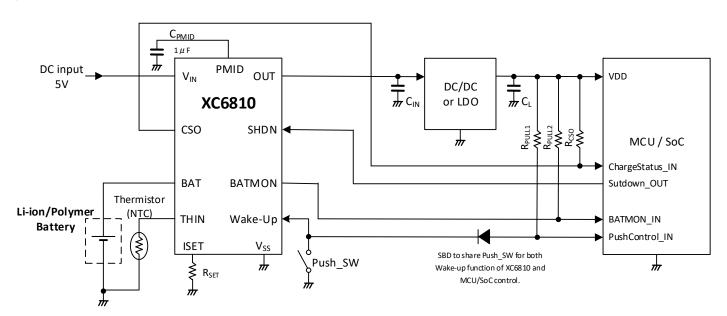


■TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

Type A,B,C / Functions H



Type A,B,C / Functions E



■TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

[Typical Examples]

	FUNCTIONS	MANUFACTURER	PRODUCT NUMBER	Description
C _{PMID} (*1)	-	Murata	GRM033R60J105MEA2	1µF/10V (0.6x0.3x0.35mm)
R _{SET}	-	-	-	1.95kΩ to 46kΩ

	FUNCTIONS	MANUFACTURER	PRODUCT NUMBER	Description
C _{BATMON} (*1,2,3)	A,C,E,F,G,H,J	Murata	GRM155R71E104KE14	100nF/25V (1.0x0.5x0.55mm)
CBATMON (1,2,6)	B,D,E	-	-	-
R _{PULL1}	-	-	-	100kΩ
D	A,C,E,F,G,H,J	-	-	-
R _{PULL2}	B,D,E	-	-	100kΩ

	FUNCTIONS	MANUFACTURER	PRODUCT NUMBER	Description
Rcso	E,F,G,J	-	-	To MUC/SoC: 100kΩ 2-wire communication: Short
	A,B,C,D,H	-	-	10kΩ
D _{cso}	A,B,C,D,H	Wurth Elektronik	150 060 RS7 500 0	Emitting Color: Red, VF: 2V

	TYPE	MANUFACTURER	PRODUCT NUMBER	Description
NTC	A,B,C	Murata	NCP15XH103F03RC	Resistance: 10kΩ @ 25°C B-constant (25 - 50°C): 3380K
	N	-	-	-

^(*1) Some ceramic capacitors have an effective capacitance that is significantly lower than the nominal value due to the DC bias and ambient temperature.

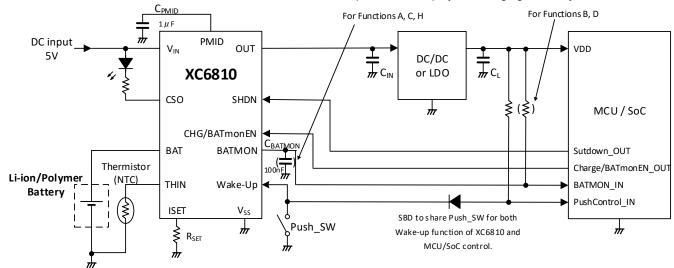
For the capacitance used for this IC, use an appropriate ceramic capacitor according to the DC bias usage conditions (ambient temperature), and make sure that the effective capacitance value is almost the same as the recommended component.

If a capacitor that greatly deviates from the effective capacitance value of the recommended component is used, the terminal voltage of PMID and BATMON may become unstable or the IC may not operate normally.

■APPLICATON CIRCUIT EXAMPLES

(a) DC 5V input: CSO LED drive (Functions A,B,C,D,H)

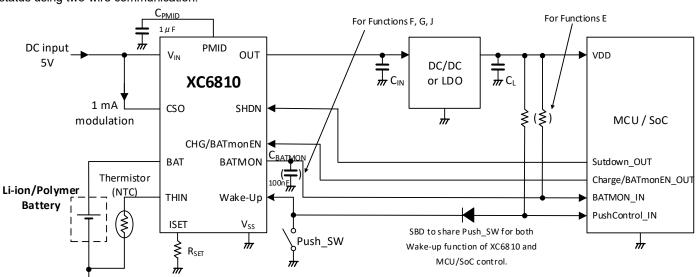
A circuit that connects an LED to the CSO and drives the LED. It is possible to display the charging status by the LED.



			OUT		Charre
Functions	Battery Monitor Output	CSO Output	DC input Supply (V _{IN} ≧V _{UVLOR})	DC input Open (UVLO State)	Charge Enable
Α			GND		No
С	0.2 x V _{BAT}		V		INO
Н		Battery LED Indicator	V _{PMID}	V _{PMID} (=V _{BAT})	Yes
В	Low Battery State : "L"		GND		No
D	Other State : "H"		V_{PMID}		No

(b) DC 5V input: Two-wire communication (Function E,F,G,J)

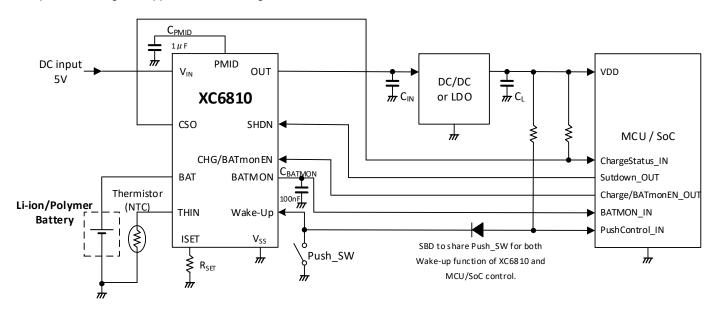
By connecting CSO to DC input, the current from the DC input is modulated, and the cradle can monitor and display the charge status using two-wire communication.



			OUT		Chargo
Functions	Battery Monitor Output	CSO Output	DC input Supply	DC input Open	Charge Enable
			(Vin≧Vuvlor)	(UVLO State)	Lilabic
Е	Low Battery State : "L" Other State : "H"		GND	V _{PMID} (=V _{BAT})	No
F		Battery Status Indicator			
G	0.2 x V _{BAT}	,	V _{PMID}		
J					Yes

(c) DC 5V input: Charging level monitoring by MCU using CSO signal (Function G,J)

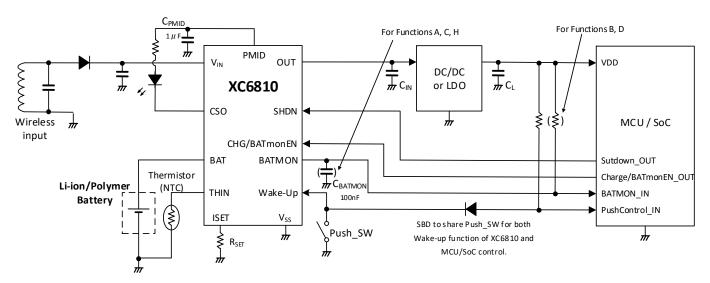
The charge level is output from CSO to MCU / SoC. Since the MCU / SoC needs to operate during charging to monitor the CSO, the operation voltage is supplied to OUT through the Current Path.



			OUT		Chargo
Functions	Battery Monitor Output	CSO Output	DC input Supply (Vin≧VuvLor)	DC input Open (UVLO State)	Charge Enable
G	0.2 x V _{BAT}	Battery Status Indicator	V _{PMID}	\/\	No
J	U.Z X VBAT	Battery Status Indicator	V PMID	V _{PMID} (=V _{BAT})	Yes

(d) Wireless power supply (Function A,B,C,D,H)

This is an example of a wireless power supply circuit. Since the rectified output of the wireless power supply may generate a high voltage, the anode of the LED connected to CSO is taken from the constant voltage output PMID.

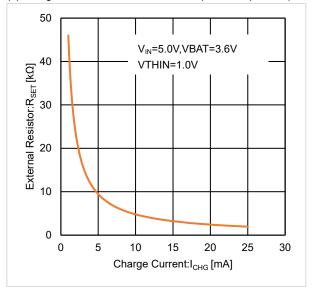


			OUT		Channa
Functions	Battery Monitor Output	CSO Output	DC input Supply (VIN≧VUVLOR)	DC input Open (UVLO State)	Charge Enable
Α			GND		No
С	0.2 x V _{BAT}		\/		INO
Н		Battery LED Indicator	V _{PMID}	V _{PMID} (=V _{BAT})	Yes
В	Low Battery State : "L"		GND		No
D	Other State : "H"		V _{PMID}		No

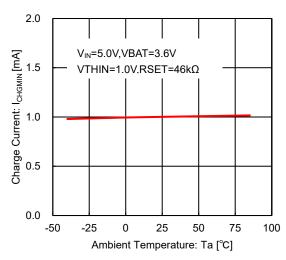
■NOTES ON USE

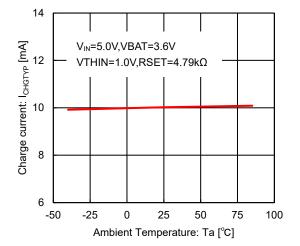
- 1. For temporary, transitional voltage drop or voltage rising phenomenon, the IC is liable to malfunction should the ratings be exceeded. Also, if use the conditions outside the recommended operating range, the IC may not operate normally or may cause deterioration.
- 2. Where wiring impedance is high, operations may become unstable. Please strengthen V_{IN}, V_{SS}, BAT, PMID and OUT wiring in particular. If necessary, add capacitance between OUT and GND to suppress voltage fluctuations in OUT lines.
- 3. Always avoid applying a voltage lower than the V_{SS} voltage to each input, including transient voltage fluctuations.
- 4. Please mount an output capacitor(C_{PMID}) and a charging current setting resistor (R_{SET}) as close to the IC as possible.
- 5. This IC uses an external thermistor to detect and control temperature with high accuracy. Please sufficiently test the position of the external thermistor to ensure that it enables accurate temperature detection.
- 6. Reversing the polarity of the battery may cause destruction and is extremely dangerous. Never reverse the polarity of the battery.
- 7. Short-circuiting to neighboring pins may cause malfunctioning and destruction. Exercise sufficient caution when mounting and using the IC.
- 8. If a large ripple voltage occurs at the V_{IN} , the IC may malfunction. If necessary, add a capacitance between V_{IN} and GND to suppress voltage fluctuations in the V_{IN} line.
- 9. Do not connect anything other than a resistor to the ISET.
- 10. If the input voltage is low for a product with a high charging voltage, the reverse current protection function stops charging at a voltage lower than the set voltage.
- 11. This IC has a built-in lithium battery protection function, however, if a protection circuit is not provided in the battery or between the battery and the BAT of this IC, please make a decision after carefully considering the safety of your entire product.
- 12. Torex places an importance on improving our products and their reliability. We request that users incorporate fail-safe designs and post-aging protection treatment when using Torex products in their systems.
- 13. Note on mounting (WLP)
- a) Mount pad design should be optimized for user's conditions.
- b) Sn-AG-Cu is used for the package terminals. If eutectic solder is used, mounting reliability is decreased. Please do not use eutectic solder paste.
- c) When underfill agent is used to increase interfacial bonding strength, please take enough evaluation for selection. Some underfill materials and applied conditions may decrease bonding reliability.
- d) The IC has exposed surface of silicon material in the top marking face and sides so that it is weak against mechanical damages. Please take care of handling to avoid cracks and breaks.
- e) The IC has exposed surface of silicon material in the top marking face and sides. Please use the IC with keeping the circuit open (avoiding short-circuit from the out).
- f) Semi-transparent resin is coated on the circuit face of the package. Please be noted that the usage under strong lights may affects device performance.

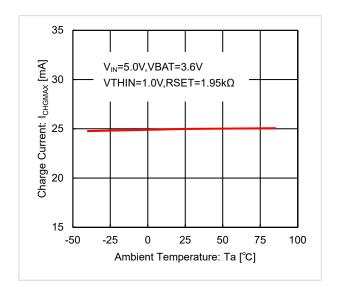
(1) Charge Current vs. External Resistor (Normal Operation)



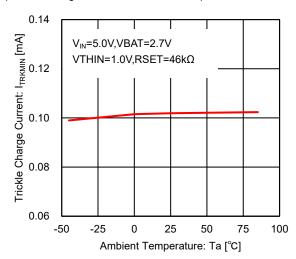
(2) Charge Current vs. Ambient Temperature (Normal Operation)

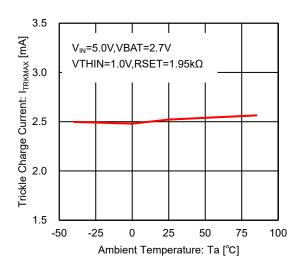




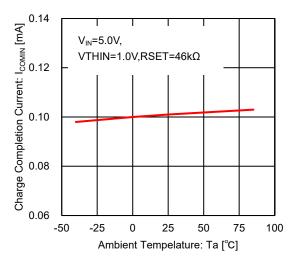


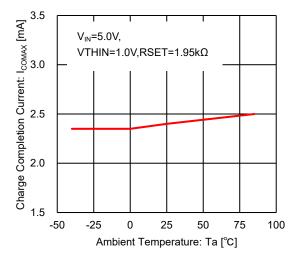
(3) Trickle Charge Current vs. Ambient Temperature



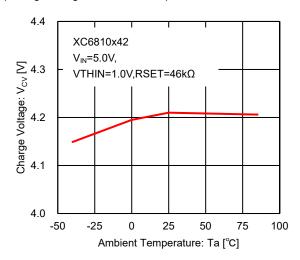


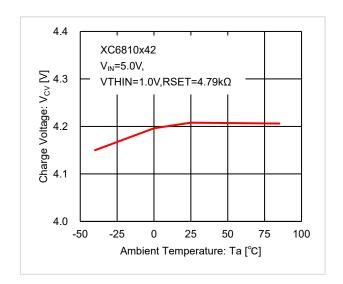
(4) Charge Completion Current vs. Ambient Temperature

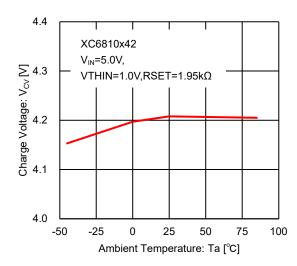




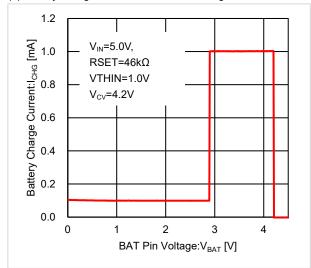
(5) Charge Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

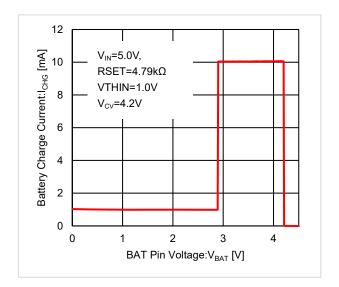


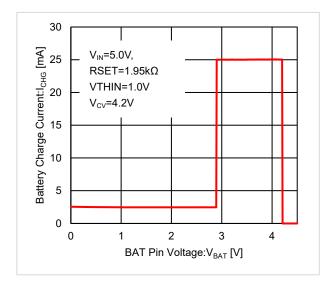




(6) Battery Charge Current vs. BAT Pin Voltage







XC6810 Series

■PACKAGING INFORMATION

For the latest package information go to, www.torexsemi.com/technical-support/packages

PACKAGE	OUTLINE / LAND PATTERN	THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS
WLP-12-01	WLP-12-01 PKG	WLP-12-01 Power Dissipation

■ MARKING RULE

${\textcircled{\scriptsize 1}}$ represents product series.

MARK	PRODUCT SERIES	
Α	XC6810A***0R-G	
В	XC6810B***0R-G	
С	XC6810C***0R-G	
N	XC6810N***0R-G	

2 represents CV Voltage.

MARK	CV VOLTAGE	PRODUCT SERIES
Α	3.80V	XC6810*38*0R-G
В	3.85V	XC6810*3J*0R-G
С	3.90V	XC6810*39*0R-G
D	3.95V	XC6810*3K*0R-G
E	4.00V	XC6810*40*0R-G
F	4.05V	XC6810*4A*0R-G
Н	4.10V	XC6810*41*0R-G
K	4.15V	XC6810*4B*0R-G
L	4.20V	XC6810*42*0R-G
М	4.25V	XC6810*4C*0R-G
N	4.30V	XC6810*43*0R-G
Р	4.35V	XC6810*4D*0R-G
R	4.40V	XC6810*44*0R-G

3 represents Functions.

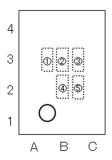
MARK	PRODUCT SERIES
Α	XC6810***A0R-G
В	XC6810***B0R-G
С	XC6810***C0R-G
D	XC6810***D0R-G
Е	XC6810***E0R-G
F	XC6810***F0R-G
Z	XC6810***G0R-G
Н	XC6810***H0R-G
Υ	XC6810***J0R-G

4,5 represents production lot number.

01~09, 0A~0Z, 11~9Z, A1~A9, AA~AZ, B1~ZZ repeated.

(G, I, J, O, Q, W excluded. No character inversion used.)





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- 7. Please use the product listed in this datasheet within the specified ranges.
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